

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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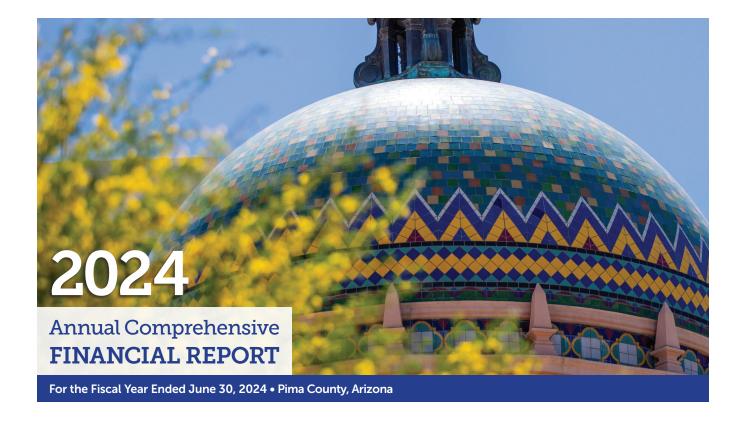
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
- Organizational Chart

FINANCIAL SECTION STATISTICAL SECTION



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The purpose of the Introductory Section in an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) is to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the government, the nature and scope of the services it provides, and the specifics of its legal operating environment.



COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE

PIMA COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL CENTER
115 N. CHURCH AVE., 2nd FLOOR, Suite 231, TUCSON, AZ 85701-1317
520-724-8661, FAX 520-724-8171

JAN LESHER County Administrator

December 20, 2024

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Pima County, Arizona:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This report presents comprehensive financial and operating information about the County's activities for the fiscal year.

We believe that the financial information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to openly disclose the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The Arizona Auditor General is required to audit financial transactions and accounts kept by counties. The Auditor General has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Pima County financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Auditor General's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Pima County Profile

Covering an area of approximately 9,200 square miles, Pima County is one of the oldest continuously inhabited areas of the United States. It is situated in the southern part of Arizona with a portion of its southern boundary bordering Mexico. Created in 1864, Pima County includes a large portion of southern Arizona acquired from Mexico by the Gadsden Purchase of 1854. Pima County has purchased thousands of acres of open space and ranches to preserve and protect the stunning landscapes and historic and cultural sites. The County's population has grown from 395 in 1820 to an estimated population of 1,087,948 in 2024, according to the Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity. The County has a vibrant multicultural diversity. A major commercial and academic hub, Pima County is home to Tucson, the second largest city in Arizona. Although the County has five incorporated cities and towns, more than a third of the population lives outside of any incorporated cities or towns.

A five-member Board of Supervisors is responsible for implementing the County's governmental and administrative affairs. Each member is elected from a designated district to serve a four-year term. The chairman is selected by the

Board from among its members. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies of the County, which provide guidance to the various County constitutional officers and departments. The Board has the legal authority and responsibility to establish spending limits and approve the budgets of all County departments, and also sets the amount of taxes to be levied. The Board appoints a County Administrator who is responsible for the general administrative and overall operations of the various departments of the County. The County has several other elected officials including the Assessor, County Attorney, Recorder, Sheriff, Clerk of the Superior Court, the Constables, Superintendent of Schools, Treasurer, and Judges for the Superior Courts, Juvenile Courts, and Justice Courts. Pima County includes in its financial statements all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the Pima County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. As the primary government, Pima County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or a potential exists for that organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, Pima County. Additionally, the County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

Pima County offers a wide variety of governmental services that are organized into the following functional areas for fiscal year 2024-2025:

- General Government Services primarily provides internal administrative and support services to County departments directly serving the public. The departments comprising this function include Assessor; Board of Supervisors; Clerk of the Board; County Administrator; Economic Development; Elections; Facilities Management; Finance & Risk Management; Fleet Services; Human Resources; Information Technology; Office of Digital Inclusion; Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security; Procurement; Recorder; Rocking K South Community Facilities District; Treasurer; Wildflower Community Facilities District and Wireless Integrated Network.
- Community Resources provides educational, cultural, social, economic development and recreational programs to the public. The departments in this functional area are Attractions & Tourism; Communications Office; Community & Workforce Development; County Free Library; Grants Management & Innovation; School Superintendent; and the Stadium District Kino Sports Complex.
- *Health Services* provides various public health, death investigation, and animal control services, as well as medical assistance to indigents. The component departments are Behavioral Health; Health; Medical Examiner and Pima Animal Care Center.
- Justice and Law Enforcement provides public safety, felony and misdemeanor investigation, and prosecution services for victims, witnesses, and those needing fiduciary assistance. Services are also provided in the areas of indigent defense, civil representation, correctional housing, and juvenile detention. Judicial services include jury selection, adjudication of trials, sentencing, and probation supervision. The child support services include Title IV-D and non-Title IV-D administrative functions such as maintaining child support, spousal maintenance, and special paternity case information; processing court orders; preparing and serving wage assignments; and receiving and processing court ordered payments. The departments within this area are the Clerk of the Superior Court; Constables; County Attorney; Justice Court Ajo; Justice Court Green Valley; Justice Court Tucson; Justice Services; Juvenile Court; Public Defense Services; Sheriff; and Superior Court.
- Public Works provides construction, operations, and maintenance services related to the County infrastructure and related planning and environmental issues. The departments within this area are Capital Projects; Conservation Lands and Resources; Development Services; Environmental Quality; Parks and Recreation; Project Design and Construction; Real Property Services; Regional Flood Control District; Regional Wastewater Reclamation; and Transportation.

Pima County is responsible for reporting the financial activities of its component units. These units are either discretely presented or blended. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are substantially a part of the County's financial activities and are combined with data for the County.

The County's component units include the following:

- The *Pima County Stadium District*, the *Regional Flood Control District*, the *Library District*, the *Community Facilities Districts*, and the *Improvement and Other Districts* are reported as blended component units in special revenue funds in the accompanying financial statements.
- The Southwestern Fair Commission is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in the accompanying financial statements.

Additional information on the legally separate entities and the blended component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see Note 1).

The County also has various independently governed school districts, irrigation districts, fire districts, a health district (Ajo-Lukeville), and other entities for which the County is not financially accountable. These entities include the Industrial Development Authority, Pima Association of Governments, Pima Council on Aging, the Workforce Investment Board, Regional Transportation Authority, and Sun Corridor, Inc. The financial statements of such districts and entities are not included in the accompanying financial statements except to reflect amounts held in a fiduciary capacity by the County Treasurer.

Following receipt of the County Administrator's Recommended Budget and public discussion of the Recommended Budget, the Board of Supervisors historically adopts a budget in June. An annual balanced budget must be adopted on or before the first Monday in August. The Adopted Budget sets a ceiling on expenditures that may be incurred for the County as a whole. On an annual basis, each governmental and proprietary fund is appropriated, in addition to the County Administrator's office preparing a five-year Capital Improvement Plan, which includes a one-year Capital Improvement Budget. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The County has adopted a program-based approach to presenting its budget, where each program represents a set of closely related activities and services managed by a department. For instance, the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department budget is organized into four distinct programs: Administration, Conveyance System, Technical Services & Engineering, and Treatment Operations. All departments are budgeted on a cost unit/object line-item basis. Departments may modify line-item amounts within their own budgets provided the total department budget amount at the fund level remains unchanged. Changes to the adopted budget that require a transfer between funds are evaluated by the County Administrator prior to recommendation of approval to the Board of Supervisors. Should the County Administrator recommend the change to the Board of Supervisors, the recommendation will be considered at a regularly scheduled, open meeting of the Board.

The County's annual Adopted Budget can be found at:

County Budget | Pima County, AZ

Economic Outlook

Pima County's major employers are Raytheon, University of Arizona, Banner – University Medical Center, Davis-Monthan Air Force Base, Pima County Government, Tucson Unified School District and Tucson Medical Center. Major manufacturers include Ventana Medical Systems, IBM, Caterpillar, and several aerospace and aircraft companies including Raytheon, Bombardier Aerospace, Sargent Aerospace and Defense, and Honeywell Aerospace. Employment by industry is led by government; trade, transportation and utilities; educational and health services; professional and business services; and leisure and hospitality. The average Pima County unemployment rate for 2023 was unchanged at 3.8% as the job market remained strong despite the Federal Reserve continuing to keep interest rates high to cool the economy. Nearly half of Pima County's population is in the prime working age range of 18 to 54.

A sunny, mild, dry climate with an average temperature of 71°F and a unique desert location help promote travel and tourism as a major industry in Pima County. Spending by visitors generates sales in lodging, food services, recreation, transportation, and retail businesses. These sales support jobs for Pima County residents and contribute tax revenues to local and state governments. According to recent research data released by the Arizona Office of Tourism, Pima County direct travel spending generated approximately \$3.46 billion (11.8% of Arizona direct travel spending) in 2023. This direct travel spending generated 23,000 direct jobs, \$894 million in direct earnings and \$227 million in local and state tax revenues. These amounts exceeded the results from 2022 as the travel industry continued to grow

at a healthy pace. Unlike other industries, taxes generated by travel industry spending are paid by visitors rather than residents. These visitors bring new money into Pima County's economy and generate revenue in the County. Some of the best world-class attractions in Arizona are found in Pima County, such as the Arizona-Sonora Desert Museum and the Pima Air and Space Museum.

Economic trends over the last year include the following:

- The most significant change in the Pima County housing market during the last 12 months is the increase in permit activity for single-family residences. Per data from the Tucson-Southern Arizona Housing Market Letter, the number of permits issued increased from 2,825 during FY 2022/23 to 4,260 for the first 11 months of FY 2023/24. The increase in permit activity has already influenced the marketplace with new home sales during the first five months of 2024, up 8.5% over the first five months of 2023, and the median new home price in May 2024 is down 5.4% from the median price a year earlier. While new home sales have picked up, resales of existing homes remain anemic with continuing reduced supply due to homeowners with low-interest rate mortgages choosing to remain in their current homes. Existing home sales during the first five months of 2024 were down 5.4% from the first five months of 2023 and the median sales prices of existing homes was up 1.4% from a year earlier.
- State-shared sales tax revenue increased to a record \$184M in FY2023/24 as continued high levels of employment statewide encouraged more consumer spending in spite of higher prices. Pima County is budgeting \$182M in state-shared sales tax revenue for FY 2024/25 based on forecasting provided by the County Supervisors Association and continued optimistic predictions of retail sales by the UofA Economic Business and Research Center. This level of sales tax revenue could be negatively affected if the country enters into a recession.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 14 for additional information regarding the County's economic outlook.

Long-term Financial Planning

Pima Prospers is Pima County's ten-year comprehensive plan establishing a vision and overarching principles for the County in areas such as land use, physical infrastructure, human infrastructure, and economic development. The County's annual budget, capital improvement plan, and debt management strategies are aligned with this comprehensive plan. Pima Prospers, including the planning for its financial impacts, can be found at www.pimaprospers.com.

Pima County's Economic Development Plan is a shorter-term plan focusing on the County's future actions to help create new jobs, protect our existing jobs, improve transportation, promote tourism, and enhance relationships with our economic partners. Regional infrastructure investment is a significant component of the County's Economic Development Plan. Some of these economic development projects and financing can be seen in the Capital Improvement Plan and Debt Management sections below.

Capital Improvement Plan

The Adopted Budget for fiscal year 2024-2025 includes \$208.4 million for the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). Under this plan, five departments comprise 81% of the total CIP budget as follows:

- Facilities Management, with a budget of \$62.0 million
- Regional Flood Control District, with a budget of \$22.8 million
- Regional Wastewater Reclamation, with a budget of \$55.9 million
- Transportation, with a budget of \$19.9 million

Facilities Management – The Facilities Management Department has active projects with a total fiscal year 2024-2025 budget of \$62.0 million. Major projects include:

- Northwest County Service Center project is budgeted for \$19.3 million
- 130 W. Congress Building Improvement project is budgeted for \$14.8 million
- Richard Elias Mission Library Expansion project is budgeted for \$6.0 million
- Superior Court Improvement project is budgeted for \$4.8 million

Regional Flood Control District – The Regional Flood Control District has active projects with a total budget of \$22.8 million. Major projects include:

- Santa Cruz River Pedestrian Bridge project for \$3.6 million
- Santa Cruz Cortaro Narrows Training Structure project for \$3.3 million
- Santa Cruz River Wildlife Ramp project for \$2.5 million
- Flood Prone Land Acquisitions budgeted for \$2.0 million

Regional Wastewater Reclamation – The Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department (RWR) projects are predominantly funded by Sewer Revenue Obligations. RWR has a total fiscal year 2024-2025 budget of \$55.9 million. Major projects include:

- Tres Rios Class A Biosolids project is budgeted for \$21.3 million
- System-wide Pipe Rehabilitation Program is budgeted for \$10.0 million
- System-wide Treatment Rehabilitation Program is budgeted for \$8.0 million
- Canoa Ranch Sewer Extension project is budgeted for \$3.5 million

Transportation – The Department of Transportation projects are funded by highway user revenues, vehicle license tax revenues and from funding received from the Pima County Regional Transportation Authority, a taxing entity distinct from Pima County. Transportation has a total fiscal year 2024-2025 budget of \$19.9 million. Major projects include:

- Houghton Road I-10 to Golf Links project is budgeted for \$4.2 million
- Valencia Road Mission Road to Camino de la Tierra project is budgeted for \$3.3 million
- Sunrise Drive at Esperero Wash project is budgeted for \$2.6 million

Debt Management

Bond ratings for Pima County, given by Fitch and Standard & Poor's, range from AA- to AAA. Pima County maintains a sound financial profile, with healthy operating reserves while its debt burden is manageable and debt repayment is rapid.

Pima County continues to utilize debt authorized by Pima County voters November 4, 1997, for Street and Highway Revenue Bonds. On June 30, 2024, \$16.4 million of the Street and Highway authorization remains unissued. The County issues Certificates of Participation for building construction and Sewer Revenue Obligations to fund the construction and improvement of the County's wastewater conveyance systems and treatment facilities.

Debt issuances anticipated for fiscal year 2024-2025 include \$45.5 million of Sewer Revenue Obligations, \$16.7 million of Sewer Revenue Refunding Obligations, \$27 million of Certificates of Participation and \$18 million of Refunding Certificates of Participation.

The County's conservative debt management principles play a critical role in the decision regarding when to issue new debt. The County has set an aggressive debt repayment schedule, with 100 percent retired at or before 15 years.

The state constitution sets a cap on general obligation debt at 15 percent of the County's net secondary assessed valuation. In fiscal year 2023-2024, the constitutional debt limit was \$1.97 billion. The actual general obligation bonded indebtedness at year end was \$44.6 million, far below the constitutional debt limit.

Please refer to the MD&A beginning on page 14 and Note 7 beginning on page 65 for specific details on debt issuances, defeasances, and refundings.

Expenditure Limitation

Pima County, like all counties and cities in Arizona, is subject to numerous budgetary and related legal requirements. Article 9, Section 20, of the Arizona Constitution sets limits on the County's legal budget capacity. In general, the Board of Supervisors, as the governing body of the County, cannot authorize expenditures from local revenues in excess of the expenditure limitation determined annually for Pima County by the Arizona Economic Estimates Commission. The expenditure limitation is determined each year by adjusting the amount of actual payments of local revenues received by the County during fiscal year 1979-1980 to reflect inflation and subsequent population growth for the County. Not subject to this limitation are items such as bond proceeds, related debt service, interest earnings, special voter approved districts, certain highway user revenue funds, federal grant and aid funds, monies received pursuant to intergovernmental agreements, and state grants which are to be used for specific purposes. As in previous years, the County's expenditures for fiscal year 2023-2024 are expected to be under the limit of \$712 million.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is required to ensure adequate internal controls are in place to comply with applicable laws and regulations related to the administration of these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by the management of Pima County. An important part of management's periodic evaluation is having the County's federal financial assistance programs audited annually under the federal Single Audit Act.

As a part of the County's Single Audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs and whether the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

A complete Single Audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, can be found at:

Audited Financial Reports | Pima County, AZ

The Single Audit for Pima County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was not complete at the time of publication of this ACFR.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, Pima County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Pima County, Arizona, for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Pima County has received this prestigious award for thirty-eight years from fiscal years ended June 30, 1984 through 2023, except for fiscal years ended June 30, 1990 and June 30, 1999, due to missing the filing deadline. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Pima County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its fiscal year 2023-2024 budget document. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that Pima County has achieved this award. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, Pima County's budget had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the County's Finance and Risk Management Department. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the Board of Supervisors for its unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Pima County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jan Lesher

County Administrator

Ellen Moulton

Director, Department of Finance and Risk Management



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pima County Arizona

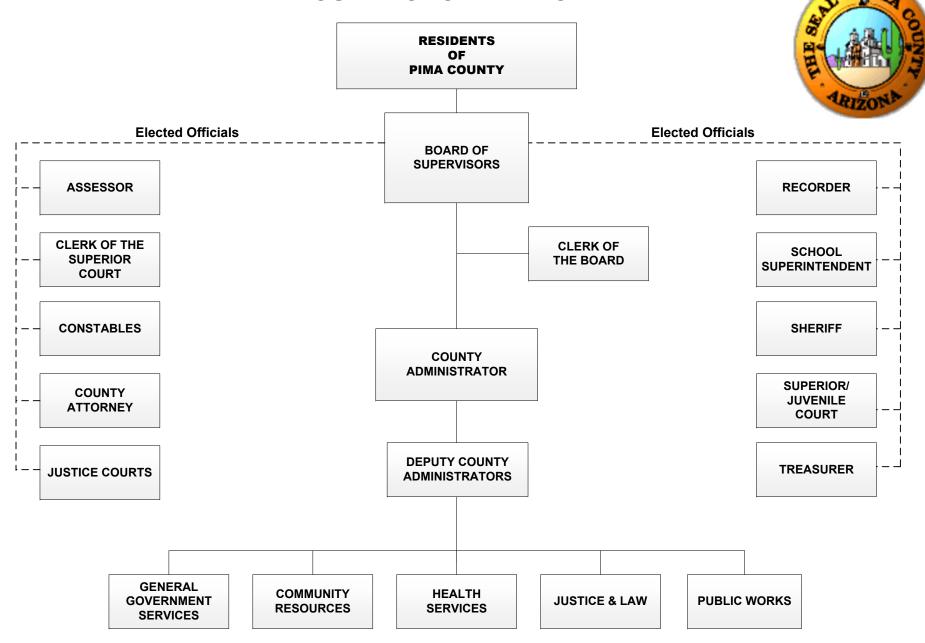
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

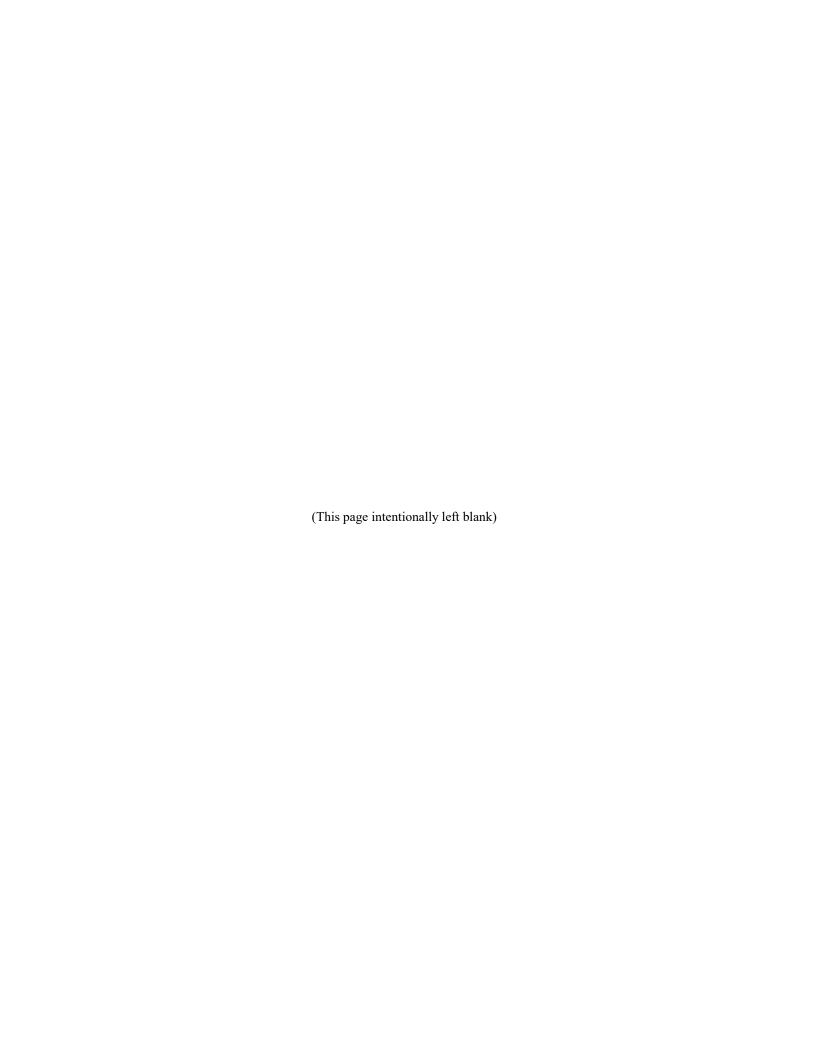
June 30, 2023

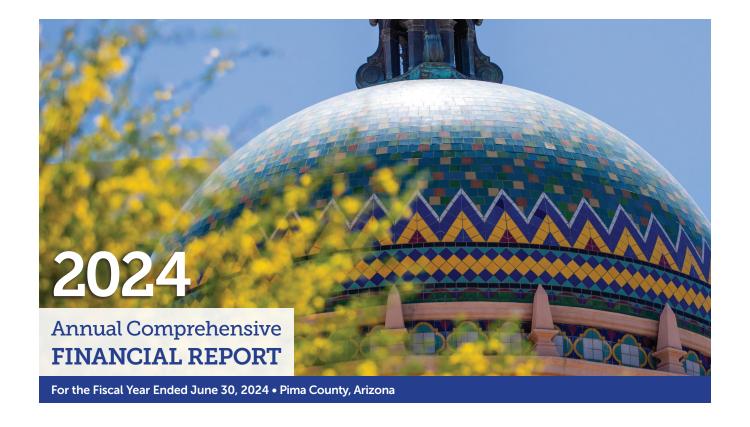
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

PIMA COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Combining Statements and Other Schedules

STATISTICAL SECTION



FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section contains government-wide, combined, combining, and individual fund financial statements and schedules, which present a financial overview of Pima County.



LINDSEY A. PERRY AUDITOR GENERAL MELANIE M. CHESNEY

Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Board of Supervisors of Pima County, Arizona

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Pima County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We did not audit the financial statements of certain departments and funds and the discretely presented component unit, which account for the following percentages of the assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, and expenses or expenditures of the opinion units as of June 30, 2024.

Opinion unit/department, fund, or component unit	Assets and deferred outflows	Liabilities and deferred inflows	Revenues	Expenses/ expenditures
Government-wide statements				•
Governmental activities:				
Stadium District	2.32%	0.27%	0.95%	1.33%
School Reserve	0.17%	0.08%	1.24%	1.23%
Wireless Integrated Network	0.14%	0.02%	0.33%	0.28%
Self-Insurance Trust	2.68%	1.85%	1.54%	1.48%
Health Benefits Trust	1.17%	0.53%	8.01%	7.64%
Business-type activities:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	96.83%	98.30%	93.59%	93.86%
Development Services	2.12%	1.83%	5.38%	4.53%
Discretely presented component unit:				
Southwestern Fair Commission	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Opinion unit/department, fund, or component unit	Assets and deferred outflows	Liabilities and deferred inflows	Revenues	Expenses/ expenditures
Fund statements				
Major enterprise fund:				
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Aggregate remaining fund information:				
Stadium District	0.37%	0.70%	2.54%	2.74%
School Reserve	0.40%	0.07%	3.57%	3.30%
Wireless Integrated Network	0.37%	0.37%	0.93%	0.76%
Development Services	2.56%	7.36%	2.76%	1.95%
Self-Insurance Trust	6.89%	31.01%	4.39%	3.97%
Health Benefits Trust	3.00%	8.97%	22.85%	20.41%

Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those entities, are based solely on the other auditors' reports.

Basis for opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the U.S. Comptroller General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Other matters

Compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated State transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the County's Board of Supervisors and management, and other responsible parties within the County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the audit's planned scope and timing, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 31, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 98 through 101, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability—cost-sharing pension plans on page 102, schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios—agent pension plans on pages 103 and 104, schedule of County pension contributions on page 105, and notes to pension plan schedules on pages 106 and 107 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any

assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is management's responsibility and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on the other information.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will issue our report on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lindsey A. Perry, CPA, CFE

Lindsey A. Perry

Auditor General

December 20, 2024





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

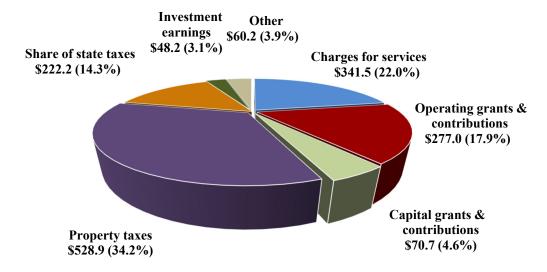
Pima County, Arizona Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which begins on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements, which begin on page 32. All dollar amounts are expressed in thousands (000's) unless otherwise noted.

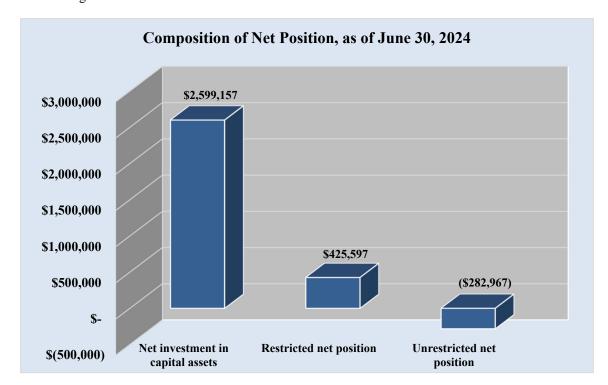
Financial Highlights

- The County's total liabilities decreased by \$198,245 from \$2,042,648 to \$1,844,403, a 9.7% reduction compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$108,599 reduction in unearned revenue, largely due to the recognition of revenue as funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and Emergency Rental Assistance grants were spent down.
- The County issued \$39,070 in Certificates of Participation (COPs) to fund various facilities management projects and upgrades to the County's Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, \$42,350 in Sewer Revenue Obligations to fund the construction, expansion, and improvement of sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems and \$1,675 in General Obligations Bonds to fund the Rocking K South Community Facilities Districts related to public infrastructure.
- The County's total net position increased by \$254,282 from \$2,487,505 to \$2,741,787, a 10.2% increase when compared to the prior year.
- The County's primary sources of revenue come from property taxes, charges for services, state shared taxes, and grants and contributions as displayed below:

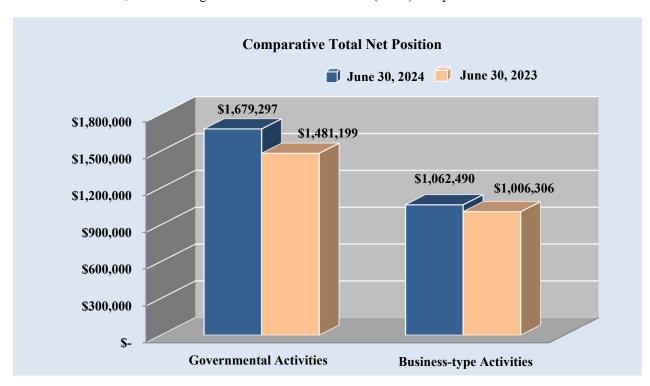
Revenue Sources (in millions)



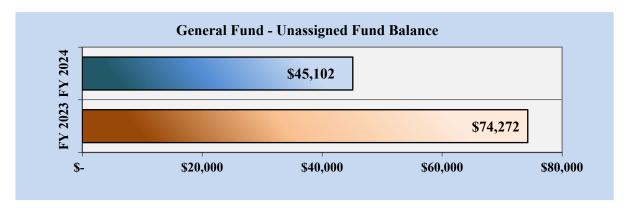
• The composition of the County's total net position on June 30, 2024, of \$2,741,787 is illustrated in the following chart.



• Governmental activities total net position on June 30, 2024, is \$1,679,297, representing an increase of \$198,098 (13.4%) from the prior fiscal year's net position, due to an increase in general government revenues of \$75,022, specifically for charges for services related to the County's share of opioid litigation settlements and due to a reduction in the highways and streets function expenses of \$71,216 for reduced road construction activity. Business-type activities total net position of \$1,062,490, increased by \$56,184 (5.6%) in the current fiscal year, primarily due to a decrease of \$24,684 in outstanding liabilities for sewer revenue obligations from debt payments made during the year and a higher volume of capital contributions from developments that totaled \$25,771 in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) enterprise fund.



• The General Fund's unassigned fund balance for the current fiscal year is \$45,102, a decrease of \$29,170 (39.3%) from \$74,272 in the previous fiscal year. This decline is primarily due to a \$14,428 increase in transfers out, mainly to the Debt Service Fund to cover increased payments on the Pledged Revenue Obligations issued in fiscal year 2021 to address the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities for the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) and the Correction Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The unassigned fund balance comprises 25.6% of the total fund balance of \$176,027. Refer to the analysis of the General Fund provided on page 26 for additional details about the fund's financial activities during the year.



Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) Government-wide Statements, (2) Fund Statements, and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation or sick leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) in contrast to other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health, welfare, culture and recreation, and education and economic opportunity. The business-type activities of the County include Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR), Development Services, and the County's downtown parking garages.

The Southwestern Fair Commission is presented as a discretely presented component unit and is included in the basic financial statements. The Commission, which operates the County Fairgrounds and annual Pima County Fair, is a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-34.

Fund financial statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance with applicable state statutes and Federal Office of Management and Budget budgeting guidelines. All of the funds can be divided into three categories: (1) *governmental funds*, (2) *proprietary funds*, and (3) *fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, Grants and Other Special Revenue funds, which are reported as major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-38. The combining statements for non-major governmental funds can be found on pages 108-111.

Proprietary funds are maintained in two ways. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for sewer systems maintenance and operation, real estate-related development services, and parking garage operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for employee health and health related benefits, risk management, automotive fleet maintenance and operations, telecommunications, wireless, and information technology network infrastructure. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, all of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of these services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The RWR Enterprise Fund is considered to be a major fund of the County. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Similarly, the County's internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund's financial statements. Individual fund data for the other enterprise and internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-42. The combining statements for other enterprise and internal service funds can be found on pages 125-132.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 43-44.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages **45-97**.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI) is presented concerning the County's General Fund, Grants Fund and Other Special Revenue Fund budgetary schedules and the schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost Sharing Pension Plans, the Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for Agent Pension Plans, and the Schedule of County Pension Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages **98-107**.

Combining Statements and Other Schedules referred to earlier provide information for non-major governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 108-136.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

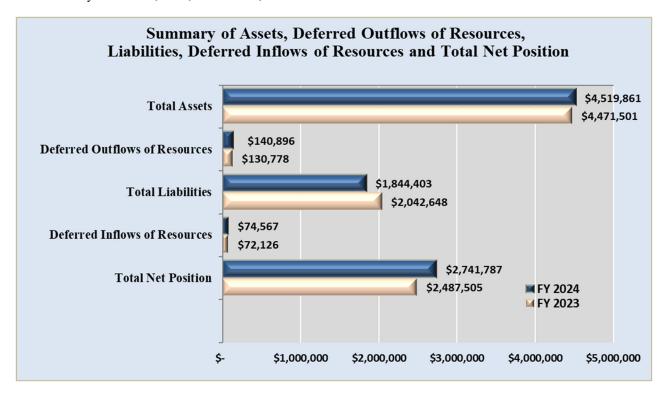
As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. An analysis of the results of operations is also useful. The schedule below identifies variances in the results of operations.

Schedule of Results of Operations and Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023								
2024 2023 Variance								
Charges for services	\$	341,487	\$	260,094	\$	81,393		
Operating grants and contributions		276,996		274,746		2,250		
Capital grants and contributions		70,725_		33,511		37,214		
Total program revenues		689,208		568,351		120,857		
Total general revenues and transfers		859,420		813,426		45,994		
Total program and general revenues		1,548,628		1,381,777		166,851		
Total expenses		1,294,346		1,344,461		(50,115)		
Change in net position	\$	254,282	\$	37,316	\$	216,966		

Total program revenues grew by \$120,857 (21.3%), largely due to an \$81,393 increase in charges for services, primarily driven by funds from the opioid litigation settlements. Total expenses decreased by \$50,115 (3.7%), including a \$71,216 reduction in the highways and streets function. This decrease was due to reduced road construction activity following the conclusion of \$150,000 in Pavement Preservation Program funding, which had been advanced in \$50,000 increments from fiscal years 2021 through 2023. Combined with a \$45,994 (5.7%) increase in total general revenues and transfers, these changes led to a \$216,966 (581.4%) rise in the change in net position, bringing it to \$254,282.

An explanation of each of these changes is discussed further in the following governmental and business-type activities sections.

The graph presented below illustrates at a summary level the changes in the elements of the Statement of Net Position for the County on June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023.



A general discussion of significant variances between fiscal years follows. For a more detailed discussion, please see the governmental activities and business-type activities sections immediately following this section.

The total of County assets on June 30, 2024, was \$4,519,861, an increase of \$48,360 (1.1%) from the prior year, while total liabilities decreased by \$198,245 (9.7%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$1,844,403. Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$10,118 (7.7%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$140,896 and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$2,441 (3.4%) from the prior year, ending at a balance of \$74,567.

The result of these changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources was an increase in net position of \$254,282 (10.2%), to \$2,741,787 in the current fiscal year, from \$2,487,505 in the prior fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position is reflected in its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. On June 30, 2024, net investment in capital assets totaled \$2,599,157, an increase of \$109,570 (4.4%) from the prior year, due to the increase of \$75,439 (4.6%) for governmental activities and an increase of \$34,131 (4.0%) for business-type activities. The County uses a portion of these capital assets to provide services to its citizens, with the other portion available to its citizens for use; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used comprise the restricted net position of \$425,597, which is an increase of \$145,252 (51.8%) from the prior year and represents approximately 15.5% of total net position.

The following schedule presents, on a comparative basis, both governmental activities and business-type activities within the Statement of Net Position.

Schedule of Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position At June 30, 2024 and 2023									
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total									
	FY 2024	FY 2023	Variance	FY 2024	FY 2023	Variance	FY 2024	FY 2023	Variance
Current and other assets Capital assets (net): Land, buildings, equipment,	\$ 960,754	\$ 1,000,328	\$ (39,574)	\$ 227,979	\$ 222,966	\$ 5,013	\$ 1,188,733	\$ 1,223,294	\$ (34,561)
infrastructure & other assets	2,078,900	2,009,344	69,556	1,252,228	1,238,863	13,365	3,331,128	3,248,207	82,921
Total assets	3,039,654	3,009,672	29,982	1,480,207	1,461,829	18,378	4,519,861	4,471,501	48,360
Deferred outflows of resources									
Pensions/OPEB	130,051	116,946	13,105	4,216	5,141	(925)	134,267	122,087	12,180
Deferred charge on debt refunding	201	515	(314)	1,921	3,650	(1,729)	2,122	4,165	(2,043)
Asset retirement obligations				4,507	4,526	(19)	4,507	4,526	(19)
Total deferred outflows of resources	130,252	117,461	12,791	10,644	13,317	(2,673)	140,896	130,778	10,118
Current and other liabilities	159,885	288,303	(128,418)	15,595	21,794	(6,199)	175,480	310,097	(134,617)
Long-term liabilities	1,258,136	1,287,947	(29,811)	410,787	444,604	(33,817)	1,668,923	1,732,551	(63,628)
Total liabilities	1,418,021	1,576,250	(158,229)	426,382	466,398	(40,016)	1,844,403	2,042,648	(198,245)
Deferred inflows of resources									
Pensions/OPEB	41,336	35,120	6,216	1,979	2,442	(463)	43,315	37,562	5,753
Leases and public-private partnerships	31,252	34,564	(3,312)				31,252	34,564	(3,312)
Total deferred inflows of resources	72,588	69,684	2,904	1,979	2,442	(463)	74,567	72,126	2,441
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	1,707,493	1,632,054	75,439	891,664	857,533	34,131	2,599,157	2,489,587	109,570
Restricted	362,513	215,071	147,442	63,084	65,274	(2,190)	425,597	280,345	145,252
Unrestricted (deficit)	(390,709)	(365,926)	(24,783)	107,742	83,499	24,243	(282,967)	(282,427)	(540)
Total net position	\$ 1,679,297	\$ 1,481,199	\$ 198,098	\$ 1,062,490	\$ 1,006,306	\$ 56,184	\$ 2,741,787	\$ 2,487,505	\$ 254,282

Analysis of Net Position for Governmental Activities

The current and other assets total of \$960,754 in the current fiscal year is a decrease of \$39,574 (4.0%) under the prior year total of \$1,000,328. This decrease is primarily due to the decrease of \$68,979 in cash and cash equivalents and an increase in accounts receivable of \$50,793. The decrease in cash & cash equivalents is primarily due to the spend-down of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant monies, which included funding for facilities management capital projects. The increase in accounts receivable is primarily from the County recognizing the associated receivables for the opioid litigation settlements.

Total liabilities decreased by \$158,229 (10.0%) to \$1,418,021, primarily due to a \$128,418 reduction in current and other liabilities. This reduction was largely driven by the spend-down of grant funding, which resulted in a corresponding decrease in unearned revenues. Governmental activities' unearned revenues decreased by \$108,785 as funds from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and Emergency Rental Assistance grants were recognized. Long-term liabilities also declined by \$29,811, mainly due to \$83,517 in debt service principal payments, partially offset by \$40,745 in new debt issuances for General Obligation (GO) bonds, Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) bonds, Certificates of Participation (COPs), and Pledged Revenue Obligations (PRO) debt.

The increase of \$12,791 (10.9%) in deferred outflows of resources and \$2,904 (4.2%) in deferred inflows of resources is due to the deferred outflows and inflows in pensions and OPEB. These variances are due to the changes of assumptions in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

These changes resulted in an overall increase of \$198,098 (13.4%) in the current year's governmental activities total net position to \$1,679,297.

Analysis of Net Position for Business-type Activities

Total assets of \$1,480,207 in the current fiscal year increased by \$18,378 (1.3%) from the prior year total of \$1,461,829, resulting from a \$5,013 (2.2%) increase in current and other assets and a \$13,365 (1.1%) increase in capital assets. The rise in current and other assets is mainly driven by a \$8,075 increase in total cash and cash equivalents, with a \$3,135 increase in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund and a \$4,940 increase in the other nonmajor enterprise funds. The growth in capital assets is the result of a higher volume of capital contributions from developments and construction projects that were completed in the current year for sewage conveyance system assets.

Total liabilities decreased \$40,016 (8.6%) in the current year to \$426,382, primarily due to a decrease of \$29,931 in outstanding sewer revenue obligations in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund.

The total deferred outflows of resources for the current year amounted to \$10,644, marking a decrease of \$2,673 (20.1%). This decline can be mainly attributed to a \$925 decrease in deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB, along with a \$1,729 decrease in deferred outflows associated with deferred charges on refunding, resulting from refundings completed in prior years. Total deferred inflows decreased by \$463 (19.0%) due to the changes of assumptions in actuarial estimates related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities.

The changes in total assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows of resources resulted in a total net position of \$1,062,490, an increase of \$56,184 (5.6%).

Governmental Activities

The following table shows details of the changes in net position for governmental activities:

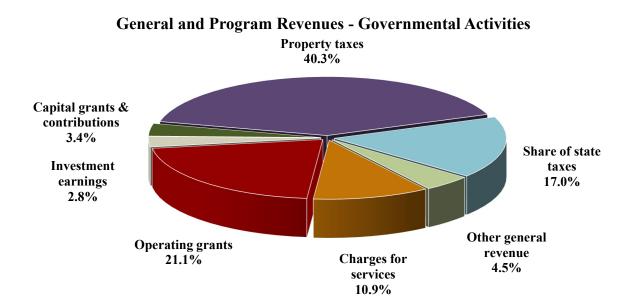
Governmental Activities Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

					Variance		
	1	FY 2024	1	FY 2023	A	Amount	Percent
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	143,251	\$	68,229	\$	75,022	110.0%
Operating grants and contributions		276,996		274,746		2,250	0.8%
Capital grants and contributions		44,954		19,472		25,482	130.9%
Total program revenues		465,201		362,447		102,754	28.4%
General revenues:							
Property taxes		528,867		508,823		20,044	3.9%
Share of state taxes		222,224		215,756		6,468	3.0%
Investment earnings		37,041		24,108		12,933	53.6%
Other general revenues		59,005		56,043		2,962	5.3%
Total general revenues		847,137		804,730		42,407	5.3%
Total revenues		1,312,338		1,167,177		145,161	12.4%
Expenses:							
General government		399,737		394,954		4,783	1.2%
Public safety		243,311		224,987		18,324	8.1%
Highways and streets		109,617		180,833		(71,216)	-39.4%
Sanitation		3,446		9,834		(6,388)	-65.0%
Health		65,711		62,601		3,110	5.0%
Welfare		118,828		114,851		3,977	3.5%
Culture and recreation		87,339		84,999		2,340	2.8%
Education and economic opportunity		71,525		88,979		(17,454)	-19.6%
Interest and amortization on long-term debt		19,343		17,253		2,090	12.1%
Total expenses		1,118,857		1,179,291		(60,434)	-5.1%
Excess before transfers		193,481		(12,114)		205,595	-1697.2%
Transfers in		4,617		4,990		(373)	-7.5%
Change in net position		198,098		(7,124)		205,222	-2880.7%
Net position, July 1, 2023		1,481,199		1,488,323		(7,124)	-0.5%
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	1,679,297	\$	1,481,199	\$	198,098	13.4%

Revenues

Total revenues of \$1,312,338 increased \$145,161 (12.4%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase of \$75,022 (110.0%) in program revenues from increased charges for services. This increase is attributed to the opioid litigation settlements. Total general revenues increased \$42,407 (5.3%) because of an increase of \$20,044 (3.9%) in property tax revenues and \$12,933 (53.6%) in investment earnings compared to the prior year. Property tax revenues increased due to increased net assessed valuations of taxable property in the County and the \$0.0396 per \$100 increase in the combined property tax rate, while investment earnings increased due to the increased investment yield compared to the prior fiscal year.

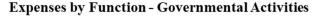
The chart below presents general and program revenues, as a percentage of total revenues. The amount provided from each revenue source for governmental activities, as a percentage of total revenue for governmental activities, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. Property taxes, operating grants, and state-shared taxes account for approximately 78.4% of the County's revenues.

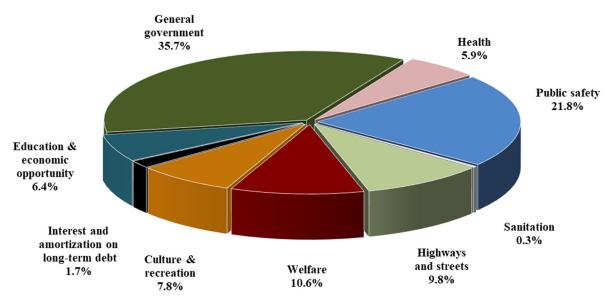


Expenses

Total expenses decreased \$60,434 (5.1%) from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease of \$71,216 (39.4%) in highways and streets expenses. The decrease in highways and streets was the result of decreased activity in road construction to coincide with the reduction in funding for the Pavement Preservation Program due to the previously mentioned advanced funding that ended. The program has primarily been funded by Certificates of Participation (COPs), the Highway User Revenue Fund, and Vehicle License Tax revenues.

The following chart presents expenses by function as a percentage of total expenses. The amount of each expense by function as a percentage to total expenses, has not changed significantly from the prior fiscal year. General government and public safety account for over half of the County's total expenses with a total of 57.5%.





Business-type Activities

Business-type activities, which are composed exclusively of enterprise funds, are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The following schedule shows changes in the net position for business-type activities.

Ві	ısiness-type Ac	tivities										
Schedule of Revenues	s, Expenses, an	d Changes in N	Net Position									
For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023												
			Varia	ance								
	FY 2024	FY 2023	Amount	Percent								
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 198,236	\$ 191,865	\$ 6,371	3.3%								
Capital grants and contributions	25,771	14,039	11,732	83.6%								
Total program revenues	224,007	205,904	18,103	8.8%								
General revenues:												
Investment earnings	11,112	6,758	4,354	64.4%								
Other general revenues	1,171	1,938	(767)	-39.6%								
Total general revenues	12,283	8,696	3,587	41.2%								
Total revenues	236,290	214,600	21,690	10.1%								
Expenses:												
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	164,710	155,405	9,305	6.0%								
Development Services	7,950	6,918	1,032	14.9%								
Parking Garages	2,829	2,847	(18)	-0.6%								
Total expenses	175,489	165,170	10,319	6.2%								
Excess before transfers	60,801	49,430	11,371	23.0%								
Transfers out	(4,617)	(4,990)	373	-7.5%								
Change in net position	56,184	44,440	11,744	26.4%								
Beginning net position	1,006,306	961,866	44,440	4.6%								
Ending net position	\$ 1,062,490	\$ 1,006,306	\$ 56,184	5.6%								

Revenues

Total program revenues for business-type activities increased by \$18,103 (8.8%) primarily due to increases of \$6,371 (3.3%) in charges for services and \$11,732 (83.6%) in capital grants and contributions. The increases are due to the previously described increases in developer capital contributions and the associated sewer connection permits. Total general revenues increased by \$3,587 (41.2%) primarily due to an increase of \$4,354 (64.4%) in investment earnings due to the increased investment yield and cash balance.

Expenses

Total expenses for the business-type activities increased \$10,319 (6.2%), primarily due to an increase of \$9,305 (6.0%) in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund, along with smaller increases observed in the Development Services and Parking Garages funds. The net amount of transfers out decreased by \$373 (7.5%), primarily due to a decrease of transfers out of the Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund and into the Capital Projects Fund for contributions to the Ina Road Landfill project in the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Governmental Funds

The County's general government functions are accounted for in the General, Capital Projects, Debt Service, Grants and Other Special Revenue funds. Included in these funds are special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors (i.e., Flood Control, Library, Stadium, Improvement, and Community Facilities Districts) acting as the Board of Directors for each district. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County.

Property tax revenues for the General Fund increased \$35,520 (9.0%), reflecting the net impact of higher property valuations. Miscellaneous revenues increased \$4,576 (28.9%), primarily due to an increase in the State Fiscal Year 2023 Long Term Care County Contribution refund calculated pursuant to A.R.S. § 11-292. Overall, revenues for the General Fund increased by \$44,216 (6.3%) and totaled \$745,564 for the current year.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$652,109, an increase of \$17,273 (2.7%) from the prior year. The significant change for the fiscal year was from the implementation of the countywide classification and compensation study in September 2023. The study and implementation of the results are the continuation of the County's commitment to being an employer of choice. During the fiscal year the County allocated \$19,000 in contingency funds to General Fund departments in response to the increase in salaries & wages.

Transfers out totaled \$119,307, an increase of \$14,428 (13.8%) compared to the prior year. This increase was primarily due to \$25,959 in transfers out to the Debt Service Fund for the annual debt service of the Pledged Revenue Obligations Series 2021. The Pledged Revenue Obligations were issued in 2021 to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for CORP and PSPRS.

Transfers in totaled \$3,857, a decrease of \$4,125 (51.7%) from the prior year, primarily due to a \$3,000 transfer in from the Grants Fund consisting of ARPA funding for lost revenues in the prior year.

The \$44,216 increase in revenues, the \$17,273 increase in expenditures, and a total net decrease of \$40,939 in other financing uses yielded a net decrease in fund balance of \$20,089, which ended the year at \$176,027.

Budget and Actual Comparison for the General Fund

Overall, actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues by \$30,254, primarily due to the higher than budgeted Miscellaneous revenue for the same reasons mentioned above, and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$104,847. Actual expenditures for the General Fund were below the budgeted amount, mainly because the County did not use \$90,863 budgeted for contingencies within the General Government – Finance Non-Departmental category. This amount reflects the revised budget after reallocating contingency funds to General Fund departments to support salary and wage increases from the countywide classification and compensation study, as well as adjustments for persistent inflation.

No variances between the budget and actual amounts at the departmental level were significant enough to affect the County's ability to provide future services.

Capital Projects Fund

The County's Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted or assigned for capital outlays to acquire or construct capital assets.

Total revenues of \$21,150 for the Capital Projects Fund represent an increase of \$5,944 (39.1%) from the prior year, primarily due to a large increase from developers for impact fees.

Total capital outlay expenditures of \$143,532 in the current year is an increase of \$44,816 (45.4%) from the prior year, due mostly to the construction of the Office of the Medical Examiner and the Northwest Service Center as well as the replacement of the County's ERP system.

The Capital Projects Fund's other financing sources of \$40,000 represents the issuance of Certificates of Participation (COPs), Series 2023 to fund various capital projects for Facilities Maintenance and the Sheriff's Department.

Transfers out totaled \$10,785, a decrease of \$44,814 (80.6%) from the prior year, mainly due to decreased transfers to the Transportation department's pavement preservation program.

Transfers in totaled \$89,466, an increase of \$29,837 (50.0%) compared to the prior year's total of \$59,629. The increase is directly related to funding the increase of capital expenditures for Facilities Management, Regional Flood Control, and Stadium District projects for the year.

The above detailed financial activities yielded a decrease of \$3,701 in the Capital Projects Fund's net change in fund balance, which ended the year at \$99,943.

Debt Service Fund

This major fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest of long-term debt.

Revenues for the Debt Service Fund decreased by \$8,680 (26.1%), as a result of the decrease in the secondary property tax levy driven by the Board of Supervisors policy D 22.12 for the pay-as-you-go (PAYGO) program that transitions from voter-authorized general obligation bond funding of capital improvement projects to primary property tax revenues from the General Fund.

Expenditures for the Debt Service Fund increased \$2,377 (2.4%) primarily due to an increase in principal payments for the Pledged Revenue Obligations partially offset by the decrease in principal and interest payments for GO Bonds Series 2016.

The \$8,680 decrease in revenues, the \$2,377 increase in expenditures, and \$14,837 increase in transfers in yielded an overall increase in fund balance of \$4,321, which ended the year at \$6,400.

Grants Fund

This major fund accounts for Federal and State grants received by the County not required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Each grant has a specific program objective, and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental revenues and transfers in.

Total revenues of \$175,791 for the Grants Fund represents a decrease of \$1,977 (1.1%) from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in State revenues from the Arizona Department of Economic Security, which consists of a significant amount for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program Grant.

Grant Fund expenditures totaled \$134,778, a decrease of \$28,194 (17.3%) from the prior year, primarily due to a decrease of \$30,062 in education and economic opportunity. This decrease was driven by lower expenditures within the County's mortgage and rental assistance programs.

Transfers in totaled \$4,032, a decrease of \$2,098 (34.2%) over the prior year, primarily due to decreases within the General Fund for FEMA Public Assistance expenditures and vaccination and testing transfers along with increases in Sheriff Department COPS hiring programs.

Transfers out totaled \$41,659, an increase of \$28,782 (223.5%) over the prior year, primarily due to the increases of transfers of grant funding to the Capital Projects Fund for the Facilities Management Northwest Service Center project, the Office of the Medical Examiner Facility Upgrade project, and the Pima County Drexel Congregate Facility project.

The \$1,977 decrease in revenues, the \$28,194 decrease in expenditures, and a total net decrease of \$30,880 in other financing uses yielded a \$3,386 net change in fund balance, which ended the year at a deficit of \$13,379.

Other Special Revenue Fund

This major fund accounts for resources specifically identified to be expended for a particular purpose, program, or activity. The revenues collected are restricted or assigned to these purposes and tracked separately within this fund. These include various probation programs, consumer protection programs, family support, antiracketeering programs, law library, etc. Revenues are provided by fines, intergovernmental revenues, fees and forfeits, and charges for services.

Total revenues of \$72,897 for the Other Special Revenue Fund represents an increase of \$14,826 (25.5%) from the prior year, primarily due to an increase in opioid litigation settlement funds and investment earnings from higher interest rates.

Other Special Revenue Fund expenditures totaled \$54,687, an increase of \$3,488 (6.8%) from the prior year, primarily due to increases of \$2,683 in education and economic opportunity and \$1,414 in public safety, mainly due to increased expenditures in low-income housing units and public safety food supplies. This was offset by a decrease of \$2,342 in general government mainly due to lower subscription-based information technology arrangements.

Transfers in totaled \$15,162, an increase of \$8,336 (122.1%) over the prior year, primarily due to increases for Natural Resources Parks and Recreation renewal projects, the Library District project funding, and PAYGO project funding. Increases in transfers from the General Fund are due to funding for the affordable housing initiatives.

Transfers out totaled \$3,594, a decrease of \$3,112 (46.4%) over the prior year, primarily due to the decrease within the Capital Projects Fund for PAYGO facilities renewal projects that occurred in the prior year.

The \$14,826 increase in revenues, the \$3,488 increase in expenditures, and a total net increase of \$9,897 in other financing uses yielded a \$29,778 net change in fund balance, which ended the year at a surplus of \$95,353.

Major Proprietary Fund

The County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise (RWR) Fund is a major enterprise fund.

Significant changes in the Fund's net position during the fiscal year include an increase in capital contributions of \$11,860 which was the result of more new housing developments being completed compared to the prior year. Increases in operating expenses including an increase in employee compensation of \$2,282 from the County wide classification and compensation study implementation also contributed to changes in the Fund's net position.

Aside from the increases mentioned above, the activity of the RWR Fund remained relatively stable as total operating revenues only decreased slightly. The change in net position of \$52,546 was an increase of \$10,835 (26.0%) over the prior year, which resulted in a net position of \$1,022,458 at the fiscal year-end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings and improvements, sewage conveyance systems, infrastructure, equipment, construction in progress and intangible assets, including right-to-use lease and subscription assets.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented in the following schedule to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmental and Business-type Activities Capital Assets As of June 30, 2024 and 2023																
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total																	
]	FY 2024		FY 2023	V	ariance	F	Y 2024	I	FY 2023	Variance		FY 2024	F	Y 2023	V	ariance
Land	\$	596,265	\$	589,571	\$	6,694	\$	16,622	\$	16,471	151	\$	612,887	\$	606,042	\$	6,845
Construction in progress		174,286		77,989		96,297		95,800		94,594	1,206		270,086		172,583		97,503
Buildings and improvements		569,350		592,757		(23,407)		414,997		438,621	(23,624)		984,347	1,	,031,378		(47,031)
Infrastructure		590,155		615,999		(25,844)							590,155		615,999		(25,844)
Sewage conveyance systems								660,621		616,134	44,487		660,621		616,134		44,487
Equipment		95,463		93,958		1,505		58,027		65,878	(7,851)		153,490		159,836		(6,346)
Intangibles		53,381		39,070		14,311		6,161		7,165	(1,004)		59,542		46,235		13,307
Total	\$	2,078,900	\$	2,009,344	\$	69,556	\$1	,252,228	\$1	1,238,863	\$ 13,365	\$	3,331,128	\$3	,248,207	\$	82,921

The County's capital assets total is \$3,331,128 in the current year, an increase of \$82,921 (2.6%) from the prior year's total of \$3,248,207. Significant changes in capital assets of Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities are discussed in further detail in the following sections.

Governmental Activities

The current year's total assets of \$2,078,900 is a net increase of \$69,556 (3.5%) from the prior year. Construction of the Office of the Medical Examiner and the Northwest Service Center as well as the continued work during the year for the County's ERP system replacement resulted in an increase of \$96,297 (123.5%) for amounts in Construction in progress. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) increased the Intangibles asset category by \$14,311 (36.6%) to a balance of \$53,381.

The \$6,694 increase in land is due to \$1,542 in contributions and \$5,887 from the following project capitalizations:

- Flood Control District acquiring flood prone lands for \$1,331
- Parks & Recreation Open Space Projects for \$3,415
- Facilities building and land acquired for operation of humanitarian respite services, in which the land was valued at \$1,003
- The remaining amounts represent land donations for developer contributions for the Department of Transportation

Business-type Activities

Capital assets of business-type activities increased by \$13,365 (1.1%), due to increases of \$44,487 in sewage conveyance systems. These increases were offset by decreases in buildings and improvements of \$23,624 and in equipment of \$7,851. The increase in sewage conveyance systems was due to sewage conveyance systems projects being completed and capitalized in the current fiscal year. The decrease in buildings and improvements was the result of annual depreciation on existing assets. These increases and decreases were almost entirely from activity within the RWR Fund.

Additional information regarding capital assets activity can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements, Capital Assets, on pages **60-62**.

Long-term Debt

Significant, comparative long-term debt entered into during the last two fiscal years is presented in the following schedule:

Long-Term Debt Issued Within Fiscal Year											
For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023											
	F	Y 2024	F	Y 2023							
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	\$	39,070	\$	88,445							
Sewer System Revenue Obligations		42,350		68,225							
General Obligation Bonds		1,675		1,670							
Total	\$	83,095	\$	158,340							

During the year, the County issued COPs Series 2023A in the amount of \$23,915 to fund various Facilities Management projects such as the Office of the Medical Examiner Building and the San Xavier Substation for the Sheriff's Department and Series 2023B in the amount of \$15,155 to fund upgrades to the County's ERP system

In addition, the County issued Sewer System Revenue Obligations Series 2023 in the amount of \$42,350 to provide funding for the acquisition, construction and improvement of the County's sewer treatment facilities and conveyance systems.

The County also issued GO bonds Series 2024A in the amount of \$1,675 to fund Rocking K South Community Facilities District projects related to public infrastructure.

The most recent ratings for Pima County's bonds, COPs, and obligations are:

Credit Ratings												
	Standa	rd & Poor's	Fite	h Ratings								
	Rating	Date	Rating	Date								
Certificates of Participation (COPs)	AA-	September-2024	AA	September-2024								
General Obligation Bonds	AA	September-2024	AAA	August-2024								
Pledged Revenue Obligations	AA+	March-2021	AA+	August-2024								
Transportation Revenue Bonds	AA	November-2020	AA	August-2024								
Sewer System Revenue Obligations	AA	September-2024	AA	September-2024								

Pima County's efforts in maintaining a strong budget reserve over the past several years has contributed, in part, to the County earning a General Obligation Bond Rating of AAA from Fitch Ratings, a national bond ratings company that rates Pima County debt issuances. The AA ratings for the Certificates of Participation (COPs), Transportation Revenue bonds, and Sewer Revenue obligations also reflect the County's ability to maintain a sound financial profile.

The State of Arizona Constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 6.0% of its net assessed valuation without voter approval. However, Pima County has voter approval for general obligation debt up to 15.0%. The County's outstanding general obligation bonds amount of \$47,907 at the end of the current fiscal year is significantly below the current debt limitation of \$1,970,568.

Additional information regarding the County's debt can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements, Long-term Liabilities, on pages **65-74**.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The current fiscal year 2024-25 budget is based largely on the County's response to a set of unique challenges from a variety of outside sources. Primary among these is the decision by the Arizona Legislature to balance the State Budget by continuing to transfer \$121.3 million of fiscal year 2024-25 state costs to Pima County. These additional costs imposed by the state continue to cause significant uncertainties in the development of the County budget and impact all of Pima County's existing service priorities and programs, including law enforcement, healthcare and economic development. Recognizing this, the budget that was adopted by the Board of Supervisors for fiscal year 2024-25 is

primarily a "maintenance of effort" budget, which will sustain the County's existing service priorities. The following discussion identifies other significant activities that are expected to impact the County in fiscal year 2024-25.

State Budget Cost Shifts

In attempts to balance the State Budget, the Governor and Legislature continue to transfer significant amounts of state costs to the 15 counties throughout the state. The total of these cost transfers to Pima County is \$121.3 million for fiscal year 2024-25, or 26.8% of Pima County's primary property tax levy.

Property Taxes

The fiscal year 2024-25 Adopted Budget includes an increase of \$0.0888 in the County's primary property tax rate for General Government Revenues, a \$0.0950 decrease in the County Debt Service secondary property tax rate, a \$0.0018 increase in the Regional Flood Control District secondary property tax rate and a \$0.0044 increase in the County Library District secondary property tax rate from the fiscal year 2023-24 rates. The total property tax rate for Pima County (excluding the State mandated Fire District Assistance Tax) remained unchanged at \$5.1048 per \$100 of net taxable value.

State Shared Revenues

In fiscal year 2023-24, the amount of State shared sales tax revenue collected exceeded the budgeted amount of \$180.0 million by \$4.3 million. In response to this, the fiscal year 2024-25 budgeted amount has been increased by \$2.0 million to \$182.0 million, as taxable sales are expected to remain stable across the region.

Employee Benefits Costs

Over the years, Pima County has continued to change and upgrade its benefits package for employees. Over time, the cost to provide these benefits has steadily increased. As a comparison, the actual cost to the County for employee benefits in fiscal year 2003-04 totaled \$65 million whereas the budgeted benefit costs in fiscal year 2023-24 total \$188 million resulting in an increase that is nearly triple the fiscal year 2003-04 amount. The most significant increases were in the County's health insurance premiums which increased by \$12 million and higher claims expenses than in prior years.

Employee Medical Insurance Benefits Costs

Prior to fiscal year 2013-14, Pima County purchased medical insurance for its employees from an independent provider. Over the five years prior to fiscal year 2013-14, the County's employee medical insurance premiums increased by an average of 15 to 20 percent yearly. In order to control the rate of increase of employee medical insurance costs, the County moved to a self-insured medical plan run by a third-party administrator starting in fiscal year 2013-14. Under this new model, year-to-year medical insurance costs have increased in the range of 5 to 10 percent annually until the last year when they increased at a higher rate. For fiscal year 2024-25, employer medical premium costs will increase by just over 20 percent from fiscal year 2023-24.

Rainy Day Funds

Maintaining a budget reserve has given the County a favorable bond rating, which in turn has yielded substantial savings from lower interest payments on County debt. The reserve has also enabled the County to minimize the negative fiscal impacts of a variety of unforeseen events over which the County has had little or no control. The fiscal year 2024-25 adopted budget General Fund Reserve totals \$97.95 million. This reserve represents 17% of the General Fund audited operating expenditures for fiscal year 2022-23. The reserve is in the middle of the range of reserves recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association. If this reserve is not spent, it will represent the base ending fund balance for fiscal year 2024-25.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Any questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance and Risk Management, 33 N. Stone, 6th Floor, Tucson, AZ, 85701.





BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

		P		_			
		ernmental	Business-type		T-4-1	Componer	
Assets	A	ctivities	Activities		Total	SW Fair Con	nmission
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	703,337	\$ 117,906	\$	821,243	\$	7,959
Property taxes receivable (net)		7,793			7,793		
Interest receivable		2,576	626		3,202		2
Internal balances		(26)	26				
Due from other governments		77,145	4		77,149		
Accounts receivable (net)		96,842	17,629		114,471		11
Leases and public-private partnership receivable		37,270			37,270		196
Inventories		2,924	3,685		6,609		53
Prepaids		9,278	545		9,823		81
Restricted assets:							
Cash and investments held by trustee(s) - restricted		45	86,514		86,559		
Loans receivable		5,743			5,743		
Net OPEB asset		17,827	1,044		18,871		
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:		,	, in the second		ŕ		
Land		596,265	16,622		612,887		
Construction in progress		174,286	95,800		270,086		45
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized (net):			,		_,,,,,,,		
Buildings and improvements		569,350	414,997		984,347		4,142
Sewage conveyance system		000,000	660,621		660,621		.,1 .2
Equipment		95,463	58,027		153,490		935
Infrastructure		590,155	30,027		590,155		755
Intangibles		53,381	6,161		59,542		
Total assets		3,039,654	1,480,207		4,519,861		13,424
Total assets		3,037,034	1,400,207		4,517,001		15,727
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension/OPEB		130,051	4,216		134,267		
Deferred charge on debt refunding		201	1,921		2,122		
Asset retirement obligations			4,507		4,507		
Total deferred outflows of resources		130,252	10,644		140,896		0
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		65,084	13,778		78,862		445
Employee compensation		4,885	13,778		4,896		773
Contract retentions		6,210	11		6,210		
Interest payable		1,231			1,231		
Due to other governments		6,899	9		6,908		
Deposits and rebates		404	1,162		1,566		21
Unearned revenue		75,172	635		75,807		3
Noncurrent liabilities:		73,172	033		73,007		3
Due within one year		134,592	72,593		207,185		
Due in more than one year		1,123,544	338,194		1,461,738		7
Total liabilities		1,418,021	426,382		1,844,403		476
1 otal nabilities		1,410,021	420,382		1,044,403		470
Deferred inflows of resources							
Pension/OPEB		41,336	1,979		43,315		
Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships		31,252			31,252		181
Total deferred inflows of resources		72,588	1,979		74,567		181
Not resistion							
Net position Net investment in capital assets		1,707,493	891,664		2,599,157		5,122
		1,/0/,493	691,004		2,399,137		3,122
Restricted for:		254 251			254 251		
Facilities, justice, library, community development, and tax stabilization		254,251			254,251		
Highways and streets		12,039	27.500		12,039		
Debt service		40 107	37,599		37,599		
Capital projects		49,187	24.466		49,187		
Regional wastewater		20.460	24,466		24,466		
Healthcare		29,460	1.010		29,460		
Net other post employment benefits		17,576	1,019		18,595		7 (15
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	(390,709)	\$ 1,062,490	e	(282,967)	•	7,645
Total net position	\$	1,679,297	\$ 1,062,490	\$	2,741,787	\$	14,/0/

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

					P	rogram Revenue	S	
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	399,737	\$	97,485	\$	113,111	\$	27,883
Public safety		243,311		14,177		8,694		2,341
Highways and streets		109,617		14,834		78,557		13,590
Sanitation		3,446				1,513		
Health		65,711		11,532		30,311		297
Welfare		118,828		153		(1,675)		
Culture and recreation		87,339		4,397		(900)		66
Education and economic opportunity		71,525		673		47,385		777
Interest and amortization on long-term debt		19,343						
Total governmental activities		1,118,857		143,251		276,996		44,954
Business-type activities:								
Regional Wastewater Reclamation		164,710		184,438				25,771
Development Services		7,950		11,413				
Parking Garages		2,829		2,385				
Total business-type activities		175,489		198,236				25,771
Total primary government	\$	1,294,346	\$	341,487	\$	276,996	\$	70,725
Component unit:								
Southwestern Fair Commission		9,111		8,871		1,534		
Total component unit	\$	9,111	\$	8,871	\$	1,534		
*			_		-			

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for regional flood control district

Property taxes, levied for library district

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for improvement and other districts

Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and tourism

Other taxes, levied for stadium district

Unrestricted share of state sales tax

Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, July 1, 2023

Net position, June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		mary Government		_	
Governmenta	ıl	Business-type		Component Unit	
Activities		Activities	Total	SW Fair Commission	Functions/Programs
					Primary government:
A (161.04	.0)	A	(1.61.050)		Governmental activities:
\$ (161,25		\$	(161,258)		General government
(218,09			(218,099)		Public safety
(2,63			(2,636)		Highways and streets
(1,93			(1,933)		Sanitation
(23,57			(23,571)		Health
(120,35			(120,350)		Welfare
(83,77			(83,776)		Culture and recreation
(22,69			(22,690)		Education and economic opportunity
(19,34			(19,343)		Interest and amortization on long-term debt
(653,65	56)		(653,656)	-	Total governmental activities
					Business-type activities:
	9	45,499	45,499		Regional Wastewater Reclamation
		3,463	3,463		Development Services
		(444)	(444)		Parking Garages
		48,518	48,518	-	Total business-type activities
(653,65	56)	48,518	(605,138)	- -	Total primary government
					Component unit:
				1,294	Southwestern Fair Commission
				\$ 1,294	Total component unit
				Ψ 1,251	Total component unit
					General revenues:
417,77			417,778		Property taxes, levied for general purposes
30,78	37		30,787		Property taxes, levied for regional flood control district
57,21	6		57,216		Property taxes, levied for library district
22,57	75		22,575		Property taxes, levied for debt service
51	1		511		Property taxes, levied for improvement and other districts
10,41	2		10,412		Hotel/motel taxes, levied for sports facility and tourism
1,28	36		1,286		Other taxes, levied for stadium district
187,03	32		187,032		Unrestricted share of state sales tax
35,19	92		35,192		Unrestricted share of state vehicle license tax
5,45	8		5,458		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
6,43	30		6,430		Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes
37,04	1	11,112	48,153	204	Investment earnings
35,41	9	1,171	36,590	263	Miscellaneous
4,61		(4,617)	ŕ		Transfers
851,75		7,666	859,420	467	Total general revenues and transfers
198,09	98	56,184	254,282	1,761	Change in net position
1,481,19	9	1,006,306	2,487,505	11,006	Net position, July 1, 2023
\$ 1,679,29	97 \$	1,062,490 \$	2,741,787	\$ 12,767	Net position, June 30, 2024

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	General Capital Projects		Deb	Debt Service Grants			1	Other Special Revenue		Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	178,072	\$	116,090	\$	6,200	\$	69,202	\$	92,528	\$	79,639	\$	541,731
Property taxes receivable (net)		6,139				350						1,304		7,793
Interest receivable		767		358		119		400		353		296		2,293
Due from other funds		1,612		9,219				520		544		489		12,384
Due from other governments		30,499		163				38,348		361		7,737		77,108
Accounts receivable		2,454		53				707		89,904		1,157		94,275
Leases receivable		10,581								26,586		103		37,270
Inventory												1,763		1,763
Prepaid expenditures		3,758						455		198		676		5,087
Loans receivable		4,737										1,006		5,743
Restricted cash and cash equivalents												45		45
Total assets	\$	238,619	\$	125,883	\$	6,669	\$	109,632	\$	210,474	\$	94,215	\$	785,492
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances														
Liabilities		21.505		12.540				12.511		2.250		5.564		50.460
Accounts payable	\$	21,585	\$	13,548	\$	1	\$	13,511	\$	3,259	\$	7,564	\$	59,468
Employee compensation		4,793		5 450						4		79		4,876
Contract retentions		4.745		5,470				67		34		536 192		6,107
Due to other funds		4,745		1				7,306		166				12,410
Due to other governments		3		6,879				2		1		6 2		6,891
Deposits and rebates		401						52.205		•				404
Unearned revenue		345						73,397		1,130		300		75,172
Total liabilities		31,872		25,898		11		94,283		4,595		8,679		165,328
Deferred inflows of resources														
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		14,538		42				27,143		135		1,026		42,884
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,662				268						994		5,924
Unavailable revenue - settlements										85,753				85,753
Unavailable revenue - other		4,747						1,585		272		721		7,325
Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships	<u> </u>	6,773								24,366		93		31,232
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,720		42		268		28,728		110,526		2,834		173,118
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		62,592	_	25,940		269		123,011		115,121		11,513		338,446
Fund balances														
Nonspendable		3,758						455		198		2,484		6,895
Restricted				64,749						57,370		70,081		192,200
Committed		126,819								3,209		508		130,536
Assigned		348		35,194		6,400				34,576		9,629		86,147
Unassigned		45,102						(13,834)						31,268
Total fund balances (deficit)		176,027		99,943		6,400		(13,379)		95,353		82,702		447,046
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	238,619	s	125,883	s	6,669	\$	109,632	s	210,474	\$	94,215	s	785,492
	-	_50,017	-	.25,005	-	0,007	4	107,032	-	210,177	-	7.,213	-	700,172

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental activities capital assets Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Gome liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable (102,573) Certificates of participation payable (252,838) Financed purchases (107) Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (486,882) Net OPEB asset held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset held in frust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Deferred outflows of bond debt refunding read applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Deferred outflows of resources, funditions of resources, funditions and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes (5,924) Settlements (5,924) Settlements (5,924) Settlements (6,924) Settlements (7,925) The settlements (7,925) T	nd balances - total governmental funds		\$ 447,046
the governmental funds. Governmental activities capital assets Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable Certificates of participation payable Leases and SBITA payable (222,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability Net opension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (59,310) (1,195,39) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accured interest Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Accured interest Deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Southernal service funds are used by manage	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable Certificates of participation payable (107) Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability Net OPEB asset beld in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 17,457 17,457 17,457 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Other 142,884 Property taxes Settlements Settlements Other 7,325 141,88 Intergate funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable (102,573) Certificates of participation payable (252,838) Financed purchases (107) Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accured interest (345) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accured interest (345) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding (345) Deferred outflows for	Governmental activities capital assets	\$ 3,619,031	
Bonds payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable (102,573) Certificates of participation payable (252,838) Financed purchases (107) Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Not pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) Not OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset beld in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB (20) Deferred inflows for bond debt refunding (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding (20) Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental (28,84) Property taxes (3,924) Settlements (38,753) Other (38,754) Deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,623,253)	1,995,778
Certificates of participation payable Financed purchases (107) Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (368,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 17,457 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 28,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 346,551 Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships 200 201 87,755 Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 12,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements Other 141,886 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Some liabilities, such as pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Financed purchases Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75 Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Lassets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Laster of the internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. Laster of the internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds.	Bonds payable	(102,573)	
Leases and SBITA payable (22,112) Pledged revenue obligations (269,130) Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 Net OPEB asset 17	Certificates of participation payable	(252,838)	
Peleged revenue obligations Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 17,45 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Settlements Other Settlements Other Settlements Other Settlements Other Settlements Other Settlements Settlements Other Settlements Settlements Other Constitution of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Financed purchases	(107)	
Pollution remediation (30) Landfill closure liability (11,411) Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 128,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 5,924 Settlements 5,924 Settlements 65,753 Other 7,325 141,88 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Leases and SBITA payable	(22,112)	
Landfill closure liability Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39) Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 Net OPEB asset 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 128,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred outflows and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 184,765 Intermal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Pledged revenue obligations	(269,130)	
Net pension/OPEB liability (486,882) Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39). Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 1	Pollution remediation	(30)	
Compensated absences liability (50,310) (1,195,39). Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset 17,457 17,457 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 128,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred outflows related to leases and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 7,325 141,886 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Landfill closure liability	(11,411)	
Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accrued interest Office outflows for bond debt refunding Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Nome receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental At 2,884 Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Net pension/OPEB liability	(486,882)	
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accrued interest Opeferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships Opeferred outflows for bond debt refunding Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Compensated absences liability	(50,310)	(1,195,393)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 128,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 7,325 141,886 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Net OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available resources for county operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 128,551 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (40,632) Accrued interest (345) Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships (20) Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding 201 87,75. Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 7,325 141,886. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Net OPEB asset	17,457	17,457
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accrued interest Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,765	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, leases and public-private partnerships and deferred charges on debt refunding are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Accrued interest Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,765	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	128,551	
Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		(40,632)	
Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental Property taxes Settlements Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Accrued interest	(345)	
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 7,325 141,886 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships	(20)	
Intergovernmental 42,884 Property taxes 5,924 Settlements 85,753 Other 7,325 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	Deferred outflows for bond debt refunding	201	87,755
Property taxes Settlements Other Other The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,76:	Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.		
Property taxes Settlements Other Other The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,76:	Intergovernmental	42,884	
Settlements Other Other T,325 Other Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,76	Property taxes		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,76	Settlements		
The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. 184,766	Other		141,886
	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Net position of governmental activities \$ 1.679.29	-		 184,768
	Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,679,297

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

					Other Special	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Grants	Revenue	Funds	Funds
Revenues:			·	·	·		
Property taxes	\$ 431,039		\$ 23,445			\$ 90,029	\$ 544,513
Licenses and permits	3,519				\$ 1	6,219	9,739
Intergovernmental	236,234	\$ 1,007	5	\$ 167,559	28,663	97,540	531,008
Charges for services	43,523	13,921			12,873	11,029	81,346
Fines and forfeits	2,442				19,539	68	22,049
Investment earnings	8,376	6,078	1,151	5,722	3,803	3,928	29,058
Miscellaneous	20,431	144		2,510	8,018	1,646	32,749
Total revenues	745,564	21,150	24,601	175,791	72,897	210,459	1,250,462
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	296,222			73,450	35,855	286	405,813
Public safety	174,780			5,490	9,298	19,503	209,071
Highways and streets				27		60,406	60,433
Sanitation	1,388					1,406	2,794
Health	17,305			21,619	828	24,125	63,877
Welfare	118,321			482			118,803
Culture and recreation	20,924			247	3,193	53,900	78,264
Education and economic opportunity	16,993			33,463	5,149	15,359	70,964
Debt service:							
Principal	5,213		83,430		326	272	89,241
Interest	963		19,428		38	113	20,542
Miscellaneous			436			131	567
Capital outlay		143,532					143,532
Total expenditures	652,109	143,532	103,294	134,778	54,687	175,501	1,263,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	93,455	(122,382)	(78,693)	41,013	18,210	34,958	(13,439)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Premium on bonds		930	419				1,349
Face amount of long-term debt issued		39,070				1,675	40,745
Lease agreements	148						148
Subscription-based information technology agreements	1,758						1,758
Transfers in	3,857	89,466	82,595	4,032	15,162	52,625	247,737
Transfers (out)	(119,307)	(10,785)		(41,659)	(3,594)	(75,453)	(250,798)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(113,544)	118,681	83,014	(37,627)	11,568	(21,153)	40,939
Net change in fund balances	(20,089)	(3,701)	4,321	3,386	29,778	13,805	27,500
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2023	196,116	103,644	2,079	(16,765)	65,575	68,898	419,547
Changes in nonspendable resources: Change in prepaids Fund balances (deficit), June 30, 2024	\$ 176,027	\$ 99,943	\$ 6,400	\$ (13,379)	\$ 95,353	(1) \$ 82,702	(1) \$ 447,046
	,/			. (,-/)	,		,

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

et change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 27,500
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$	131,070	
Less current year depreciation/amortization		(93,163)	37,907
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of the principal of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Face amount of long-term debt issued		(40,745)	
Premium on bonds		(1,349)	
Leases incurred		(2,240)	
Subscription-based information technology arrangements incurred		(1,425)	
Debt service - principal payments		89,241	
Amortization of premiums/discounts		3,003	
Accrued interest payable		(345)	
		29	46,169
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		29	40,109
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities and accrued on the Statement of Net Position do not represent the collection of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as revenues but are deferred inflows of resources until earned in the governmental funds. Also, the collection of some revenues in the governmental funds exceeded revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Donations of capital assets		13,355	
Intergovernmental		6,808	
Property tax revenues		(9,216)	
Settlements		47,010	
Other		48	58,005
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			,
Change in compensated absences		(7,256)	
Change in landfill liability		(264)	
Change in pollution remediation liability		34	
Net book value of capital asset disposals		(2,682)	
Other change in reserve for prepaids, School Reserve	-	(1)	(10,169)
County pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the County's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension/OPEB contributions		68,999	
Pension/OPEB expense		(54,465)	14,534
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The incorporation of the external activities of these funds, and the elimination of profit/loss generated by primary government customers, results in net revenue (expense) for governmental activities.			
			 24,152
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 198,098

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Regional Wastewater	Other Enterprise	Total Enterprise	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Assets	Reclamation	Funds	Funds	Funds
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 86,59	9 \$ 31,307	\$ 117,906	\$ 161,606
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	33,95		33,954	
Interest receivable	51		626	283
Due from other funds Due from other governments		3 1	64 4	37
Accounts receivable	17,53		17,629	2,567
Inventory	3,68		3,685	1,161
Prepaid expense	50	08 37	545	4,191
Total current assets	142,80	2 31,611	174,413	169,845
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	52,56	50	52,560	
Net OPEB asset	89	3 151	1,044	370
Capital assets:			4.5.500	450
Land	14,85		16,622	459
Buildings and improvements Sewage conveyance system	758,81 1,102,07		786,421 1,102,076	22,753
Equipment	187,80		190,043	97,919
Intangibles	18,73		18,732	28,846
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(940,80		(957,466)	(70,513)
Construction in progress	95,80		95,800	3,659
Total capital assets (net)	1,237,26		1,252,228	83,123
Total noncurrent assets	1,290,71	9 15,113	1,305,832	83,493
Total assets	1,433,52	46,724	1,480,245	253,338
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	3,60		4,216	1,500
Deferred charge on refunding	1,92		1,921	
Asset retirement obligations Total deferred outflows of resources	4,50		4,507	1,500
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,03	012	10,044	1,500
Liabilities Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	13,18	593	13,778	5,616
Employee compensation		1	11	9
Contract retentions				103
Interest payable				886
Due to other funds		5 5	38	
Due to other governments		9	9	8
Deposits and rebates	(2	1,162	1,162	
Unearned revenue Compensated absences payable	63 1,83		635 2,154	728
Sewer revenue obligations payable	70,43		70,439	720
Reported but unpaid losses	70,13		70,137	4,718
Incurred but not reported losses				7,537
Subscriptions liability				3,467
Total current liabilities	86,14	2,086	88,226	23,072
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	1,89	96 429	2,325	486
Lease payable				15,688
Contracts and notes payable	1,24		1,249	
Sewer revenue obligations payable	296,49	14	296,494	11 150
Reported but unpaid losses				11,159
Incurred but not reported losses Net pension/OPEB liability	26,54	4,502	31,049	7,921 11,040
Asset retirement obligations	7,07		7,077	11,040
Total noncurrent liabilities	333,26		338,194	46,294
Total liabilities	419,40		426,420	69,366
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	1,69	287	1,979	704
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,69	287	1,979	704
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	876,70	14,962	891,664	83,123
Restricted for:	ŕ			
Debt service	37,59	9	37,599	20.00-
Healthcare Regional wastewater reclamation	24,46	56	24.466	29,005
Unrestricted	24,46 83,69		24,466 108,761	72,640
Total net position	\$ 1,022,45		\$ 1,062,490	\$ 184,768
position	J 1,022,73	ψ 10,032	J 1,002,170	ψ 104,700

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

				1				
	W	Regional astewater eclamation	Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		Governm Activiti Internal S Fund	
Operating revenues:			•					-
Charges for services	\$	161,249	\$	13,798	\$	175,047	\$	155,576
Other		6,101		33		6,134		8,545
Total operating revenues		167,350		13,831		181,181		164,121
Operating expenses:								
Employee compensation		31,689		6,198		37,887		14,302
Operating supplies and services		12,591		212		12,803		12,217
Utilities		8,900				8,900		
Sludge and refuse disposal		2,626				2,626		
Repairs and maintenance		10,722		103		10,825		3,534
Incurred losses		- , -				- ,		77,720
Insurance premiums								14,272
General and administrative		13,763		3,047		16,810		5,387
Consultants and professional services		15,100		453		15,553		11,006
Depreciation/amortization		57,396		766		58,162		16,332
Total operating expenses	_	152,787		10,779		163,566		154,770
Operating income		14,563		3,052		17,615		9,351
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Investment earnings		9,799		1,313		11,112		7,983
Sewer connection fees		18,226		,		18,226		. ,
Interest expense		(11,062)				(11,062)		(923)
Debt issuance cost		(432)				(432)		(,,
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(402)				(402)		(50)
Loss on debt defeasance		(27)				(27)		(30)
Total nonoperating revenues		16,102		1,313		17,415		7,010
Telm henepoliting to vehicle	-	10,102		1,010		17,110		,,010
Income before contributions and transfers		30,665		4,365		35,030		16,361
Capital contributions		25,771				25,771		113
Transfers in				145		145		8,004
Transfers (out)		(3,890)		(872)		(4,762)		(326)
Change in net position		52,546		3,638		56,184		24,152
Net position, July 1, 2023		969,912		36,394		1,006,306		160,616
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	1,022,458	\$	40,032	\$	1,062,490	\$	184,768

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Business-Type Activities							
	Regional Wastewater Reclamation		Enterprise Funds Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		A	vernmental activities- rnal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							Ф	155.556
Cash receipts from other funds for goods and services provided Cash receipts from customers for goods and services provided	\$	165,752	\$	14,421	\$	180,173	\$	155,576
Cash receipts from miscellaneous operations	Ф	1,139	Э	14,421	Ф	1,139		7,759
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(50,052)		(2,262)		(52,314)		(39,560)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(14,017)		(1,385)		(15,402)		(4,907)
Cash payments for incurred losses		(14,017)		(1,303)		(13,402)		(78,928)
Cash payments to employees for services		(33,775)		(6,365)		(40,140)		(14,476)
Net cash provided by operating activities		69,047		4,409		73,456		25,464
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Cash transfers in from other funds				145		145		8,004
Cash transfers out to other funds		(3,890)		(872)		(4,762)		(379)
Loans with other funds		(66)		(29)		(95)		18
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(3,956)		(756)		(4,712)		7,643
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans		(67,034)				(67,034)		
Interest paid on sewer revenue obligations and loans		(17,672)				(17,672)		
Proceeds from issuance of sewer revenue obligations, including premium		44,983				44,983		
Sewer connection fees		18,239				18,239		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5				5		573
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(54,051)		(1)		(54,052)		(21,213)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(75,530)		(1)	-	(75,531)		(20,640)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received on investments		9,772		1,288		11,060		7,862
Net cash provided by investing activities		9,772		1,288		11,060		7,862
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(667)		4,940		4,273		20,329
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2023		173,780		26,367		200,147		141,277
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2024	\$	173,113	\$	31,307	\$	204,420	\$	161,606

(continued)

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Dunimana Tyma Antivitian

(continued)

		Governmental			
Reconciliation of operating income to net	Regional	Other	Total	Activities-	
cash provided by operating activities:	Wastewater	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal Service Funds	
	Reclamation	Funds	Funds		
Operating income	\$ 14,563	\$ 3,052	\$ 17,615	\$ 9,351	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation/amortization	57,396	766	58,162	16,332	
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources:					
Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable	(588)	(17	(605)	(747)	
Due from other governments	128		128	(6)	
Inventory and other assets	(33)		(33)	(51)	
Prepaid expense	(179)	4	(175)	1,860	
Net OPEB asset	81	11	92	9	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB	805	120	925	213	
Asset retirement obligations	19		19		
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable	(428)	164	(264)	(716)	
Interest payable	, ,			850	
Due to other governments	6		6	6	
Reported but unpaid losses				632	
Incurred but not reported losses				(1,840)	
Net pension/OPEB liability	(1,711)	(184	(1,895)	47	
Asset retirement obligations	249		249		
Other liabilities	(859)	554	(305)	(367)	
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources:				, ,	
Pension/OPEB	(402)	(61	(463)	(109)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 69,047	\$ 4,409	\$ 73,456	\$ 25,464	

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund received developer-built conveyance systems with an estimated fair value of \$25,771. These contributions were recorded as an increase in capital assets and capital contributions.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$407.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Enterprise Fund issued Sewer Revenue and Refunding Obligations Series 2023 for \$42,350 to finance the capital improvement programs.

Internal Service Funds disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$623.

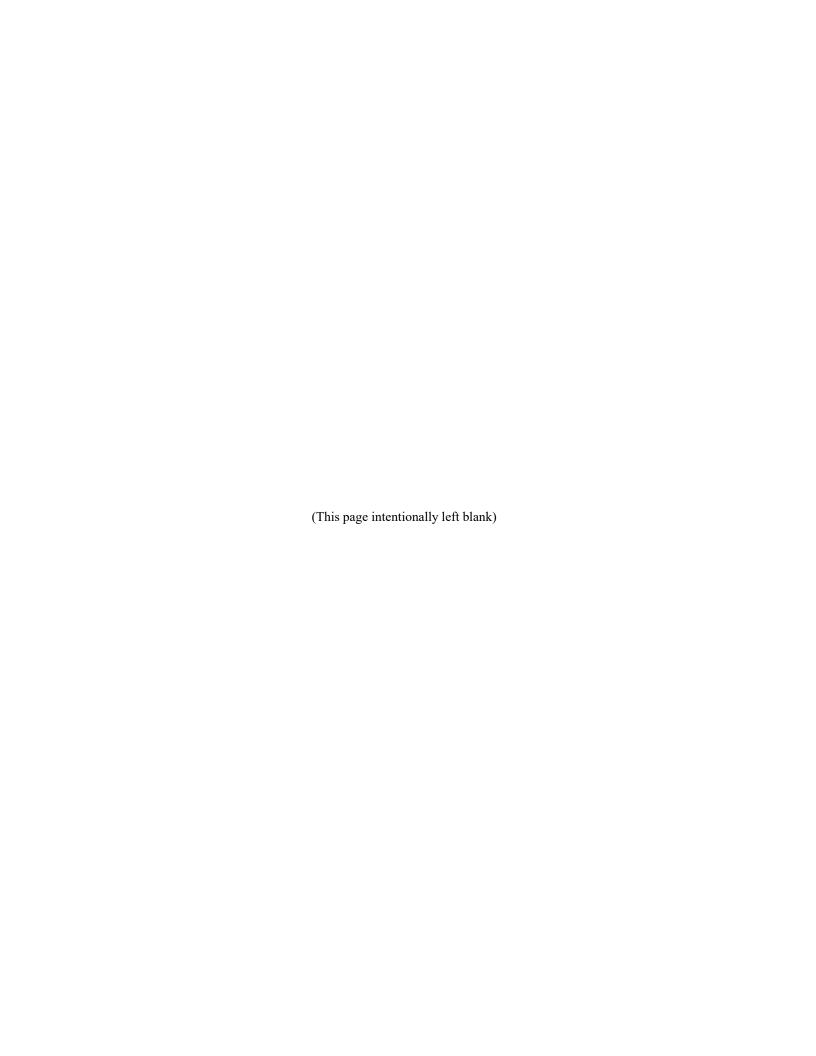
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Custodial Funds				
	e-Purpose st Funds		External nvestment Pool		Other	
Assets			_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,795	\$	457,422	\$	348,638	
Property tax receivable					22,288	
Interest receivable			1,893		3	
Due from other governments	 				1,479	
Total assets	 5,795		459,315		372,408	
Net position						
Restricted for:						
Pool participants			459,315			
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	 5,795				372,408	
Total net position	\$ 5,795	\$	459,315	\$	372,408	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

			Custodial Funds				
	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		I	External nvestment Pool		Other	
Additions: Contributions from pool participants Contributions from other governments Property tax collections for other governments Fines and fees collected for other governments Investment earnings Inmate collections Other	\$	7,194	\$	2,688,764	\$	324,879 1,379,258 8,047 8,623 2,088 35,856	
Total additions		7,194		2,710,026		1,758,751	
Deductions: Distributions to pool participants Distributions to other governments Property tax distributions to other governments Interest expense Fines and fees distributions to other governments Payments to inmates Other		8,104		2,603,055		110,011 1,395,363 474 8,039 2,109 37,812	
Total deductions		8,104		2,603,055		1,553,808	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(910)		106,971		204,943	
Net position, July 1, 2023		6,705		352,344		167,465	
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	5,795	\$	459,315	\$	372,408	



Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pima County's accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This statement enhances the accounting and financial reporting requirements for changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, changes to the financial reporting entity, and error corrections to improve the transparency, consistency, and comparability of financial statements. Under GASB 100, changes in accounting principles and error corrections are applied retrospectively to restate prior periods unless it is impracticable to do so. Changes in accounting estimates are accounted for prospectively in the current period and future periods. Any adjustments resulting from changes to the financial reporting entity are reflected as a restatement of the beginning balances for the earliest period presented. As part of implementing GASB 100, the County evaluated all applicable accounting changes, error corrections, and adjustments to the financial reporting entity and found no impact on the County's fiscal year 2023-24 financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are so intertwined with the County that they are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the County. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Each blended and discretely presented component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end.

The following describes the County's component units:

The Pima County Stadium District, a legally separate entity, was created in 1991 when the Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution to create the Stadium District to manage Kino Sports Complex. The District is a tax-levying, public improvement district and political taxing subdivision of the state of Arizona. The Stadium District, in conjunction with Pima County government, maintains the fiscal resources of the entire complex including facilities, grounds, personnel and the various services provided at the venue. Kino Sports Complex, which covers 330 acres, is the largest professional sports and entertainment venue of its kind in Pima County. The facility hosts youth athletics, amateur and professional sports, concerts and community events on its fields. The County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. Acting in the capacity of the Board of Directors, the Pima County Board of Supervisors is able to impose its will on the District. The Board of Directors levies the car rental surcharge rates and the recreation vehicle (RV) park tax for the District. The District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for the District can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 97 East Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

The Pima County Library District was established in 1986 when legislation allowed full taxing authority and the ability to enter into agreements with other jurisdictions for the provision of library services. The Library District provides and maintains library services for the County's residents. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Library District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Pima County Regional Flood Control District was established in 1978. The District is responsible for floodplain management activities for the unincorporated areas of Pima County (except national forests, parks, monuments and Native American Nations), the City of South Tucson, and the Town of Sahuarita. The Pima County Board of Supervisors is the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Flood Control District. The Regional Flood Control District is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

The Community Facilities Districts (formerly the Rocking K South Community Facilities District) is a legally separate entity that is utilized to finance the design and construction of arterial and collector roadways, public sewer transmission mains, public regional parks and any other public infrastructure required for the planned Rocking K South community. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as its Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the District. The Community Facilities Districts is reported as a special revenue fund (blended component unit) in these financial statements. Separate financial statements for the District are not available.

The Pima County Improvement & Other Districts (formerly the Pima County Street Lighting Districts) operate and maintain street lighting for specific regions in areas outside local city jurisdictions and maintenance for the Hayhook Ranch road improvements. The Pima County Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of Directors and has operational responsibility for the Districts. The Pima County Improvement & Other Districts are reported as a special revenue fund in these financial statements and meet substantively the same criteria as blended component units. Separate financial statements for the Pima County Improvement & Other Districts are not available.

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. (SFC) is a nonprofit corporation which manages and maintains the fairgrounds owned by the County and conducts an annual fair and other events at the fairgrounds. The Commission's members are appointed and can be removed at any time by the Pima County Board of Supervisors. Based on these factors, and because SFC does not provide services entirely, or almost entirely to the County, but rather to the general citizenry, SFC is reported as a separate component unit (discrete presentation) in these financial statements. Complete financial statements for SFC can be obtained from the Pima County Department of Finance and Risk Management located at 97 East Congress Street, Tucson, Arizona 85701.

Related Organization

The Industrial Authority of Pima County (Authority) is a legally separate entity that was created to promote economic development and the development of affordable housing. The Authority fulfills its function through the issuance of tax-exempt bonds. The County Board of Supervisors appoints the Authority's Board of Directors. The Authority's operations are completely separate from the County and the County is not financially accountable for the Authority. Therefore, the financial activities of the Authority have not been included in the accompanying financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-wide statements—Provide information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities except for fiduciary activities. The statements also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided.
- Operating grants and contributions.
- Capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the County levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values, are operating revenues. Other revenues result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues such as connection fees, intergovernmental revenues, along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund revenues are primarily from property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Fund revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental, face amount of long-term debt and transfers in.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from property taxes, proceeds from refunding debt, and transfers in.

The Grants Fund accounts for Federal and State grants received by the County not required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Each grant has a specific project objective, and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose. Revenues and other financing sources are primarily from intergovernmental and transfers in.

The Other Special Revenue Fund accounts for resources specifically identified to be expended for the various other programs of the County. Revenues are provided by fines, intergovernmental revenues, fees and forfeitures, and charges for services.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Regional Wastewater Reclamation (RWR) accounts for the management and operation of wastewater treatment and water pollution control programs. Revenues are primarily from charges for services and connection fees.

The County also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for fleet maintenance and operation, insurance, and telecommunications services provided to the County's departments or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds consists of private-purpose trust funds, which account for assets the County's Public Fiduciary holds in trust for the benefit of various parties; and custodial funds, which account for other fiduciary activities, including pooled and non-pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities that are not held in trust and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The County applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The County recognizes property taxes to be available if collected within 30 days. In addition, other taxes that are reported as intergovernmental revenues, i.e. state shared sales tax, highway user revenues and vehicle license tax, recreational vehicle taxes, car rental surcharges, and hotel excise taxes are also recognized if collected within 30 days. Grant funded intergovernmental revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension/OPEB, landfill closure and post-closure care costs, pollution remediation obligations and asset retirement obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased. All investments are stated at fair value.

E. Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed.

The County accounts for its inventories in the Wireless Integrated Network Fund using the purchase method. Inventories of the Wireless Integrated Network Fund consist of spare parts for the fixed network equipment held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. These inventories are stated at cost using the average cost method.

Inventories of the Transportation Fund are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when used. They are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of RWR, an enterprise fund, are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Inventories of Internal Service Funds are valued at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using the moving average method.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures are accounted for using the consumption method, except for the School Reserve Fund reported as an Other Governmental Fund, which uses the purchase method.

F. Property Tax Calendar

The County levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May. A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation/Amortization	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	All	Not applicable	Not applicable
Land improvements			
(Reported in buildings and improvements)	All	Straight Line	20 - 30 Years
Buildings and improvements	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Equipment	\$5	Straight Line	4 - 25 Years
Infrastructure/Sewer conveyance systems	\$100	Straight Line	10 - 50 Years
Intangibles:			
Right-to-use subscription assets	\$1,000	Straight Line	Varies
Right-to-use lease assets	\$100	Straight Line	Varies

Intangible right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the County is reasonably certain of being exercised—then the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Intangible right-to-use subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Discretely presented component unit:

The Southwestern Fair Commission, Inc. capital assets are reported at actual cost. Depreciation/amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful life, which range from 3 to 40 years.

H. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Fund Balance Classifications

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the County's Board of Supervisors, the highest level of decision-making authority within the County, approved by formal action (ordinance).

Only the Board can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances. This approval must be given at a regular supervisory meeting by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes but, are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to make assignments of resources for a specific purpose. Modifications or rescissions of the constraints can also be removed by the same action that limited the funds.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the County's policy to use restricted fund balance first. For the disbursement of unrestricted fund balances, the County will use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

J. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of annual leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 320 hours of annual leave depending upon years of service. If an employee has accumulated annual leave in excess of 320 hours by their anniversary date, the excess hours are converted to sick leave. Upon termination of employment, all unused annual leave benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, annual leave benefits are accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Employees may accumulate up to 1,920 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative, but most employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. However, employees who have accumulated greater than 240 hours of sick leave and are eligible to retire will receive some benefits. Employees who are eligible to retire from County service into the Arizona State Retirement System, Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, or Corrections Officer Retirement Plan may request sick leave to be converted to annual leave on a predetermined conversion basis. An estimate of those retirement payouts is accrued as a liability in the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements under Employee Compensation only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year-end.

L. Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Leases

As lessee, the County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$100 or more. The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure lease liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the future year's COPs issuance estimate.

As lessor, the County recognizes lease receivables with an initial, individual value of \$100 or more. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the County charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the County uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

Subscription-based information technology arrangements

The County recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more. The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure subscription liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the arrangement. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

Note 2: Fund Balance Classifications of the Governmental Funds

The table below details the fund balance categories and classifications:

1210 00010 001011 0	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Grants	Other Special Revenue	Other Governmental	Total
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory						\$ 1,763	\$ 1,763
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 3,758			\$ 455	\$ 198	676	5,087
Permanent fund principal						45	45
Total nonspendable	3,758			455	198	2,484	6,895
Restricted for:							
Community and economic development		4.060			563	285	848
Flood Control District		\$ 4,868				9,277	14,145
Health					20.500	6,447	6,447
Judicial activities					20,598		20,598
Law enforcement					7,934	3,955	11,889
Library District		15,044				37,759	52,803
Parks and recreation					1,529		1,529
Pima animal care					3,176		3,176
Sanitation		458				1,400	1,858
School reserve						2,021	2,021
Streets and highways		44,379				8,937	53,316
Other purposes					23,570		23,570
Total restricted		64,749			57,370	70,081	192,200
Committed to:							
Law enforcement	18,872						18,872
Municipal facilities					342		342
Parks and recreation					2,867		2,867
School Reserve						508	508
Other purposes	107,947						107,947
Total committed	126,819				3,209	508	130,536
Assigned to:							
Community and economic development					12,822		12,822
Debt service reserve			\$ 6,400				6,400
Health						3,320	3,320
Judicial activities					311		311
Law enforcement	346	2,909					3,255
Municipal facilities		11,317			16,357		27,674
Parks and recreation	2	2,529			4,175		6,706
School reserve						2,311	2,311
Sports promotion (Stadium)						3,998	3,998
Other purposes		18,439			911	•	19,350
Total assigned	348	35,194	6,400		34,576	9,629	86,147
Unassigned:	45,102			(13,834)			31,268
Total fund balances (deficit)	\$ 176,027	\$ 99,943	\$ 6,400	\$ (13,379)	\$ 95,353	\$ 82,702	\$ 447,046
Town Iona Summood (deficit)	- 1,0,021		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		- 02,702	

Note 3: Cash and Investments

Primary Government

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the County Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk—The State statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes and other evidence of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies at the time of purchase.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's Investors Service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of these services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk—Statutes require a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable deposit insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Concentration of credit risk—Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk—Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. Investments in repurchase agreements must have a maximum maturity of 180 days.

Foreign currency risk—Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$147,761, and the bank balance was \$142,237.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that the County will not be able to recover its deposits if a financial institution fails. The County does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, \$419 of the County's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments—At June 30, 2024, the County's investments consisted of \$830,647 invested in marketable securities and \$741,214 invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools.

Credit risk—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to credit risk.

At June 30, 2024, credit risk for the County's investments was as follows:

		Standard & Poor's/Moody's Rating				
Investment type	Fair value	Not rated	AAA/Aaa	AA/Aa	A/A	
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 57,555	\$ 57,555			·	
Corporate bonds	53,131		\$ 4,989	\$ 8,598	\$ 39,544	
Federal agency securities	503,860			503,860		
Municipal bonds	1,663	1,663				
Money market mutual fund	213,671		213,671			
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5	283,632		283,632			
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 500	153,399			153,399		
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7	304,183		304,183			
Total	\$ 1,571,094	\$ 59,218	\$ 806,475	\$ 665,857	\$ 39,544	

Custodial credit risk—For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Of the County's \$1,571,861 of investments, \$558,654 consisting of the corporate bonds, municipal bonds, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association is uninsured and held by a counterparty in the County's name in book entry form.

Concentration of credit risk—The County has no formal policy with respect to limiting the amount the Treasurer may invest in any one issuer. The County had investments at June 30, 2024, of 5% or more in Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. These investments were 18% and 8%, respectively, of the County's total investments.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect an investment's fair value. The County does not have a formal investment policy with respect to interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2024, the County had the following investments:

Investment type	Amount	Weighted average maturity (years)
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5	\$ 283,63	2 0.09
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 500	153,39	9 2.12
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7	304,18	3 0.08
Certificates of Deposit	57,55	5 1.46
Corporate bonds	53,13	1.17
Municipal bonds	1,66	3 0.89
Federal Farm Credit Bank	39,97	7 2.15
Federal Home Loan Bank	284,82	4 1.64
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	128,97	6 0.71
Federal National Mortgage Association	50,08	3 2.12
U.S. Treasury Notes	76	7 3.05
Money market mutual fund	213,67	<u>1</u> 0.11
	\$ 1,571,86	1

Fair value measurement—The County's investments at June 30, 2024, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

		Fair value measurement using					
		active i	d prices in markets for ical assets	Significant othe observable inputs			
Investment by fair value level	Amount	(L	evel 1)	(L	evel 2)		
Corporate bonds	\$ 53,131	\$	38,131	\$	15,000		
Municipal bonds	1,663				1,663		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	39,977		15,034		24,943		
Federal Home Loan Bank	284,824		14,841		269,983		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	128,976				128,976		
Federal National Mortgage Association	50,083				50,083		
U.S. Treasury Notes	767		767				
Money market mutual fund	213,671		213,671				
Certificates of Deposit	57,555				57,555		
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 830,647	\$	282,444	\$	548,203		

The investments categorized as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

The investments categorized as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted for similar investments in markets that are active or not active.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

The County also had investments of \$741,214 in the State Treasurer's investment pools measured at fair value. Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the County held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

	Cash on hand	Amounts of deposits	Amounts of investments	Total	
Cash, deposits, and investments:	\$ 35	\$ 147,761	\$ 1,571,861	\$ 1,719	,657
			C411-1-61-		

						Custodia	al funds	
	G	overnmental activities	Business- type activities	Private- purpose rust funds		External evestment pool	Other	Total
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash	\$	703,337	\$ 117,906	\$ 5,795	\$	457,422	\$ 348,638	\$ 1,633,098
equivalents		45	 86,514		_			86,559
Total	\$	703,382	\$ 204,420	\$ 5,795	\$	457,422	\$ 348,638	\$ 1,719,657

County Treasurer's investment pool—Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under their stewardship. The County Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the County Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30. The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The structure of the pool does not provide for shares and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The County Treasurer allocates interest earnings to each of the pool's participants. The County's deposits and investments are included in the County Treasurer's investment pool, except for \$35 of cash on hand, \$39,750 of deposits, and \$521,387 of investments primarily in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Therefore, the deposit and investment risks of the Treasurer's investment pool are substantially the same as the County's deposit and investment risks disclosed above.

Note 3: Cash and Investments (continued)

The pool's assets consist of the following:

		Interest		
Investment type	Principal	rates	Maturities	Fair value
Corporate bonds	53,609	0.60-5.49%	09/24-12/26	53,131
Municipal bonds	1,630	2.66%	07/24-01/26	1,663
Federal Farm Credit Bank	40,000	3.09-4.88%	10/25-05/27	39,977
Federal Home Loan Bank	287,325	0.92-5.75%	08/24-05/27	284,824
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	148,250	3.00-5.80%	08/24-04/27	128,976
Federal National Mortgage Association	50,000	4.97-5.30%	12/24-12/27	50,083
Certificates of Deposit	58,297	0.80-5.10%	07/24-01/28	57,555
Money Market Mutual Fund	181,879	VARIABLE	N/A	181,879
State Treasurer Investment Pool 5	250,490	N/A	N/A	250,490
Deposits	108,011	N/A	N/A	108,011
Interest receivable	1,896	N/A	N/A	1,896
Total assets				\$ 1,158,485

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net position and changes in net position follows:

Statement of fiduciary net position	
Assets held for:	
Internal participants	\$ 699,170
External participants	459,315
Total assets	1,158,485
Total net position	\$ 1,158,485
Statement of changes in fiduciary net position	
Total additions	\$ 6,840,868
Total deductions	(6,783,690)
Net increase	57,178
Net position:	
July 1, 2023	1,101,307
June 30, 2024	\$ 1,158,485

Note 4: Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships

The County has public-private and public-public partnership agreements as the transferor of properties that provide recreational services to the public. The County has an agreement with Southern Arizona Kart Club, Inc. to operate the Pima Motorsports Park Facility as a public recreational facility, an agreement with Arizona Aerospace Foundation to operate the Titan Missile Museum as a public museum, and an agreement with Old Tucson Entertainment LLC to operate Old Tucson Studios as a public recreational facility. All properties are existing assets that are currently in use, with operator commitments to make improvements over the life of each contract. At June 30, 2024, the County recognized \$878 in receivables and \$864 in deferred inflows related to public-private and public-public partnership agreements. The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure the receivable unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the agreement. The County's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the future year's COPs issuance estimate.

For the County's public-private and public-public partnership agreements the exclusive right to operate the properties is granted to the operators in accordance with permitted activities under public recreational facilities established by the County. The County maintains ownership of the properties, including any improvements made to the properties. In accordance with the public-private and public-public partnership agreements the operators are beholden to maintenance, repair, and replacement obligations.

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2023	mercuses	Decreases	3 tille 30, 202 i
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 589,571	\$ 7,492	\$ (798)	\$ 596,265
Construction in progress	77,989	135,161	(38,864)	174,286
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	667,560	142,653	(39,662)	770,551
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	1,042,793	10,165	(1,493)	1,051,465
Equipment	242,103	21,593	(18,786)	244,910
Infrastructure	1,598,328	17,944	(98)	1,616,174
Intangibles:				
Software	30,542		(5,855)	24,687
Right-to-use subscription assets	31,889	26,928	(333)	58,484
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Buildings and other improvements	4,126	2,269		6,395
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	2,949,781	78,899	(26,565)	3,002,115
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(450,036)	(33,043)	964	(482,115)
Equipment	(148,145)	(19,147)	17,845	(149,447)
Infrastructure	(982,329)	(43,788)	98	(1,026,019)
Intangibles:				
Software	(20,365)	(1,587)	4,819	(17,133)
Right-to-use subscription assets	(5,392)	(11,056)		(16,448)
Right-to-use lease assets:				
Buildings and other improvements	(1,730)	(874)		(2,604)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,607,997)	(109,495)	23,726	(1,693,766)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	1,341,784	(30,596)	(2,839)	1,308,349
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,009,344	\$ 112,057	\$ (42,501)	\$ 2,078,900

Note 5: Capital Assets (continued)

Parking Garages

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Department

Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 16,471	\$ 151		\$ 16,622
Construction in progress	94,594	44,883	\$ (43,677)	95,800
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	111,065	45,034	(43,677)	112,422
Total capital assets not being depreciated amortized	111,003	13,031	(13,077)	112,122
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	786,172	249		786,421
Equipment	186,179	4,312	(448)	190,043
Intangibles:	100,177	1,512	(1.0)	170,015
Software	19,072		(340)	18,732
Sewage conveyance systems	1,036,736	66,015	(675)	1,102,076
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	2,028,159	70,576	$\frac{(073)}{(1,463)}$	2,097,272
Total capital assets being depreciated amortized	2,026,139	70,370	(1,403)	2,097,272
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(347,551)	(23,873)		(371,424)
Equipment	(120,301)	(12,013)	298	(132,016)
Intangibles:	(120,301)	(12,013)	2,0	(132,010)
Software	(11,907)	(1,005)	341	(12,571)
Sewage conveyance systems	(420,602)	(21,271)	418	(441,455)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(900,361)	$\frac{(21,271)}{(58,162)}$	1,057	(957,466)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(900,301)	(38,102)	1,037	(937,400)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	1,127,798	12,414	(406)	1,139,806
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,238,863	\$ 57,448	\$ (44,083)	\$ 1,252,228
Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to fund	ctions as follows:			
Governmental activities:				
General government		\$ 23,719		
Public safety		15,065		
Highway and streets		41,176		
Sanitation		371		
Health		1,531		
Welfare		43		
Culture and recreation		10,165		
Education and economic opportunity		1,093		
Internal service funds		16,332		
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortizati	on expense	\$ 109,495		
Business-type activities:				
Development Services		\$ 2		
D. 1. C.		764		

764

57,396

58,162

Note 5: Capital Assets (continued)

	alance 1, 2023	Incr	eases	De	creases	alance 30, 2024
Discretely presented component unit: Southwestern Fair Commission (SFC):	 					,
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Construction in progress	\$ 22	\$	317	\$	(294)	\$ 45
Total capital assets not being depreciated	22		317		(294)	 45
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	10,939		520		(116)	11,343
Equipment	 3,015		379		(280)	 3,114
Total capital assets being depreciated	13,954		899		(396)	 14,457
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(6,819)		(498)		116	(7,201)
Equipment	 (2,294)		(165)		280	 (2,179)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (9,113)		(663)		396	 (9,380)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 4,841		236			 5,077
SFC capital assets, net	\$ 4,863	\$	553	\$	(294)	\$ 5,122

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management

Self-Insurance Trust Fund (SIT Fund)

The SIT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the insured risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; medical malpractice; environmental claims; and natural disasters. The Fund is liable for any single general or automobile liability claim up to \$2,500 per occurrence, any workers' compensation claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence, and any single medical malpractice claim up to \$1,000 per occurrence. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the self-insurance retention provided by the Fund. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance policy limits in any of the last three fiscal years. Any current unemployment claims and environmental claims are self-funded.

All of the County's departments participate in the fund. Charges are based on actuarial estimates, loss history, and other factors as appropriate to determine amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

At June 30, 2024, claims liabilities for each insurable category are as follows:

Automobile liability	\$ 455
General liability	8,342
Workers' compensation	14,638
Environmental liability	1,500
	\$ 24,935

The above amounts, excluding the environmental liability, are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption of 2 percent.

Changes in the unpaid claims liability reported in the SIT Fund are as follows:

			ent-Year ims and			
Year	Balance July 1		Changes in Estimates		Claims ayments	Balance une 30
2022-23	\$ 31,975	\$	9	\$	(6,341)	\$ 25,643
2023-24	\$ 25,643	\$	4,345	\$	(5,053)	\$ 24,935

Health Benefits Trust Fund (HBT Fund)

The HBT Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for the financing of the County's self-insured medical/pharmacy plan for employees and their dependents. The Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions. The medical benefits are administered by Aetna, the pharmacy benefits are administered by CVS Caremark in conjunction with the medical plan.

The plan consists of two options, a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) with a Health Savings Account (HSA), or a HDHP without an HSA. The County purchases commercial stop-loss insurance coverage for claims in excess of coverage provided by the HBT Fund. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 6: Claims, Judgments and Risk Management (continued)

Claim liabilities are computed using a variety of actuarial methods and techniques including the exposure approach and completion factors. Accrued actuarial liabilities for the HBT Fund at June 30, 2024, for the HDHP plans are as follows:

High-Deductible Health Plan:

Medical	\$ 4,416
Pharmacy	 1,984
	\$ 6,400

Changes in the unpaid claims liabilities reported in the HBT Fund are as follows:

			 rent-Year aims and					
		alance July 1	Changes in Estimates		Claims Payments		Balance June 30	
2022-23	\$	6,000	\$ 76,341	\$	(75,441)	\$	6,900	
2023-24	\$	6,900	\$ 73,375	\$	(73,875)	\$	6,400	

Litigation

Pima County is a defendant in a number of court actions. In the opinion of County management, the final disposition of these actions, if unfavorable, will not have a material effect upon the County's financial statements.

Pollution Remediation

The County has estimated and reported an environmental liability of \$30 in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities (in noncurrent liabilities) under the Arizona Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund state statutes in Article 5, Chapter 2, of Title 49 and regulations in Chapter 16 of Title 18. Remediation efforts are currently underway at one County site: El Camino del Cerro.

Remediation efforts continue at the El Camino del Cerro site which is approximately bordered by the Santa Cruz River on the west, Interstate 10 on the east and El Camino del Cerro Road on the south. The groundwater contamination is suggested to resonate from the municipal and solid waste landfill operated on the site from 1973 to 1977.

The estimated liability was calculated based upon the expected future outlays associated with the estimate of one pump-and-treat system for one year. There is potential for changes due to increased costs associated with sewage disposal costs, construction costs for extraction and injection wells, and/or changes in the estimated extent of contamination.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule details the County's long-term liability and obligation activities for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024	Due within 1 year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds Bonds from direct placement Unamortized premium/discount	\$ 64,805 1,729 1,122	1,675	\$ 20,215 87 584	\$ 44,590 3,317 538	\$ 13,630 158 311
Total general obligation bonds	67,656	1,675	20,886	48,445	14,099
Transportation revenue bonds Unamortized premium/discount Total transportation revenue bonds	61,175 2,837 64,012		9,280 604 9,884	51,895 2,233 54,128	6,505 512 7,017
Certificates of participation Unamortized premium/discount Total certificates of participation	237,600 9,699 247,299	39,070 1,349 40,419	33,065 1,815 34,880	243,605 9,233 252,838	41,990 1,688 43,678
Pledged revenue obligations	290,000		20,870	269,130	22,540
Financed purchases	247		140	107	107
Leases payable	2,517	2,240	806	3,951	734
Subscriptions liability	23,262	20,913	6,859	37,316	7,538
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (Note 10)	505,068	27,550	34,697	497,921	
Reported but unpaid losses (Note 6)	15,245	1,073	441	15,877	4,718
Incurred but not reported losses (Note 6)	17,298	446	2,286	15,458	7,537
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs (Note 8)	11,147	264		11,411	
Pollution remediation (Note 6)	64		34	30	
Compensated absences payable Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	44,132 \$ 1,287,947	34,472 \$ 129,052	27,080 \$ 158,863	\$ 1,258,136	26,624 \$ 134,592
Business-type activities:					
Sewer revenue obligations Obligations from direct borrowing Unamortized premium/discount Total revenue obligations payable	\$ 300,480 68,044 28,340 396,864	\$ 42,350 3,065 45,415	\$ 59,075 7,959 8,312 75,346	\$ 283,755 60,085 23,093 366,933	\$ 55,940 8,115 6,384 70,439
Net pension/OPEB liabilities (Note 10)	32,944	6	1,901	31,049	
•	ŕ		•	ŕ	
Contracts and notes	4,052	933	3,736	1,249	2.154
Compensated absences payable	3,916	2,789	2,226	4,479	2,154
Asset retirement obligations Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 444,604	\$ 49,392	\$83,209	7,077 \$ 410,787	\$ 72,593

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The County's debt consists of various issues of general obligation bonds including bonds from direct placements, pledged revenue obligations, transportation revenue bonds, certificates of participation and sewer revenue obligations including obligations from direct placements that are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Bond proceeds primarily pay for acquiring or constructing capital facilities. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. The County repays general obligation bonds from voter-approved property taxes. Transportation revenue bonds are repaid from net highway user revenues in the Transportation fund. Certificates of participation are repaid from the General fund and other various funds' revenues. Sewer revenue obligations are repaid from the charges for services in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation fund.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from property tax revenues of the Debt Service Fund)

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2024, consisted of the outstanding general obligation bonds presented below.

On May 23, 2024, the Rocking K South Community Facilities District issued General Obligation Bonds via direct placement, Tax-Exempt Series 2024A in the amount of \$1,675 to fund certain projects related to public infrastructure. The District will use the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levy to make the debt service payments on the 2024A Bonds. Direct Placements were deemed the most cost-effective method for these initial issues of the Community Facility District General Obligation Bonds due to the relatively low dollar amount of the offerings.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Out	standing
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	June	30, 2024
Series of 2012A	60,000	3.25 - 4.00%	2025-27	July 1, 2022	\$	12,200
Series of 2013A	50,000	3.00 - 4.00%	2025-28	July 1, 2023		15,420
Series of 2014	10,000	3.00 - 3.38%	2025-28	July 1, 2023		3,295
Series of 2015	15,000	2.75 - 3.50%	2025-29	July 1, 2025		4,615
Series of 2016 Refunding	122,070	4.00%	2025-26			9,060
Subtotal						44,590
Series of 2020A Direct Placement	138	4.50%	2025-36			117
Series of 2023A Direct Placement	1,670	4.66%	2025-37			1,525
Series of 2024A Direct Placement	1,675	5.65%	2025-38			1,675
GO bonds outstanding					' <u>'</u>	47,907
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						538
-			Total G.O. bonds of	utstanding	\$	48,445

The following schedule details general obligation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2024.

		<u>G0</u>	Bonds		Bonds from Direct Placement				
Year Ending Jun	<u>ie 30,</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	I	<u>rincipal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	
2025		\$ 13,630	\$	1,693	\$	158	\$	181	
2026		14,160		1,164		178		163	
2027		9,910		609		188		154	
2028		5,905		256		194		144	
2029		985		30		204		134	
2030-2034						1,191		504	
2035-2038						1,204		164	
	Total	\$ 44,590	\$	3,752	\$	3,317	\$	1,444	

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

TRANSPORTATION BONDS

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from street and highway revenues)

Pima County transportation revenue bonds were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's streets and highways. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$16,375 from the November 4, 1997, bond election remains unissued.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Outs	tanding
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	June 30, 2024	
Series of 2012	\$ 18,425	3.00 - 4.00%	2025-27	July 1, 2022	\$	4,545
Series of 2014	16,000	3.00 - 3.38%	2025-28	July 1, 2023		5,550
Series of 2018	11,000	5.00%	2025-33	July 1, 2028		6,840
Series of 2019	25,000	4.00%	2025-33	July 1, 2028		18,535
Series of 2020	21,000	2.00%	2025-35	July 1, 2030		16,425
Transportation bonds outstanding						51,895
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						2,233
		\$	54,128			

The following schedule details transportation bond debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2024.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>P</u> 1	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>Ir</u>	<u>iterest</u>
2025	\$	6,505	\$	1,742
2026		6,730		1,516
2027		6,955		1,293
2028		5,580		1,062
2029		4,265		868
2030-2034		20,215		1,996
2035		1,645		33
Total	\$	51,895	\$	8,510

Pima County has pledged future street and highway revenues to repay \$51,895 in transportation revenue bonds issued between 2012 and 2020. Proceeds from the bonds provide financing for construction of various highways and streets within Pima County. The bonds are payable from transportation revenues and are payable through 2035. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$60,405. It is expected that approximately 7 percent of total future revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the bonds. Prior year street and highway revenues are required to be greater than two times the maximum annual debt service payment. Principal and interest paid for bonds in the current year, and total current year street and highway revenues were \$11,292 and \$77,323, respectively.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

Governmental Activities

(Payments made from General Fund revenues)

Certificates of Participation represent proportionate interests in semiannual lease payments. The County's obligation to make lease payments is subject to annual appropriations being made by the County for that purpose.

On November 9, 2023, the County issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2023A and Series 2023B for a combined amount of \$39,070. Certificates of Participation Tax-Exempt Series 2023A was issued in the amount of \$23,915 with the proceeds to be used to fund various Facilities Management projects along with the San Xavier Substation for the Sheriff's Department. Certificates of Participation Taxable Series 2023B was issued in the amount of \$15,155 with proceeds to be used to fund upgrades to the County's enterprise resource planning computer system.

The following schedule details outstanding Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2024.

	Issue	Interest			Out	tstanding
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	<u>June</u>	e 30, 2024
Series of 2014	\$ 52,160	5.00%	2025-29	December 1, 2023	\$	22,125
Series of 2016B	15,185	2.99 - 4.04%	2025-31	June 1, 2026		8,050
Series of 2019	20,940	5.00%	2025-34	December 1, 2028		15,885
Series of 2019A	12,975	5.00%	2025-34	December 1, 2029		11,315
Series of 2020B	15,720	5.00%	2025-36	December 1, 2030		13,440
Series of 2020C	50,390	0.66 - 1.06%	2025-26			20,380
Series of 2021	50,000	1.07%	2025-27			30,345
Series of 2022A	27,930	5.00%	2025-37	December 1, 2032		26,515
Series of 2022B	60,515	5.05 - 5.38%	2025-28			56,480
Series of 2023A	23,915	5.00%	2025-38	December 1, 2033		23,915
Series of 2023B	15,155	5.78 - 6.33%	2025-34			15,155
Certificates of participation outstanding					-	243,605
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						9,233
		Total certificates	\$	252,838		

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's Certificates of Participation payable at June 30, 2024.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>I</u>	<u>nterest</u>
2025	\$ 41,990	\$	9,751
2026	42,115		8,435
2027	37,265		7,021
2028	37,710		5,282
2029	14,160		3,941
2030-2034	50,210		11,648
2035-2038	20,155		1,725
Total	\$ 243,605	\$	47,803

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The County's COPS issuances are secured by collateral of certain County buildings. The following table provides the COPS issuance and County buildings subject to collateralization in the event the County defaults on any COPS issuance.

					COPS	Issuand	<u>e</u>				Building Collateral
2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020B	2020C	2021	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	Adult Detention Facility
2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020B	2020C	2021	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	Public Works Building and Parking Garage
2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020B	2020C	2021	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	Legal Services Building
											Public Service Center Office Tower and
2014	2016B	2019	2019A	2020B	2020C	2021	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	Parking Garage
		2019	2019A	2020B	2020C	2021	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	Justice Building

PLEDGED REVENUE OBLIGATIONS Governmental Activities

Pledged revenue obligations were issued to pay down the unfunded actuarial liabilities in the County's Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plans.

The following table presents amounts outstanding by issue.

<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	itstanding ie 30, 2024
Series of 2021	\$ 300,000	0.52 - 2.51%	2025-36		\$ 269,130
Pledged revenue obligations outstanding					 269,130
Plus unamortized premium/discount:					
-		Total pledg	ged revenue obligati	ions outstanding	\$ 269,130

The following schedule details pledged revenue obligations debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2024.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>]</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2025	\$	22,540	\$	4,979	
2026		23,190		4,776	
2027		24,065		4,514	
2028		24,340		4,173	
2029		24,040		3,786	
2030-2034		112,085		12,084	
2035-2036		38,870		1,435	
Total	\$	269,130	\$	35,747	

The County has pledged future State-shared sales tax revenues, State vehicle license tax revenues, County excise tax revenues, and payments in lieu of property tax revenues to repay \$269,130 in pledged revenue obligations issued in 2021. Proceeds from the obligations were used to pay down the unfunded actuarial liabilities for the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and the Corrections Officers Retirement Plan. The obligations are payable from the various revenues mentioned above and are payable through 2036. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the obligations is \$304,877. It is expected that approximately 15 percent of total future revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest on the obligations. Prior year pledged revenues are required to be greater than two times the maximum annual debt service payment. Principal and interest paid for these obligations in the current year, and total current year pledged revenues were \$25,958 and \$172,612, respectively.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

FINANCED PURCHASES Governmental Activities

The County has acquired equipment under contract agreements at a total purchase price of \$725.

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the County's financed purchases at June 30, 2024.

	-	Installment Notes							
Year Ending June 30,		<u>Pri</u> i	ncipal	<u>Interest</u>					
2025	_	\$	107	\$	1				
T	otal	\$	107	\$	1				

The financed purchases are collateralized by the acquired assets, which consist of computer equipment.

LEASES Governmental Activities

The County has obtained the right to use buildings and other improvements under the provisions of various lease agreements.

The total amount of lease assets and the related amortization are as follows:

Total intangible right-to-use lease assets:	\$ 6,395
Less: accumulated amortization	(2,604)
Carrying value	\$ 3,791

The following schedule details minimum lease payments to maturity for the County's leases payable at June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 734	\$ 165
2026	581	134
2027	361	113
2028	349	96
2029	380	78
2030-2034	794	207
2035-2039	236	123
2040-2044	138	92
2045-2049	188	59
2050-2053	190	16
Total	\$ 3,951	\$ 1,083

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS Governmental Activities

The County has obtained the right to use software as a service from Axon Enterprise, Inc. primarily for storing and managing data from the Sheriff department's body cameras, various software as a service under software value added reseller SHI International, Corp, and other right to use cloud-based software under the provisions of various subscription-based information technology arrangements.

The total amount of subscription assets and the related amortization are as follows:

Total intangible right-to-use subscription assets: \$ 58,484

Less: accumulated amortization (16,448)

Carrying value \$ 42,036

The following schedule details minimum subscription payments to maturity for the County's subscriptions liability at June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	Ending June 30, Principal			
2025	\$	7,538	\$	1,498
2026		7,286		1,145
2027		6,157		830
2028		5,846		541
2029		6,128		249
2030-2032		4,361		220
Total	\$	37,316	\$	4,483

SEWER REVENUE OBLIGATIONS Business-Type Activities

(Payments made from user charges received in the RWR)

Pima County sewer revenue obligations were issued to provide monies to construct improvements to the County's Regional Wastewater Reclamation system.

On November 9, 2023, the County issued Sewer System Revenue Obligations, Series 2023 in the amount of \$42,350. The proceeds will be used to fund treatment and conveyance projects within the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund's Capital Improvement Program. The Series 2023 obligations are projected to be paid in full by fiscal year 2033-34 from the revenues received in the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the County defeased \$18,820 of Sewer Revenue Obligations, Series 2016 with existing resources to reduce the debt service costs and help eliminate the need for future sewer rate increases. Accordingly, the related liabilities are not included in the County's financial statements. The County placed \$19,753 of existing cash in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for the future debt service payments of \$20,179.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

The following table presents amounts outstanding for sewer revenue obligations by issue.

	Issue	Interest			Ou	tstanding
<u>Issue</u>	Amount	Rates	Maturities	Call Date	Jun	e 30, 2024
Series of 2014	48,500	5.00%	2025-28	July 1, 2023	\$	17,330
Series of 2016 Refunding	211,595	5.00%	2025-26			51,190
Series of 2018	38,205	5.00%	2026-33	July 1, 2028		38,205
Series of 2019	21,245	5.00%	2025-32	July 1, 2029		14,155
Series of 2020A	35,295	5.00%	2025-27			10,295
Series of 2020B	45,715	5.00%	2025-31	July 1, 2030		42,005
Series of 2022	68,225	5.00%	2025-33	July 1, 2032		68,225
Series of 2023	42,350	5:00%	2025-34	July 1, 2033		42,350
Subtotal						283,755
Series of 2017 Direct Placement	45,000	2.77%	2025-31			24,645
Series of 2021 Direct Placement	45,000	1.27%	2025-31			35,440
Subtotal						60,085
Sewer Revenue Obligations outstanding						343,840
Plus unamortized premium/discount:						23,093
		Total sewer reve	nue obligations outs	tanding	\$	366,933

The following schedule details sewer revenue obligation debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2024.

	5	Sewer Obliga	tion Del	bt Service	<u>Oblig</u>	gations from l	Direct P	lacement
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		<u>I</u> 1	<u>Interest</u>		rincipal	<u>Ir</u>	<u>iterest</u>
2025	\$	55,940	\$	14,187	\$	8,115	\$	1,133
2026		53,125		11,391		8.265		981
2027		37,965		8,735		8,420		826
2028		26,030		6,836		8,575		668
2029		23,325		5,535		8,740		506
2030-2034		87,370		10,744		17,970		514
Total	\$	283,755	\$	57,428	\$	60,085	\$	4,628

All sewer revenue obligations, including direct placements, were issued with a first lien on the pledge of the RWR net revenues and have restrictive covenants, primarily related to minimum utility rates and limitations on future bond issues. The bond covenants also require the RWR to maintain in the Bond Reserve Account monies in amounts set by each debt issue. At June 30, 2024, the RWR met the requirements of the debt covenants. The County is also authorized to issue for the RWR additional parity bonds or revenue obligations if certain conditions are met, primarily that net revenues for parity bonds and pledged revenues for revenue obligations for the fiscal year immediately preceding issuance of the new debt exceed 120 percent of the maximum annual debt service requirements immediately after such issuance.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

Pima County has pledged future user charges, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$283,755 in sewer obligations and \$60,085 in sewer obligations from direct placement issued between 2014 and 2024. Proceeds from the obligations and direct placement provided financing for construction of various treatment facilities and sewer infrastructure within Pima County. The obligations and direct placement are payable from total customer net revenues and are payable through fiscal year 2034. It is expected that approximately 21 percent of total future customer net revenues will be used to pay annual principal and interest payments on the obligations and direct placement. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the obligations and direct placement are \$341,183 and \$64,713 respectively. Principal and interest paid in the current year on revenue obligations and direct placement totaled \$55,702, and principal and interest paid on the direct borrowing totaled \$9,241. Total customer net revenues in the current year were \$98,583.

ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION Business-Type Activities

Pima County's asset retirement obligation is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement and clean closure of a wastewater treatment facility as required by State laws and regulations. The estimates used in calculating this liability are based on actual historical clean-up costs associated with the retirement and clean closure of a recently closed wastewater treatment facility. The clean closure costs estimate is adjusted annually using an inflation factor. The estimated remaining useful lives of the associated wastewater treatment facilities range between 1 to 21 years.

CONTRACTS AND NOTES Business-Type Activities

(Payments made from restricted assets in the RWR)

Contracts and notes consist of contract retentions for several construction projects. Generally, interest is not accrued and the timing of payments is based on completion of the related construction projects.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are paid from various funds in the same proportion that those funds pay payroll costs. During the fiscal year 2024, the County paid for compensated absences from governmental funds with 74 percent from the General Fund, 14 percent from Other Special Revenue funds, 5 percent from Grants Special Revenue fund, 4 percent from the Other Special Revenue fund, and 3 percent from internal service funds. The County also paid compensated absences from business-type activity funds with 86 percent from the Regional Wastewater Reclamation fund and 14 percent from other enterprise funds.

Note 7: Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN County General Obligation Bonds

General obligation debt may not exceed 6 percent of the value of the County's taxable property as of the latest assessment. However, with voter approval, debt may be incurred up to 15 percent of the value of taxable property. Pima County has received voter approval for all general obligation debt. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Net assessed valuation		\$ 13,137,117
Debt limit (15% of net assessed valuation):		1,970,568
Less amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
General obligation bonds outstanding Less general obligation bonds outstanding for the Rocking K	\$ 47,907	
South CFD	(3,317)	44,590
Legal debt margin available		\$ 1,925,978

Note 8: Landfill Liabilities

Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill sites when these sites stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after their closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date the landfills stop accepting waste, the County records a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a long-term liability at fiscal year-end. The \$11,411 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care long-term liability within the governmental activities represents the cumulative amount reported to date, based on the percentage used of each landfill's total estimated capacity. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$4,636 as the remaining estimated capacities are used. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024; actual costs may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Landfill Site	Capacity Used June 30, 2024	Estimated Remaining Service Life
Ajo	81%	23 Years
Sahuarita*	59%	24 Years
Tangerine	100%	Closed

^{*}The Sahuarita Landfill stopped accepting waste from the public in February 2016, but remains open for internal County waste disposal needs.

The County plans to fund the estimated closure and post-closure care costs with General Fund monies.

According to State and Federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that ensure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, post-closure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements. The County closed its Ina Road Landfill facility during fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This facility is not subject to the closure and post-closure cost requirements referred to above. The County estimates that the total closure costs of the landfill will be \$1,581 and has currently paid \$7,602 of these closure costs. The remaining closure costs will primarily be funded with General Fund monies.

On September 29, 2022, Waste Management of Arizona, Inc. was contracted to operate the Landfill and Transfer Station operations on behalf of Pima County in an agency capacity. The closure and post closure costs remain the liability of Pima County.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

Note 9: Interfund Transactions

A. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Due from/Due to other funds for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Amounts recorded as due to:

	General	oital ects	(Grants	Sp	other pecial venue	Otl Govern		Regi Waste Reclan	water	her prise	 Total
General			\$	1,481	\$	127	\$	2	\$	2		\$ 1,612
Capital Projects	\$ 3,651			5,568								9,219
Grants	324					34		162				520
Other Special Revenue	460			79							\$ 5	544
Other Governmental	310	\$ 1		178								489
Other Enterprise		 				5		28		31	 	 64
Total	\$ 4,745	\$ 1	\$	7,306	\$	166	\$	192	\$	33	\$ 5	\$ 12,448

Due from/Due to other funds are used to record short-term loans or unpaid transfers between funds. Outstanding due to/due from amounts represent cash transfers that had not occurred at the end of the year. All due to/due from amounts are expected to be paid in one year.

The due to the General Fund from the Grants Fund, represents transfers for various indirect charges. The majority of these were in either the Health or Community & Workforce Development departments. The due to the Capital Projects Fund from the Grants Fund represents transfers for various developments primarily from federal aid reimbursements. The due to the Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund represents transfers for the replacement of the County's ERP system.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Note 9: Interfund Transactions (continued)

B. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move monies between individual funds primarily to properly account for capital projects activity, debt service activity, and to subsidize departmental operations.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Amounts recorded as transfers out:

	General	Capital Projects	Grants	Other Special Revenue	Other Governmental	Regional Wastewater Reclamation	Other Enterprise	Internal Service	Total
General			\$ 2,970	\$ 720		\$ 165		\$ 2	\$ 3,857
Capital Projects	\$ 23,562		30,099	2,463	\$ 30,032	3,100	\$ 210		89,466
Debt Service	35,332	\$ 3,040		4	42,835	500	662	222	82,595
Grants	2,777			309	946				4,032
Other Special Revenue	5,945	7,280	400		1,415	80		42	15,162
Other Governmental	51,473	465	264	93	225	45		60	52,625
Other Enterprise	140			5					145
Internal Service	78		7,926						8,004
Total	\$ 119,307	\$ 10,785	\$ 41,659	\$ 3,594	\$ 75,453	\$ 3,890	\$ 872	\$ 326	\$ 255,886

The following is a summary of the significant transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

The transfers out of the General Fund were made to the Other Governmental Funds, to support Transportation's Certificates of Participation debt service payments, to support Health Fund operations, and to support Stadium District Fund operations, such as subsidizing debt service obligations and ballfield maintenance costs in connection with the Kino Sports Complex.

The transfers out from the General Fund were made to the Capital Projects Fund, to support ongoing library expansion projects at various branches and to support Transportation Fund pay-as-you-go payments for this year.

The transfers out from the General Fund were made to the Debt Service Fund, to support the Certificates of Participation debt service payments and CORP/PSPRS pension debt.

The transfers out from the Capital Projects Fund were made to the Other Special Revenue Fund to support parks and recreation renewal projects.

The transfers out of the Grants Fund were made to the Capital Projects Fund, to support various County infrastructure and facility upgrade projects in addition to the construction of a congregate facility.

The transfers out of the Other Governmental Funds were made to the Capital Projects Fund for the support of construction-related activity in connection with projects for the Flood Control District.

The transfers out of the Other Governmental Funds were made to the Debt Service Fund, to support the Certificates of Participation debt service payments.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The County contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP), the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Administrative Office of the Courts (CORP AOC), the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), consisting of Pima County Sheriffs and Pima County – County Attorney Investigators, the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP), the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS), all component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2024, the County reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of net position and Statement of activities	Go	overnmental activities	iness-type ctivities	Total
Net OPEB assets	\$	17,827	\$ 1,044	\$ 18,871
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		497,921	31,049	528,970
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		130,051	4,216	134,267
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		41,336	1,979	43,315
Pension and OPEB expense		61,021	2,089	63,110

The County's accrued payroll and employee benefits includes \$3 of outstanding pension and OPEB contribution amounts payable to all plans for the year ended June 30, 2024. Also, the County reported \$68,999 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

The ASRS, CORP, CORP AOC, PSPRS - Pima County Sheriffs, and EORP pension plans are described below. The PSPRS, Pima County Attorney Investigators, PSPDCRP, EODCRS pension plans, and all OPEB plans are not described due to their relative insignificance to the County's financial statements.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan description—County employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Arizona State Retirement System board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits provided—The ASRS provides retirement and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement Initial membership date						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65	30 years, age 55 25 years, age 60 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 50* any years, age 65					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					
*With actuarially reduced benefits							

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions—In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2024, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.14 percent for retirement of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.03 percent for retirement of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the County was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.94 percent for retirement of the annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill.

The County's total contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$36,708.

During fiscal year 2024, the County paid for ASRS pension contributions as follows: 63 percent from the General Fund, 17 percent from major funds, and 20 percent from other funds.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Liability—At June 30, 2024, the County reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability.

ASRS	Net pension liability
Pension	\$ 339,267

The net liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

The County's proportion of the net liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's proportions measured as of June 30, 2023, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2022, were:

ASRS	Proportion June 30, 2023	Decrease from June 30, 2022
Pension	2.10%	(0.01)

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized the following pension expense.

ASRS	Pension expense
Pension	\$ 36,845

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	Deferred outflows of resources		5 11 5 E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,666			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			\$	12,004	
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions		14		4,015	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		36,708			
Total	\$	44,388	\$	16,019	

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	Pension
2025	\$ (4,850)
2026	(14,932)
2027	12,936
2028	(1,493)

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-term expected
Asset class	Target allocation	geometric real rate of return
Public equity	44%	3.50%
Credit	23%	5.90%
Real estate	17%	5.90%
Private equity	10%	6.70%
Interest rate sensitive	6%	1.50%
Total	100%	

Discount rate—At June 30, 2023, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS	1%	% Decrease (6.0%)	Curi	t discount rate (7.0%)	1%	% Increase (8.0%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	508,172		\$ 339,267	\$	198,430

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan

Plan descriptions—County sheriff employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. A 9-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

County detention officers and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) probation, surveillance, and juvenile detention officers participate in the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan (CORP). The CORP administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for county detention officers (agent plan), which was closed to new members as of July 1, 2018, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for AOC officers (cost-sharing plan). Employees who were CORP members before July 1, 2018, participate in CORP, and AOC probation and surveillance officers who became members on or after July 1, 2018, participate in CORP. The PSPRS Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern CORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 6.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS and CORP plans. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits provided—The PSPRS and CORP provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

PSPRS	Initial membership date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017	On or after July 1, 2017		
Retirement and disability	Defore building 1, 2012	before outy 1, 2017	on or uncer only 1, 2017		
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5	15 years of credited service, age 52.5* 15 or more years of service, age 55		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 15 years		
Benefit percent					
Normal retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credit	red service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental disability retirement	50%	or normal retirement, whichever is	greater		
Catastrophic disability retirement		ne first 60 months then reduced to enormal retirement, whichever is gr			
Ordinary disability retirement		ted with actual years of credited se r, multiplied by years of credited se divided by 20			
Survivor Benefit					
Retired members	80% to	100% of retired member's pension	n benefit		
Active members		ntal disability retirement benefit or f death was the result of injuries re			
*With actuarially reduced benefits					

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

CORP	Initial membership date:				
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2018	AOC probation and surveillance officers: On or after July 1, 2018		
Retirement and disability		,	• ,		
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	Sum of years and age equals 80 20 years, any age 10 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5 10 years, age 62	10 years, age 52.5* 10 or more years, age 55		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 c months of la			
Benefit percent					
Normal retirement	2.0% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%	1.25 to 2.25% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited more than 20 years of credited service 50% or normal retirement if more than 25 years of credited service				
Total and permanent disability retirement	50% or normal 1	retirement if more than 25 years o	f credited service		
Ordinary disability retirement	2.5% per year of credited service				
Survivor Benefit					
Retired members	80%	% of retired member's pension ber	nefit		
Active members	40% of average monthly compensation or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job. If there is no surviving spouse or eligible children, the beneficiary is entitled to 2 times the member's contributions.				
*With actuarially reduced benefits	conditionary is				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees covered by benefit terms—At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms: DCDDC CODD

	PSPRS Sheriff	CORP Detention
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	495	273
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	164	187
Active employees	434	217
Total	1,093	677

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions—State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS and CORP employees. In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS and CORP pension. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active member -	
	pension	County - pension
PSPRS Sheriff	7.65%	29.26%
CORP Detention	8.41%	9.45%
CORP AOC	8.41% or 9.81%	39.43%

In addition, statute required the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS or CORP would typically fill.

	Pension
PSPRS Sheriff	18.70%
CORP Detention	6.00%
CORP AOC	36.31%

The County's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2024, were:

	Pei	nsion
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	20,488
CORP Detention		2,563
CORP AOC		6.303

During fiscal year 2024, the County paid for PSPRS and CORP pension contributions as follows: 81 percent from the General Fund and 19 percent from other major funds.

Liability—At June 30, 2024, the County reported the following liabilities:

	pension ability
PSPRS Sheriff	\$ 89,575
CORP Detention	20,813
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)	48,532

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The net pension liabilities increased from the prior year; however, the County made additional pension contributions to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) in fiscal year 2024 in the amount of \$10,000, in addition to their required contributions.

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS and **CORP** - Pension

Mortality rates PubS-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS and CORP plan investments was determined to be 7.2 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS and CORP	Target	Long-term expected geometric real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
U.S. public equity	24%	3.98%
International public equity	16%	4.49%
Global private equity	20%	7.28%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	4.49%
Core bonds	6%	1.90%
Private credit	20%	6.19%
Diversifying strategies	5%	3.68%
Cash – Mellon	<u>2%</u>	0.69%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount rate—At June 30, 2024, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension liabilities was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Changes in the net pension liability

PSPRS – Sheriff	Increase (decrease)						
	lia	pension bility (a)		iduciary net position (b)	li	pension ability a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	476,211	\$	406,609	\$	69,602	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		5,770				5,770	
Interest on the total liability		33,667				33,667	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability		21,947				21,947	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		21,947				21,947	
Contributions—employer				8,568		(8,568)	
Contributions—employee				2,375		(2,375)	
Net investment income				30,656		(30,656)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(28,764)		(28,764)			
Administrative expense				(188)		188	
Net changes		32,620		12,647		19,973	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	508,831	\$	419,256	\$	89,575	

CORP – Detention	Increase (decrease)						
		tal pension liability (a)		iduciary net position (b)	l	t pension iability a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	160,210	\$	146,440	\$	13,770	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,744				1,744	
Interest on the total liability		11,334				11,334	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the							
liability		7,420				7,420	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs							
Contributions—employer				1,235		(1,235)	
Contributions—employee				1,289		(1,289)	
Net investment income				11,079		(11,079)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(9,080)		(9,080)			
Administrative expense				(148)		148	
Net changes		11,418		4,375		7,043	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	171,628	\$	150,815	\$	20,813	

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The County's proportion of the CORP AOC net pension liability was based on the County's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating counties' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2023, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2022, were:

CORP AOC	Proportion June 30, 2023	Decrease from June 30, 2022	
Pension	10.74%	-0.03	

Sensitivity of the County's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	- , .	Decrease (6.2%)	 scount rate	- , ,	Increase 8.2%)
PSPRS Sheriff Net pension liability	\$	154,115	\$ 89,574	\$	36,548
CORP Detention Net pension liability	\$	44,282	\$ 20,813	\$	1,772
CORP AOC County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	65,037	\$ 48,532	\$	35,085

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS and CORP financial reports.

Pension expense - For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized the following pension expense:

	Pension	
	e	xpense
PSPRS Sheriff	\$	21,857
CORP Detention		6,892
CORP AOC (County's proportionate share)		5,742

Pension deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS – Sheriff	 ed outflows esources	Deferred inflows of resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 22,426	\$	874
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3,020		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	11,286		
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	20,488		
Total	\$ 57,220	\$	874

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

CORP – Detention		Deferred outflows of resources		Deferred inflows of resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,978	\$	3,492	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		828			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,425			
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,563			
Total	\$	12,794	\$	3,492	
CORP – AOC		ed outflows of		l inflows of ources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$	2,626 890	\$	472	
plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between county		534			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		117 6,303		972	
Total	\$	10,470	\$	1,444	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSPRS Sheriff	_	ORP cention	CORP AOC
Year ending June 30				
2025	\$ 10,390	\$	2,858	\$ 565
2026	7,058		1,228	(215)
2027	14,426		2,808	2,028
2028	3,984		(155)	345
	\$ 35,858	\$	6,739	\$ 2,723

C. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan description—Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP) or ASRS. EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This EORP pension plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plan. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Benefits provided—The EORP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial membership date:					
_	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012				
Retirement and disability						
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 5 years, any age* any years and age if disabled	10 years, age 62 5 years, age 65 any years and age if disabled				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years				
Benefit percent						
Normal retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%				
Disability retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5 years of service	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5 years of service				
Survivor benefit						
Retired members	75% of retired member's benefit	50% of retired member's benefit				
Active members and other inactive members	75% of disability retirement benefit	50% of disability retirement benefit				

^{*}With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Contributions—State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2024, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the County to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 76.51 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the County to contribute 64.37 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members, in addition to the County's required contributions to ASRS. In addition, statute required the County to contribute 58.57 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the County in positions that an employee who contributes to the EORP would typically fill.

The County's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$5,913.

During fiscal year 2024, the County paid for EORP pension contributions entirely from the General Fund.

Liability—At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the County recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the County were as follows:

County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 29,293
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability associated with the County	32,751
Total	\$ 62,044

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's required contributions to the pension plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023. The County's proportion measured as of June 30, 2023, and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, were:

EORP	Proportion <u>June 30, 2023</u>	Decrease from June 30, 2022
Pension	4.67%	(4.12)

Expense—For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense for EORP of \$(11,564) and revenue of \$5,179 for the County's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources—At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP		l outflows ources	ed inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	123	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			
Changes in proportion and differences between county contributions and proportionate share of contributions			\$ 13,776
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,913	
Total	\$	6,036	\$ 13,776

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from county contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	Pe	ension
2025	\$	(13,799)
2026		(160)
2027		333
2028		(27)

Actuarial assumptions—The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.2%
Wage inflation	3.25%
Price inflation	2.5%
Cost of living adjustment	1.85%
Mortality rates	PubG-2010 tables

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

Note 10: Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.2 percent using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP	Target	Long-term expected geometric real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
U.S. public equity	24%	3.98%
International public equity	16%	4.49%
Global private equity	20%	7.28%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	4.49%
Core bonds	6%	1.90%
Private credit	20%	6.19%
Diversifying strategies	5%	3.68%
Cash - Mellon	2%	0.69%
Total	100%	

Discount rates—At June 30, 2023, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

EORP	1	% Decrease (6.2%)	C	Current discount rate (7.2%)		1%	% Increase (8.2%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,841		\$	29,293	\$	25,393

Plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

Note 11: Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2024, Pima County had the following major contractual commitments:

Behavioral Health – The Behavioral Health Department had contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$79,870. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from general fund and grant revenues.

Community & Workforce Development – The Community & Workforce Development Department had contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$24,420. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from reimbursements on intergovernmental grant awards, including federal and state entities.

Facilities Management – The Facilities Management Department had construction contractual commitments of \$46,525 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$9,666. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from Certificates of Participation, general fund and building rental revenues.

Regional Flood Control – The Regional Flood Control District had construction contractual commitments of \$7,889 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$1,841. Funding for these expenditures will be primarily from tax levy revenues.

Regional Wastewater Reclamation – The Regional Wastewater Reclamation enterprise fund had construction contractual commitments of \$21,920 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$13,607. Funding for these expenses will be primarily from Sewer Revenue Obligations and sewer user fees.

Sheriff's Department – The Sheriff's Department had construction contractual commitments of \$5,239 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$1,362. Funding for these expenditures will be provided from Certificates of Participation and the general fund.

Transportation – The Transportation Department had construction contractual commitments of \$9,786 and other contractual commitments related to service contracts of \$3,974. Funding for these expenditures will be primarily provided from Transportation Revenue bonds, impact fees, federal grants, and state Highway User Tax Revenue.

Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements – The County had contractual commitments related to subscription-based information technology arrangements for which the subscription term had not yet commenced at June 30, 2024, for an integrated enterprise resource planning system. At June 30, 2024, the County had made payments of \$19,690 to the vendors and had remaining contractual commitments of \$49,833 over the entire subscription term. These commitments include the subscription liabilities that will be recognized at the commencement of the subscription terms.

Note 12: Receivables

Accounts receivable as of fiscal year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate are shown as follows.

As part of a nationwide legal settlement with opioid manufacturers aimed at mitigating the harm caused by the opioid epidemic, the County has been awarded settlement funds. Consequently, the County has recorded a settlement receivable, net of uncollectible amounts of \$6,657, representing the anticipated remaining payments to be received.

Accounts receivable:	General	Capital Projects	Grants	Other Special Revenue	Other Governmental	Total
General	\$ 2,454	\$ 53	\$ 707	\$ 1,059	\$ 1,157	\$ 5,430
Settlements				88,845		88,845
Total accounts receivable	\$ 2,454	\$ 53	\$ 707	\$ 89,904	\$ 1,157	\$ 94,275

Note 13: Due from Other Governments

	Gei	neral	pital ojects	Grants	Sp	other pecial venue		ther nmental	ernal vice	Gove	Total rnmental tivities
Federal government:						<u>.</u>	'		 		
Grants and contributions	\$	162		\$ 24,578			\$	41		\$	24,781
State of Arizona:											
Taxes and shared revenues	2	9,724			\$	348		7,534			37,606
Grants and contributions				13,492				128			13,620
Cities:											
Reimbursement for services		569	\$ 145	5		12		4	\$ 23		758
Other governments:											
Reimbursement for services		44	18	273		1		30	14		380
Total due from other governments											
fund based statements	\$ 3	0,499	\$ 163	\$ 38,348	\$	361	\$	7,737	\$ 37	\$	77,145

Note 14: Subsequent Events

Sewer System Revenue Obligations—On July 17, 2024, the County defeased \$17,925 of the Series 2016 Sewer System Revenue Obligations using available cash of the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund to reduce the debt service costs and help eliminate the need for future sewer rate increases.

On October 23, 2024, the County issued Sewer System Revenue and Revenue Refunding Obligations Series 2024 in the amount of \$62,255. The proceeds include \$45,525 to be used to fund treatment and conveyance projects within the Regional Wastewater Reclamation Fund's Capital Improvement Program and \$16,730 to be used to refund the remaining maturities of the 2014 Sewer System Revenue Obligations. The Series 2024 obligations are scheduled to be paid in full with sewer system revenues by fiscal year 2034-2035.

Certificates of Participation—On December 19, 2024, the County issued Certificates of Participation, Series 2024 in the amount of \$44,575. The proceeds include \$27,125 to be used to fund Facilities Management and Sheriff's Department projects and \$17,450 to be used to refund the remaining maturities of the 2014 Certificates of Participation. The Series 2024 Certificates of Participation will be repaid within twelve years using General Fund revenues and Department contributions.

Settlements—Under the One Arizona Opioid Settlement Memorandum of Understanding (One Arizona Plan) related to national opioid settlements, Pima County is allocated a portion of settlement monies as the cases are settled. The Arizona Attorney General's Office handles the settlements for all parties in the One Arizona Plan. Six settlement payments have occurred since June 30, 2024, and the County will recognize approximately \$1.6 million in revenues in fiscal year 2025.

Litigation—On September 17, 2024, the Board of Supervisors approved a settlement in the litigation case of Julie Pitz v. Pima County, which was pending as of the fiscal year end in the amount of \$400.

Public-Private Partnership—Pima County has entered into a master developer partnership agreement as part of a public-private partnership with Mosaic Quarter Development and its affiliated entities to have them construct and operate a sports and entertainment complex. The development agreement lasts for 40 years and is structured into three phases that include the construction of sports facilities, hotels, restaurants, public gathering spaces and outdoor entertainment venues.

To begin Phase I of the development, the developer secured a related financing at a fixed rate of interest on October 16, 2024, in the amount of \$425,000 to be repaid over an approximately 30-year period. The underlying agreements for each phase of the project require that debt service payments are made as the priority expense from aggregate cash flows (net of operating expenses) generated from the operations of the sports facilities. The remaining net cash flows after debt service, ground rent, property taxes and operating expenses are paid, will be split with the County receiving 55 percent and the developer receiving 45 percent.

In addition, as part of this partnership the County has assumed a contingent liability, which would require it to make all or a portion of the fixed leased payments equal to the principal and interest of this financing, from the County's own funds through the agreements entered into by the County should the cash flows from operating the development prove insufficient and all development debt service reserves have been exhausted. The exposure to the County would range from approximately \$24,500 in fiscal year 2028 to approximated \$50,100 in fiscal year 2057.

The contingent liability of the County to make all or a portion of these payments is subject to the annual budgeting and appropriation by the County's Board of Supervisors.







REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Than Management's Discussion & Analysis

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts			iance with
Revenues:		Original		Fillal	_	Amounts	1.11	ai Budget
Property taxes	\$	429,637	\$	429,637	\$	431,039	\$	1,402
Licenses and permits		3,875		3,875		3,519		(356)
Intergovernmental		230,879		230,879		236,234		5,355
Charges for services		37,440		37,440		43,523		6,083
Fines and forfeits Investment earnings		2,437 4,539		2,437 4,539		2,442 8,376		5 3,837
Miscellaneous		6,503		6,503		20,431		13,928
Total revenues		715,310		715,310		745,564		30,254
Expenditures:								
General government								
Analytics & Data Governance		3,699		3,740		3,086		654
Assessor		11,889 2,889		12,773 2,922		12,383		390
Board of Supervisors Clerk of the Board		1,873		1,956		2,733 1,786		189 170
Clerk of the Superior Court		13,038		13,553		12,758		795
Communications		3,468		3,556		3,563		(7)
Constables		1,669		1,708		1,780		(72)
County Administrator		3,928		3,983		3,215		768
County Attorney		26,247		27,989		27,462		527
Elections		6,089		6,141		4,831		1,310
Facilities Management		22,140		23,019		20,965		2,054
Finance		16,523		17,146		14,743		2,403
Finance Non Departmental		131,181		98,336		12,627		85,709
Grants Management & Innovation Human Resources		5,027 6,676		5,171 6,754		4,483 5,821		688 933
Information Technology		22,328		22,751		19,910		2,841
Justice Courts		9,398		9,654		9,693		(39)
Justice Services		810		821		763		58
Juvenile Courts		21,545		22,519		22,301		218
Office of Sustainability & Conservation		1,789		1,853		1,576		277
Procurement		2,968		3,074		2,921		153
Public Defense Services		36,748		41,389		41,474		(85)
Public Works		3,929		4,089		3,285		804
Recorder		8,293		8,343		7,791		552
Superior Court Superior Court Mandated Services		45,444		47,019		47,290		(271)
Treasurer		1,840 2,910		2,290 3,051		2,486 2,738		(196) 313
		2,710		3,031		2,730		313
Public safety Finance Non Departmental				10,000		10,000		
Sheriff		159,631		167,058		164,065		2,993
Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security		863		863		715		148
Sanitation								
Environmental Quality		1,440		1,453		1,388		65
Health		, .		,		,		
Medical Examiner		5,262		5,470		5,527		(57)
Pima Animal Care Center		12,452		12,611		11,778		833
Welfare								
Finance		15,205		15,205		15,000		205
Behavioral Health		32,680		32,751		30,003		2,748
County Administrator		73,318		73,318		73,318		
Culture and recreation Parks & Recreation		21,372		21,960		20,924		1,036
Education and economic opportunity		21,372		21,700		20,724		1,050
Community & Workforce Development		13,429		13,554		11,797		1.757
Economic Development		2,426		2,437		2,307		130
Office of Digital Inclusion						23		(23)
School Superintendent		2,689		2,770		2,718		52
Debt service								
Principal						5,213		(5,213)
Interest						963		(963)
Total expenditures		755,105		755,050		650,203		104,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(39,795)		(39,740)		95,361		135,101
Other financing sources (uses):								
Lease agreements						148		148
Subscription-based information technology agreements						1,758		1,758
Proceeds from sale of capital assets								
Transfers in		5,083		5,083		3,857		(1,226)
Transfers (out)		(124,737)		(124,737)		(119,307)		5,430
Total other financing uses		(119,654)		(119,654)	_	(113,544)		6,110
Net change in fund balance		(159,449)		(159,394)		(18,183)		141,211
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		159,449		159,449		196,116		36,667
Fund balances, June 30, 2024				55	\$	177,933	\$	177,878
	_		_		_			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Amounts			
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 299,468	\$ 299,468	\$ 167,559	\$ (131,909)		
Investment earnings	23	23	5,722	5,699		
Miscellaneous	3,542	3,542	2,510	(1,032)		
Total revenues	303,033	303,033	175,791	(127,242)		
Expenditures:						
General government						
Clerk of the Superior Court	35	35	35			
County Attorney	5,837	5,837	2,897	2,940		
Elections	4	4	42	(38)		
Facilities Management	578	578		578		
Finance Non Departmental	100,000	99,259	542	98,717		
Grants Management & Innovation	87,974	87,974	64,869	23,105		
Justice Courts	163	163	299	(136)		
Justice Services	882	882	1,017	(135)		
Juvenile Courts	989	989	676	313		
Office of Sustainability & Conservation	500	500	116	384		
Public Defense Services	2,140	2,140	2,038	102		
Public Works						
	1,750	1,750	9	1,741		
Superior Court	1,269	1,269	910	359		
Public safety	•••	•••		(***		
Flood Control	328	328	637	(309)		
Sheriff	4,406	4,406	3,844	562		
Office of Emergency Management & Homeland Security	1,361	1,361	1,009	352		
Highways and streets						
Transportation			27	(27)		
Health						
Environmental Quality	946	946	1,054	(108)		
Health	27,414	27,414	19,983	7,431		
Pima Animal Care Center	1,316	1,316	582	734		
Welfare						
Behavioral Health	667	667	482	185		
Culture and recreation						
Parks & Recreation	395	395	247	148		
Education and economic opportunity						
Community & Workforce Development	37,140	37,140	32,515	4,625		
School Superintendent	1,438	1,438	948	490		
Total expenditures	277,532	276,791	134,778	142,013		
•			-			
Excess of revenues over expenditures	25,501	26,242	41,013	14,771		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	6,569	6,569	4,032	(2,537)		
Transfers (out)	(36,570)	(36,570)	(41,659)	(5,089)		
Total other financing uses	(30,001)	(30,001)	(37,627)	(7,626)		
Net change in fund balance	(4,500)	(3,759)	3,386	7,145		
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2023	(27,350)	(27,350)	(16,765)	10,585		
Fund balances (deficit), June 30, 2024	\$ (31,850)	\$ (31,109)	\$ (13,379)	\$ 17,730		
						

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Other Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Part Part			Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with	
Dicease and permits		O	riginal		Final	A	Amounts	Fina	al Budget
Intergovernmental	Revenues:								
Charges for services 10,654 10,545 12,873 2,219 Fines and forfeits 3,388 3,388 19,539 16,151 Investment earnings 512 512 3,803 3,291 Miscellaneous 7,238 7,238 8,018 780 Total revenues 51,240 51,240 72,897 21,657 Expenditures 8 7,238 7,289 20,608 Centry Attorney 9,024 9,024 4,996 4,028 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Justice Courts 1,811 1,8117 18,117 17,170 785 Recorder 1,83 1,483 1,483 1,483 1,483	Licenses and permits					\$	1	\$	1
Fines and forfeits 3,388 3,388 19,539 16,151 Investment earnings 512 512 3,803 3,291 Miscellaneous 7,238 7,238 8,018 780 Total revenues 51,240 51,240 72,897 21,657 Expenditures: Condered of the Superior Court 1,036 1,036 418 618 County Attorney 9,024 9,024 4,996 4,028 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,04 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Public Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,179 30 Tensurer 398 398 376	Intergovernmental	\$	29,448	\$	29,448		28,663		(785)
Investment earnings 512 512 3.803 3.291 Miscellancous 51,240 51,240 72,897 21,657 Total revenues 51,240 51,240 72,897 21,657 Expenditures:	Charges for services		10,654		10,654		12,873		2,219
Miscellaneous 7,238 7,238 8,018 780 Total revenues 51,240 51,240 72,897 21,657 Expenditures: General government 1 1,036 1,036 418 618 Clerk of the Superior Court 1,036 1,036 4,966 40,28 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Facilities Management 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 715 Justice Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 308 398 376 22 Public safety 2 8,448 8,448 3,43 36 Recorder 9,993 9,793	Fines and forfeits		3,388		3,388		19,539		16,151
Total revenues	Investment earnings		512		512		3,803		3,291
Page Page	Miscellaneous		7,238		7,238		8,018		780
General government Incompany 418 618 Clerk of the Superior Court 1,036 9,024 4,996 4,028 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 39,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 40 804 (804) Medical Examiner 65 65 5 24 4 Medical Examiner 65 65 24 4 Pima Ahimal Care Center 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255	Total revenues		51,240		51,240		72,897		21,657
Clerk of the Superior Court 1,036 1,036 418 618 County Attorney 9,024 9,024 4,996 4,028 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 8 3,979 9,298 495 Health 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 6 6 5 24 4 Pina Animal Care Center 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity	Expenditures:								
County Attorney 9,024 9,024 4,966 4,028 Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 9,78 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 8 398 398 376 22 Sheriff 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 804 (804) (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2,077 2,077 1,770 3,77 2,52 Principal									
Facilities Management 15,925 15,925 4,621 11,304 Finance 227 227 1 226 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 39793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 49793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 804 804 804 Culture and recreation 8448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 2077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 9 9 38	Clerk of the Superior Court		1,036		1,036		418		618
Finance 227 227 1 266 Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,693 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 39,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 40 804 804 804 Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 804 804 Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2007 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 2007 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 36 41 45	County Attorney		9,024		9,024		4,996		4,028
Justice Courts 1,945 1,945 1,170 775 Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 398 398 376 22 Public safety 5 65 65 24 41 Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 804 Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2007 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 20077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 9 9 38 29 Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,6	Facilities Management		15,925		15,925		4,621		11,304
Juvenile Courts 6,593 6,593 4,618 1,975 Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 398 398 376 22 Public safety 804 495 495 Health 804 804 804 Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 804 804 Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 200 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Community & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Det service 39 9 38<	Finance		227		227		1		226
Public Defense Services 1,228 1,228 978 250 Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 398 398 376 22 Public safety 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 65 65 24 4 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2077 2,077 1,770 307 Economic Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,	Justice Courts		1,945		1,945		1,170		775
Recorder 1,483 1,483 1,378 105 Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety 398 398 376 22 Public safety 500 398 398 398 376 22 Public safety 398 398 398 376 22 22 Public safety 398 398 398 376 22 22 Public safety 398 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 495 44 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 42 44 41 42 44 44 44 42 44 42 44 44 42 44 42 44 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42	Juvenile Courts		6,593		6,593		4,618		1,975
Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety Sheriff 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity Community & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,	Public Defense Services		1,228		1,228		978		250
Superior Court 18,117 18,117 17,299 818 Treasurer 398 398 376 22 Public safety Sheriff 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity Community & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,	Recorder		1,483		1,483		1,378		105
Public safety 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Health 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 2,077 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance	Superior Court		18,117				17,299		818
Sheriff Health 9,793 9,793 9,298 495 Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 0,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Community & Workforce Development 10,637 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Principal Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 <	•								22
Health Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity Tommunity & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201	Public safety								
Medical Examiner 65 65 24 41 Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 7,258 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 87,150 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778	Sheriff		9,793		9,793		9,298		495
Pima Animal Care Center 804 (804) Culture and recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity 0,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service 9 9 38 (29) Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023	Health								
Culture and recreation Parks & Recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity Community & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Medical Examiner		65		65		24		41
Parks & Recreation 8,448 8,448 3,193 5,255 Education and economic opportunity Tommunity & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Pima Animal Care Center						804		(804)
Education and economic opportunity 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Culture and recreation								
Community & Workforce Development 10,637 10,637 3,379 7,258 Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Parks & Recreation		8,448		8,448		3,193		5,255
Economic Development 2,077 2,077 1,770 307 Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Education and economic opportunity								
Debt service Principal 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Community & Workforce Development		10,637		10,637		3,379		7,258
Principal Interest 145 145 326 (181) Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers (out) 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Economic Development		2,077		2,077		1,770		307
Interest 9 9 38 (29) Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Debt service								
Total expenditures 87,150 87,150 54,687 32,463 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Principal		145		145		326		(181)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (35,910) (35,910) 18,210 54,120 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Interest		9		9		38		(29)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Total expenditures		87,150		87,150		54,687		32,463
Transfers in 15,149 15,149 15,162 13 Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(35,910)		(35,910)		18,210		54,120
Transfers (out) (6,127) (6,127) (3,594) 2,533 Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Other financing sources (uses):								
Total other financing sources 9,022 9,022 11,568 2,546 Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Transfers in		15,149		15,149		15,162		13
Net change in fund balance (26,888) (26,888) 29,778 56,666 Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Transfers (out)		(6,127)		(6,127)		(3,594)		2,533
Fund balances, July 1, 2023 42,201 42,201 65,575 23,374	Total other financing sources		9,022		9,022		11,568		2,546
	Net change in fund balance		(26,888)		(26,888)		29,778		56,666
Fund balances, June 30, 2024 15,313 15,313 \$ 95,353 \$ 80,040	Fund balances, July 1, 2023	_	42,201		42,201		65,575		23,374
	Fund balances, June 30, 2024		15,313		15,313	\$	95,353	\$	80,040

Notes to Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Note 1: Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Board of Supervisors' approval. With the exception of the General Fund, Other Special Revenue, and Other Special Revenue – Grants, each fund includes only one department.

Note 2: Budgetary basis of accounting

The County's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the present value of net minimum lease payments unbudgeted item reported as lease agreements, and the present value of net minimum subscription-based information technology arrangements payments unbudgeted item reported as subscription-based information technology arrangements.

	Gen	eral Fund
Excess of revenues over expenditures		
from the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	\$	93,455
Present value of net minimum lease payments		148
Present value of net minimum subscription-based information technology arrangements payments		1,758
Excess of revenues over expenditures from the budgetary comparison schedules		95,361

Note 3: Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2024, expenditures for the following departments in the General, Grants Fund, and Other Special Revenue Fund exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) as follows:

Function/Department	Excess
General government:	
Communications - General Fund	\$ 7
Constables - General Fund	72
Elections - Grants Fund	38
Justice Courts - General Fund	39
Justice Courts - Grants Fund	136
Justice Services - Grants Fund	135
Public Defense Services - General Fund	85
Superior Court - General Fund	271
Superior Court Mandated Services - General Fund	196
Total general government	979
Public safety:	
Flood Control - Grants Fund	309
Total public safety	309
Highways and streets:	
Transportation - Grants Fund	27
Total highways and streets	27
•	
Health:	
Environmental Quality - Grants Fund	108
Medical Examiner - General Fund	57
Pima Animal Care Center - Other Special Revenue Fund	804
Total health	969
The state of the s	
Education and economic opportunity:	
Office of Digital Inclusion - General Fund	23
Total education and economic opportunity	23
Debt service:	
Principal - General Fund	5,213
Principal - Other Special Revenue Fund	181
Interest - General Fund	963
Interest - Other Special Revenue Fund	29
Total debt service	6,386
Total debt service	0,380

The excess expenditures listed above were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and unspent appropriations.

For the Pima Animal Care Center - Other Special Revenue Fund, the excess was due to unallowable payroll costs moved from the Grants Fund, leading to a budget overrun of \$804.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
	(2023)	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	2.10%	2.11%	2.16%	2.26%	2.28%	2.36%	2.41%	2.44%	2.51%	2.56%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 339,267 \$ 274,077	\$ 345,381 1 \$ 251,930	\$ 283,562 1 \$ 242,422	\$ 390,909 \$ 246,354	\$ 332,203 \$ 241,159	\$ 328,958 \$ 233,929	\$ 375,197 \$ 235,375	\$ 393,174 \$ 228,129	\$ 391,629 \$ 231,570	\$ 379,139 \$ 229,907	
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	123.79%	137.09%	1 116.97%	158.68%	137.75%	140.62%	159.40%	172.35%	169.12%	164.91%	
pension liability	75.47%	74.26%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%	
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan —											
Administrative Office of the Courts					Reporting Fi (Measureme	ent Date)					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	(2023)	(2022) 10.77%	(2021) 10.96%	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017) 11.95%	(2016) 12,42%	(2015) 12.45%	(2014) 12.43%	
	\$ 48.532	\$ 48.071	\$ 40.691	\$ 52,009	\$ 48,276	\$ 41.436	\$ 47.929	\$ 35,046	\$ 30,274	\$ 27.888	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability County's covered payroll	\$ 48,532 \$ 13,600	\$ 48,071 1 \$ 12,746	,	\$ 52,009 1 \$ 13.127	\$ 48,276 \$ 13,470	\$ 41,436	\$ 47,929 \$ 13,400	\$ 33,046	\$ 30,274 \$ 13,857	\$ 27,888	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,000	\$ 12,740	\$ 15,074	\$ 13,127	\$ 15,470	\$ 13,340	\$ 15,400	\$ 15,001	\$ 15,657	3 13,114	
as a percentage of its covered payroll	356.85%	377.15%	1 311.24%	1 396,20%	358.40%	310.48%	357.68%	256.17%	218.47%	212.66%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	330.6370	3/7.13/0	311.2470	370.2070	330.4070	310.4070	337.0070	230.1770	210.4770	212.0070	
pension liability	59.28%	57.52%	62.53%	50.07%	51.99%	53.72%	49.21%	54.81%	57.89%	58.59%	
Elected Officials Retirement Plan					Reporting Fi	scal Year					
					(Measureme						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(2023)	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)	
County's proportion of the net pension liability	4.67%	8.79%	8.95%	9.10%	9.06%	10.24%	7.42%	7.90%	7.55%	7.64%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 29,293	\$ 59,357	\$ 54,444	\$ 61,427	\$ 60,051	\$ 64,495	\$ 90,478	\$ 74,615	\$ 59,037	\$ 51,259	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	22.751	5.770	5 452	5.020	5.644	11.051	20.202	15.406	10.405	15.717	
associated with the County	32,751	5,779	5,472	5,838	5,644	11,051	29,292	15,406	18,405	15,717	
Total	\$ 62,044	\$ 65,136	\$ 59,916	\$ 67,265	\$ 65,695	\$ 75,546	\$ 119,770	\$ 90,021	\$ 77,442	\$ 66,976	
County's covered payroll	\$ 7,309	¹ \$ 7,091	1 \$ 7,038	¹ \$ 7,252	\$ 7,246	\$ 6,984	\$ 7,050	\$ 6,617	\$ 6,391	\$ 6,932	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	400.78%	837.08%	1 773.57%	1 847.04%	828.75%	923.47%	1283.38%	1127.63%	923.75%	739.45%	
pension liability	38.63%	32.01%	36.28%	29.80%	30.14%	30.36%	19.66%	23.42%	28.32%	31.91%	

¹In fiscal year 2024, the County identified an error in the calculation of covered payroll and related percentages for Arizona State Retirement System, Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Administrative Office of the Courts, Elected Officials Retirement Plan reported in prior periods. As a result, the covered payroll amounts and related percentages have been corrected and may differ from the amounts reported in prior years' reports.

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2024

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System — Sheriff	riff Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability	(2023)	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)
Service cost	\$ 5,770	\$ 5,816	\$ 5,941	\$ 6,136	\$ 5,936	\$ 6,125	\$ 8,078	\$ 6,068	\$ 6,421	\$ 6,346
Interest on the total pension liability	33,667	32,522	31,792	30,453	28,842	27,905	26,186	25,444	24,997	21,060
Changes of benefit terms							4,033	9,540		7,336
Differences between expected and actual experience										
in the measurement of the pension liability	21,947	5,908	(2,186)	6,619	6,709	(2,730)	(1,177)	(7,713)	(4,579)	(462)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		5,033			8,572		12,797	12,356		34,338
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions	(28,764)	(25,511)	(25,336)	(24,017)	(21,667)	(21,357)	(20,634)	(22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)
Net change in total pension liability	32,620	23,768	10,211	19,191	28,392	9,943	29,283	22,968	7,630	50,807
Total pension liability - beginning	476,211	452,443	442,232	423,041	394,649	384,706	355,423	332,455	324,825	274,018
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 508,831	\$ 476,211	\$ 452,443	\$ 442,232	\$ 423,041	\$ 394,649	\$ 384,706	\$ 355,423	\$ 332,455	\$ 324,825
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 8,568	\$ 208,293	\$ 45,560	\$ 22,601	\$ 20,232	\$ 18,847	\$ 16,871	\$ 15,122	\$ 11,490	\$ 10,627
Contributions - employee	2,375	2,283	1,829	1,848	1,741	2,787	3,900	3,877	3,505	3,415
Net investment income	30,656	(17,085)	47,807	2,144	8,618	10,343	16,189	808	5,053	17,221
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions	(28,764)	(25,511)	(25,336)	(24,017)	(21,667)	(21,357)	(20,634)	(22,727)	(19,209)	(17,811)
Hall/Parker settlement			, , ,		, , ,	(4,953)				
Administrative expense	(188)	(306)	(227)	(175)	(151)	(158)	(144)	(117)	(124)	(139)
Other changes			44	21	(57)	(223)	(238)	(397)	(148)	(92)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	12,647	167,674	69,677	2,422	8,716	5,286	15,944	(3,434)	567	13,221
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	406,609	238,935	169,258	166,836	158,120	152,923	136,979	140,413	139,846	126,625
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 419,256	\$ 406,609	\$ 238,935	\$ 169,258	\$ 166,836	\$ 158,209	\$ 152,923	\$ 136,979	\$ 140,413	\$ 139,846
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 89,575	\$ 69,602	\$ 213,508	\$ 272,974	\$ 256,205	\$ 236,440	\$ 231,783	\$ 218,444	\$ 192,042	\$ 184,979
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of										
the total pension liability	82.40%	85.38%	52.81%	38.27%	39.44%	40.09%	39.75%	38.54%	42.24%	43.05%
Covered payroll	\$ 34,821	\$ 30,607	\$ 29,027	\$ 30,257	\$ 29,862	\$ 29,261	\$ 32,156	\$ 30,384	\$ 31,515	\$ 31,543
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	257.24%	227.41%	735.55%	902.18%	857.96%	808.04%	720.81%	718.94%	609.37%	586.43%

¹In fiscal year 2024, the County identified an error in the calculation of covered payroll and related percentages for the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System – Sheriff reported in prior periods. As a result, the covered payroll amounts and related percentages have been corrected and may differ from the amounts reported in prior years' reports.

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2024

Corrections Officer Retirement Plan — Detention					Reporting Fig					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability	(2023)	(2022)	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)	(2015)	(2014)
Service cost	\$ 1,744	\$ 2,371	\$ 2,794	\$ 3,003	\$ 3,271	\$ 3,359	\$ 3,235	\$ 2,893	\$ 2,798	\$ 2,852
Interest on the total pension liability	11,334	11,357	11,272	10,471	9,502	9,683	8,091	7,911	7,751	6,623
Changes of benefit terms						(7,525)	15,675	181		1,459
Differences between expected and actual experien	ce									
in the measurement of the pension liability	7,420	(3,784)	(3,999)	5,157	5,306	(2,679)	(1,044)	(1,930)	(2,557)	(609)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,655			4,261		3,566	4,125		10,555
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions	(9,080)	(9,192)	(7,771)	(7,109)	(6,990)	(6,741)	(6,489)	(6,013)	(5,988)	(6,975)
Net change in total pension liability	11,418	2,407	2,296	11,522	15,350	(3,903)	23,034	7,167	2,004	13,905
Total pension liability - beginning	160,210	157,803	155,507	143,985	128,635	132,538	109,504	102,337	100,333	86,428
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 171,628	\$ 160,210	\$ 157,803	\$ 155,507	\$ 143,985	\$ 128,635	\$ 132,538	\$ 109,504	\$ 102,337	\$ 100,333
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,235	\$ 65,098	\$ 14,666	\$ 7,119	\$ 6,721	\$ 5,167	\$ 4,871	\$ 4,634	\$ 3,441	\$ 2,970
Contributions - employee	1,289	1,316	1,585	1,708	1,692	1,771	1,814	1,730	1,737	1,686
Net investment income	11,079	(5,786)	18,869	1,777	3,302	3,970	5,953	302	1,765	6,030
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee										
contributions	(9,080)	(9,192)	(7,771)	(7,109)	(6,990)	(6,741)	(6,489)	(6,013)	(5,988)	(6,975)
Administrative expense	(148)	(104)	(87)	(68)	(60)	(61)	(52)	(43)	(44)	(48)
Other changes		(31)	(63)	(15)		(76)	(38)	(38)	(69)	11
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,375	51,301	27,199	3,412	4,665	4,030	6,059	572	842	3,674
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	146,440	95,139	67,940	64,528	59,863	55,833	49,774	49,202	48,360	44,686
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 150,815	\$ 146,440	\$ 95,139	\$ 67,940	\$ 64,528	\$ 59,863	\$ 55,833	\$ 49,774	\$ 49,202	\$ 48,360
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 20,813	\$ 13,770	\$ 62,664	\$ 87,567	\$ 79,457	\$ 68,772	\$ 76,705	\$ 59,730	\$ 53,135	\$ 51,973
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of										
the total pension liability	87.87%	91.41%	60.29%	43.69%	44.82%	46.54%	42.13%	45.45%	48.08%	48.20%
Covered payroll	\$ 20,275	\$ 19,978	\$ 21,989	\$ 23,254	\$ 21,342	\$ 20,738	\$ 21,574	\$ 20,263	\$ 20,816	\$ 20,051
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	102.65%	68.93%	284.98%	376.57%	372.30%	331.62%	355.55%	294.77%	255.26%	259.20%

^{&#}x27;In fiscal year 2024, the County identified an error in the calculation of covered payroll and related percentages for the Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Detention reported in prior periods. As a result, the covered payroll amounts and related percentages have been corrected and may differ from the amounts reported in prior years' reports.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Schedule of County Pension Contributions

June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Arizona State Retirement System					Reporting F	iscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 36,708	\$ 32,630	\$ 30,252	\$ 28,261	\$ 28,242	\$ 26,908	\$ 25,552	\$ 25,320	\$ 24,752	\$ 25,218
County's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	36,708	32,630	30,252	28,261	28,242	26,908	25,552	25,320	24,752	25,218
County's contribution deficiency (excess)										
County's covered payroll County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 305,177 12.03%	\$ 274,077 11.91%	\$ 251,930 1 12.01%	\$ 242,422 1 11.66%	\$ 246,354 11.46%	\$ 241,159 11.16%	\$ 233,929 10.92%	\$ 235,375 10.76%	\$ 228,129 10.85%	\$ 231,570 10.89%
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan— Administrative Office of the Courts					Reporting F	iscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 6,303	\$ 5,075	\$ 4,554	\$ 4,372	\$ 3,993	\$ 4,258	\$ 3,003	\$ 2,691	\$ 2,613	\$ 2,062
required contribution County's contribution deficiency (excess)	6,303	5,075	4,554	4,372	3,993	4,258	3,003	2,691	2,613	2,062
County's covered payroll	\$ 15,680	\$ 13,600	\$ 12,746	\$ 13,074	\$ 13,127	\$ 13,470	\$ 13,346	\$ 13,400	\$ 13,681	\$ 13,857
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	40.20%	37.32%	35.73%	33.44%	30.42%	31.61%	22.50%	20.08%	19.10%	14.88%
Elected Officials Retirement Plan					Reporting F	iscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution County's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 5,913	\$ 4,811	\$ 4,045	\$ 4,520	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,168	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,566	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,502
required contribution	5,913	4,811	4,045	4,520	4,218	3,204	460	1,566	1,555	1,502
County's contribution deficiency (excess)						\$ 964	\$ 1,048			
County's covered payroll	\$ 8,268	\$ 7,309	\$ 7,091	\$ 7,038	\$ 7,252	\$ 7,246	\$ 6,984	\$ 7,050	\$ 6,617	\$ 6,391
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	71.52%	65.82%	57.04%	64.22%	58.16%	44.22%	6.59%	22.21%	23.50%	23.50%
Public Safety Personnel Retirement System — Sheriff					Reporting F	iscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution County's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 10,488	\$ 7,737	\$ 22,431	\$ 21,673	\$ 21,439	\$ 18,766	\$ 18,771	\$ 16,861	\$ 15,119	\$ 11,490
required contribution	20,488	7,737	207,563	44,478	21,439	18,766	14,407	16,861	15,119	11,490
County's contribution deficiency (excess)	(10,000)		\$ (185,132)	\$ (22,805)			\$ 4,364			
County's covered payroll	\$ 36,836	\$ 34,821	\$ 30,607	\$ 29,027	\$ 30,257	\$ 29,862	\$ 29,261	\$ 32,156	\$ 30,384	\$ 31,515
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	55.62%	22.22%	1 678.16%	1 153.23%	70.86%	62.84%	49.24%	52.44%	49.76%	36.46%
Corrections Officer Retirement Plan - Detention					Reporting F	iscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution County's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 2,563	\$ 1,575	\$ 7,676	\$ 7,676	\$ 7,261	\$ 6,515	\$ 5,155	\$ 4,872	\$ 4,618	\$ 3,441
required contribution County's contribution deficiency (excess)	2,563	1,575	\$ (57,677)	\$ (7,196)	7,261	6,515	5,155	4,872	4,618	3,441
County's covered payroll	\$ 26,534	\$ 20,275	\$ 19,978	\$ 21,989	\$ 23,254	\$ 21,342	\$ 20,738	\$ 21,574	\$ 20,263	\$ 20,816
County's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.66%	7.77%		67.63%	31.22%	30.53%	24.86%	22.58%	22.79%	16.53%

In fiscal year 2024, the County identified an error in the calculation of covered payroll and related percentages for Arizona State Retirement System, Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Administrative Office of the Courts, Elected Officials Retirement Plan, Public Safety Personnel Retirement System – Sheriff, and Corrections Officer Retirement Plan – Detention reported in prior periods. As a result, the covered payroll amounts and related percentages have been corrected and may differ from the amounts reported in prior years' reports.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

Note 1: Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS and CORP are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP

members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: Level percent-of-pay, closed. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: Level

dollar closed.

Remaining amortization period as of the 2022 actuarial valuation

PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: 15 years. PSPRS

members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 10 years.

Asset valuation method PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP

members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: 7-year smoothed market value; 80% / 120% market corridor. PSPRS members with initial membership on or after July 1, 2017: 5-year smoothed market value; 80% / 120%

market corridor.

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1, 2017, and CORP

members with initial membership date before July 1, 2018: In the 2022 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.3% to 7.2%. In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%. PSPRS members

with initial membership on or afer July 1, 2017: 7%

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.0%–8.0% to 3.5%–7.5% for PSPRS and from 4.0%–7.25% to 3.5%–6.5% for CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%–8.5% to 4.0%–8.0% for PSPRS and from 4.5%–7.75% to 4.0%–7.25% for CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%–9.0% to 4.5%–8.5% for PSPRS and from

5.0%–8.25% to 4.5%–7.75% for CORP.

Wage growth In the 2022 actuarial valuation, wage growth was changed from 3.5% to a range

of 3.0 – 6.25% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS and CORP. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from

5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS and CORP.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully

generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females).

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Note 2: Factors That Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS, CORP, CORP–AOC, and EORP changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS and EORP also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC- required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-, CORP-, and CORP-AOC-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. EORP-required contributions are not based on actuarial valuations, and therefore, these changes did not affect them. Also, the County refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS and EORP members. PSPRS and EORP allowed the County to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the County's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.

The fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2018) pension liabilities for EORP and CORP reflect the replacement of the permanent benefit increase (PBI) for retirees based on investment returns with a cost of living adjustment based on inflation. Also, the EORP liability and required pension contributions for fiscal year 2019 reflect a statutory change that requires the employer contribution rate to be actuarially determined. This change increased the discount rate used to calculate the liability thereby reducing the total pension liability.

Note 3: Excess Contributions

On May 28, 2021, the County made additional contributions of \$22,805 for the County's Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and \$7,196 for the County's Correction Officers Retirement Plan to pay down its unfunded actuarial liability. On July 9, 2021, the County made additional contributions of \$185,132 for the County's Public Safety Personnel Retirement System and \$57,677 for the County's Correction Officers Retirement Plan to pay down its unfunded actuarial liability. On April 25, 2024, the County made an additional contribution of \$10,000 for the County's Public Safety Personnel Retirement System to pay down its unfunded actuarial liability.





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Governmental Funds

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (NONMAJOR)

Transportation Fund — to account for administrative and operating costs, as well as resources transferred to the Capital Projects Fund for construction of highways and streets. Financing is provided primarily from the County share of gasoline and vehicle license taxes collected by the State.

Health Fund — to account for resources used to finance activities involved in the conservation and improvement of public health. Major sources of funding include Federal and State grants, charges for services provided, and operating transfers from the General Fund.

Regional Flood Control District Fund — to account for amounts expended to protect persons and property from floodwaters. Revenues are provided by secondary taxes on real property and government grants. The Regional Flood Control District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Wireless Integrated Network Fund — to account for the design, procurement and deployment of a regional public safety voice communications network to serve public and non-profit entities responsible for providing public safety and emergency management services to the Pima County populace.

School Reserve Fund — to account for Federal and State grants received by the Superintendent of Schools. Each grant has a specific project objective, and the grant funds must be used for a stated purpose.

Environmental Quality Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for protection of water, air, and land from pollutants. Revenues are provided by fines, fees and forfeitures, licenses, permits, and Federal and State grants.

Waste Tire Fund — to account for the state shared revenue tax for the tire recycling program.

Library District Fund — to account for the resources used for management and operation of the Library District. Revenues are provided primarily by secondary taxes on real property. The Library District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Stadium District Fund — to account for resources specifically identified to be expended for the Stadium District. Revenues are provided by the car rental, hotel/motel bed and recreation vehicle park taxes, and charges for services provided. The Stadium District is a blended component unit of Pima County.

Community Facilities Districts (formerly Rocking K South CFD Fund) — to account for the purchase of eligible infrastructure through the issuance of bonds, and to fund the operation, maintenance and administration of the Districts through the levy of ad valorem tax on property in the Districts.

Improvement & Other Districts Fund - to account for financial activity related to street lighting and other improvements in unincorporated Pima County. The Improvement & Other Districts are a blended component unit of Pima County.



Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds									
						egional		ireless		
					Floo	od Control	Int	tegrated	S	School
	Tran	sportation	I	Iealth]	District	N	etwork	R	eserve
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,375	\$	3,695	\$	9,750	\$	4,126	\$	4,725
Property taxes receivable (net)						436				
Interest receivable		28		16		30		18		
Due from other funds				76		9				
Due from other governments		6,561		411		2		35		160
Accounts receivable		634		40		12				16
Leases receivable								103		
Inventory		1,616						147		
Prepaid expenditures		26		38		67		125		
Loans receivable		914								
Restricted cash equivalents										
Total assets	\$	17,154	\$	4,276	\$	10,306	\$	4,554	\$	4,901
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	4,539	\$	455	\$	574	\$	36	\$	14
Employee compensation		9		20		29		3		18
Contract retentions		536								
Due to other funds		46		128		14				
Due to other governments		5								
Deposits and rebates						2				
Unearned revenue		2				2		178		29
Total liabilities		5,137		603		621		217		61
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		914				2		17		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes						330				
Unavailable revenue - other		524		2		9				
Deferred inflows related to leases and public-private partnerships								93		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,438		2		341		110		0
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		6,575		605		962		327		61
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		1,642		38		67		272		
Restricted		8,937		3,633		9,277		3,955		2,021
Committed										508
Assigned										2,311
Total fund balances		10,579		3,671		9,344		4,227		4,840
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balances	\$	17,154	\$	4,276	\$	10,306	\$	4,554	\$	4,901

				Special Reve	nue Funds	\$					Total
								munity			Other
	ronmental	Waste		Library		adium		ilities	-	vement &	ernmental
(Quality	 Tire		District		District	Dis	stricts	Other	Districts	 Funds
\$	5,984	\$ 1,405	\$	38,343	\$	3,949	\$	129	\$	158	\$ 79,639
				842				1		25	1,304
	25	7		153		16		3			296
	93			1		310					489
		354		6		208					7,737
	54			262		139					1,157
											103
				406		3		11			1,763 676
				92		3		11			1,006
				45							45
\$	6,156	\$ 1,766	\$	40,150	\$	4,625	\$	144	\$	183	\$ 94,215
<u> </u>		 		,	<u> </u>						 ,
\$	12	366	\$	1,185	\$	376	\$	1	\$	6	\$ 7,564
											79 536
	2			2							192
	2			1							6
				•							2
	0			18		71					300
	14	 366		1,206		447		1		6	 8,679
			_	<u> </u>							
				2		91					1,026
				640						24	994
	8			92		86					721
		 									 93
	8	 0		734		177		0		24	 2,834
	22	 366		1,940		624		1_		30	 11,513
				451		3		11			2,484
	2,814	1,400		37,759				132		153	70,081
	2 220					2 000					508
	3,320	 1.400		20.610	-	3,998		1./2	-	1.50	 9,629
	6,134	 1,400		38,210		4,001		143		153	 82,702
\$	6,156	\$ 1,766	\$	40,150	\$	4,625	\$	144	\$	183	\$ 94,215

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds										
			Regional	Wireless	 ,						
			Flood Control	Integrated	School						
_	Transportation	Health	District	Network	Reserve						
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ 1		\$ 31,317								
Licenses and permits	642	\$ 3,134	3								
Intergovernmental	78,058	787	13	4.025	\$ 15,801						
Charges for services	202	3,383	753	\$ 4,027	465						
Fines and forfeits	28		1								
Investment earnings	299	126	448	151	126						
Miscellaneous	793	24	76	122							
Total revenues	80,023	7,454	32,611	4,300	16,392						
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government											
Public safety			16,340	3,163							
Highways and streets	60,406										
Sanitation											
Health		20,945									
Culture and recreation											
Education and economic opportunity					13,815						
Debt service:											
Principal		127									
Interest		6									
Miscellaneous											
Total expenditures	60,406	21,078	16,340	3,163	13,815						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over											
(under) expenditures	19,617	(13,624)	16,271	1,137	2,577						
Other financing sources (uses):											
Face amount of long-term debt issued											
Transfers in	25,597	17,281	35		33						
Transfers (out)	(40,089)	(880)	(19,276)	(5)							
Total other financing sources (uses)	(14,492)	16,401	(19,241)	(5)	33						
Net change in fund balances	5,125	2,777	(2,970)	1,132	2,610						
Fund balances, July 1, 2023	5,454	894	12,314	3,095	2,231						
Changes in nonspendable resources: Change in prepaids					(1)						
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$ 10,579	\$ 3,671	\$ 9,344	\$ 4,227	\$ 4,840						

				Special Re			nmunity			Total Other	
Environm Qualit			Waste Tire	Library District		adium istrict	cilities istricts	-	Districts	Governmental Funds	
	2.440			\$ 58,178			\$ 232	\$	301	\$ 90,029	
\$ 2	2,440	e	1.512	170	\$	1,198				6,219 97,540	
		\$	1,513	700	3	1,198				11,029	
	39			700		1,400				68	
	266		87	2,235		167	15		8	3,928	
	4			584		43				1,646	
2	2,749		1,600	 61,867		2,907	 247		309	 210,459	
									286	286	
										19,503	
										60,406	
			1,406							1,406	
3	3,180			46.202		7.600				24,125	
				46,202		7,698	1,544			53,900 15,359	
							-,			,	
				58			87			272	
				27			80			113	
				 			 131			 131	
3	3,180		1,406	 46,287		7,698	 1,842		286	 175,501	
	(431)		194	 15,580		(4,791)	 (1,595)		23	 34,958	
							1,675			1,675	
	897			6		8,776				52,625	
	(33)		(900)	 (10,461)		(3,774)			(35)	 (75,453)	
	864		(900)	(10,455)		5,002	 1,675		(35)	 (21,153)	
	433		(706)	5,125		211	80		(12)	13,805	
5	5,701		2,106	33,085		3,790	63		165	68,898	
				 			 			 (1)	
\$ 6	5,134	\$	1,400	\$ 38,210	\$	4,001	\$ 143	\$	153	\$ 82,702	







COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual – Other Governmental Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	'			<u>.</u>			
Intergovernmental	\$	2,676	\$	1,007	\$	(1,669)	
Charges for services		5,485		13,921		8,436	
Investment earnings		601		6,078		5,477	
Miscellaneous				144		144	
Total revenues		8,762		21,150		12,388	
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay		171,688		143,532		28,156	
Total expenditures		171,688		143,532		28,156	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(162,926)		(122,382)		40,544	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Premium on bonds				930		930	
Face amount of long-term debt issued		40,000		39,070		(930)	
Transfers in		85,090		89,466		4,376	
Transfers (out)		(9,721)	-	(10,785)		(1,064)	
Total other financing sources		115,369		118,681		3,312	
Net change in fund balance		(47,557)		(3,701)		43,856	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		96,705		103,644		6,939	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	49,148	\$	99,943	\$	50,795	

Exhibit C - 4

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	•			<u> </u>		
Property taxes	\$	23,441	\$ 23,445	\$	4	
Intergovernmental			5		5	
Investment earnings		113	1,151		1,038	
Total revenues		23,554	24,601		1,047	
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal		83,430	83,430			
Interest		19,242	19,428		(186)	
Miscellaneous		363	 436		(73)	
Total expenditures		103,035	103,294		(259)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(79,481)	 (78,693)		788	
Other financing sources:						
Premium on bonds			419		419	
Transfers in		82,335	 82,595		260	
Total other financing sources		82,335	83,014		679	
Net change in fund balance		2,854	4,321		1,467	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		1,805	2,079		274	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	4,659	\$ 6,400	\$	1,741	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Transportation - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:	•					
Property taxes	\$	1	\$	1		
Licenses and permits		880		642		(238)
Intergovernmental		78,425		78,058		(367)
Charges for services		135		202		67
Fines and forfeits				28		28
Investment earnings		170		299		129
Miscellaneous		382		793		411
Total revenues		79,993		80,023		30
Expenditures:						
Highways and streets		65,802		60,406		5,396
Total expenditures		65,802		60,406		5,396
Excess of revenues over expenditures		14,191		19,617		5,426
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets						
Transfers in		25,156		25,597		441
Transfers (out)		(39,727)		(40,089)		(362)
Total other financing uses		(14,571)		(14,492)		79
Net change in fund balance		(380)		5,125		5,505
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		(4,324)		5,454		9,778
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	(4,704)	\$	10,579	\$	15,283

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Health - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budget Actual		Variance		
Revenues:					
Licenses and permits	\$	2,850	\$ 3,134	\$	284
Intergovernmental		675	787		112
Charges for services		2,847	3,383		536
Investment earnings			126		126
Miscellaneous		3	 24		21
Total revenues		6,375	7,454		1,079
Expenditures:					
Health		25,674	20,945		4,729
Debt service:					
Principal			127		(127)
Interest			6		(6)
Total expenditures		25,674	21,078		4,596
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(19,299)	(13,624)		5,675
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		20,278	17,281		(2,997)
Transfers (out)		(2,892)	 (880)		2,012
Total other financing sources		17,386	16,401		(985)
Net change in fund balance		(1,913)	2,777		4,690
Fund balances (deficit), July 1, 2023		(832)	 894		1,726
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	(2,745)	\$ 3,671	\$	6,416

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Regional Flood Control District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 31,152	\$	31,317	\$	165
Licenses and permits	6		3		(3)
Intergovernmental	25		13		(12)
Charges for services	795		753		(42)
Fines and forfeits			1		1
Investment earnings	17		448		431
Miscellaneous	97		76	1	(21)
Total revenues	32,092		32,611		519
Expenditures:					
Public safety	 17,284		16,340		944
Total expenditures	 17,284		16,340		944
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 14,808		16,271		1,463
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	34				(34)
Transfers in	6		35		29
Transfers (out)	(18,389)		(19,276)		(887)
Total other financing uses	(18,349)		(19,241)		(892)
Net change in fund balance	(3,541)		(2,970)		571
Fund balances, July 1, 2023	11,709		12,314	-	605
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$ 8,168	\$	9,344	\$	1,176

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Wireless Integrated Network - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	I	Budget	Actual		Variance	
Revenues:		_				
Charges for services	\$	4,000	\$	4,027	\$	27
Investment earnings		85		151		66
Miscellaneous		83		122		39
Total revenues		4,168		4,300		132
Expenditures:						
Public safety	-	3,383	-	3,163	-	220
Total expenditures		3,383		3,163		220
Excess of revenues over expenditures		785		1,137		352
Other financing uses:						
Transfers (out)		(5)		(5)		
Total other financing uses		(5)		(5)		0
Net change in fund balance		780		1,132		352
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		1,988		3,095		1,107
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	2,768	\$	4,227	\$	1,459

Exhibit C - 9

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Reserve - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:		_		<u> </u>			
Intergovernmental	\$	1,664	\$	15,801	\$	14,137	
Charges for services				465		465	
Investment earnings				126		126	
Total revenues		1,664		16,392		14,728	
Expenditures:							
Education and economic opportunity		1,762		13,815		(12,053)	
Total expenditures		1,762		13,815		(12,053)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(98)		2,577		2,675	
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		40		33		(7)	
Total other financing sources		40		33		(7)	
Net change in fund balance		(58)		2,610		2,668	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		706		2,231		1,525	
Changes in nonspendable resources:							
Change in prepaids				(1)		(1)	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	648	\$	4,840	\$	4,192	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Environmental Quality - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	I	Budget		Actual	Variance		
Revenues:	1		,				
Licenses and permits	\$	2,465	\$	2,440	\$	(25)	
Fines and forfeits				39		39	
Investment earnings		135		266		131	
Miscellaneous		4		4			
Total revenues		2,604		2,749		145	
Expenditures:							
Health		3,183		3,180		3	
Total expenditures		3,183		3,180		3	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(579)		(431)		148	
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		818		897		79	
Transfers (out)		(33)		(33)	(
Total other financing sources		785		864		79	
Net change in fund balance		206		433		227	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		5,513		5,701		188	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	5,719	\$	6,134	\$	415	

Exhibit C - 11

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Waste Tire - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	B	udget	<i>A</i>	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,350	\$	1,513	\$	163	
Investment earnings		35		87		52	
Total revenues		1,385		1,600		215	
Expenditures:							
Sanitation		1,438		1,406		32	
Total expenditures		1,438		1,406		32	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(53)		194		247	
Other financing uses:							
Transfers (out)		(900)		(900)			
Total other financing uses		(900)		(900)		0.00	
Net change in fund balance		(953)		(706)		247	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		1,882		2,106		224	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	929	\$	1,400	\$	471	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		Budget	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	58,131	\$ 58,178	\$	47	
Intergovernmental		290	170		(120)	
Charges for services		530	700		170	
Investment earnings		895	2,235		1,340	
Miscellaneous		398	 584		186	
Total revenues		60,244	 61,867		1,623	
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		46,250	46,202		48	
Debt service:						
Principal			58		(58)	
Interest			27		(27)	
Total expenditures		46,250	46,287		(37)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		13,994	15,580		1,586	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in			6		6	
Transfers (out)	-	(10,423)	(10,461)		(38)	
Total other financing uses		(10,423)	(10,455)		(32)	
Net change in fund balance		3,571	5,125		1,554	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		30,926	33,085		2,159	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	34,497	\$ 38,210	\$	3,713	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Stadium District - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	I	Budget	 Actual	Variance		
Revenues:			 			
Intergovernmental	\$	1,400	\$ 1,198	\$	(202)	
Charges for services		2,256	1,499		(757)	
Investment earnings		127	167		40	
Miscellaneous		39	43		4	
Total revenues		3,822	 2,907		(915)	
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation		8,827	 7,698		1,129	
Total expenditures		8,827	7,698		1,129	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	-	(5,005)	 (4,791)		214	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		9,155	8,776		(379)	
Transfers (out)		(3,774)	 (3,774)			
Total other financing sources		5,381	5,002		(379)	
Net change in fund balance		376	211		(165)	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		3,790	 3,790		0	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	4,166	\$ 4,001	\$	(165)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Community Facilities Districts - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

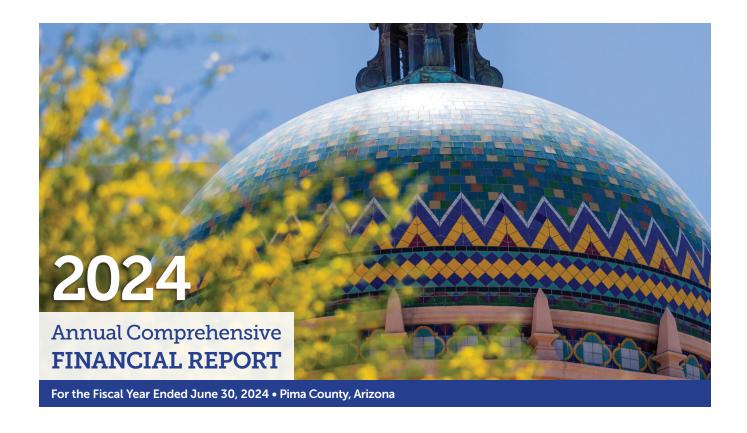
	I	Budget	 Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:		_	 _		_
Property taxes	\$	222	\$ 232	\$	10
Investment earnings		1_	 15		14
Total revenues		223	247		24
Expenditures:					
Education and economic opportunity		4,607	1,544		3,063
Debt service:					
Principal		7	87		(80)
Interest		165	80		85
Miscellaneous		101	 131		(30)
Total expenditures		4,880	1,842		3,038
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(4,657)	 (1,595)		3,062
Other financing sources:					
Face amount of long-term debt issued		4,000	 1,675		(2,325)
Total other financing sources		4,000	1,675		(2,325)
Net change in fund balance		(657)	80		737
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		1,974	 63		(1,911)
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	1,317	\$ 143	\$	(1,174)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Improvement & Other Districts - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(in thousands)

	B	udget	A	ctual	Variance		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	303	\$	301	\$	(2)	
Investment earnings				8		8	
Total revenues		303		309		6	
Expenditures:							
General government		319	1	286		33	
Total expenditures		319		286		33	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16)		23		39	
Other financing uses:							
Transfers (out)		(35)		(35)			
Total other financing uses		(35)		(35)			
Net change in fund balance		(51)		(12)		39	
Fund balances, July 1, 2023		155		165		10	
Fund balances, June 30, 2024	\$	104	\$	153	\$	49	







COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Other (Nonmajor) Enterprise Funds

OTHER (NONMAJOR) ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Development Services — to account for the operations of providing zoning permits, enforcing ordinances in compliance with state statutes, and administering uniform building codes.

Parking Garages — to account for the management and operation of seven public parking garages located in downtown Tucson.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	relopment ervices	arking arages	Eı	Total onmajor nterprise Funds
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,593	\$ 714	\$	31,307
Interest receivable	109	3		112
Due from other funds	59	5 1		64
Due from other governments Accounts receivable	73	17		1 90
Prepaid expense	30	7		37
Total current assets	 30,864	 747		31,611
Noncurrent assets:				
Net OPEB asset	141	10		151
Capital assets:				
Land		1,769		1,769
Buildings and improvements	0	27,608		27,608
Equipment	8	2,235		2,243
Less accumulated depreciation Total capital assets (net)	 (7)	 (16,651)		(16,658)
Total noncurrent assets	 142	 14,961 14,971		14,962 15,113
Total assets Total assets	 31,006	 15,718	-	46,724
Total assets	 31,000	 13,710		40,724
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension/OPEB	570	42		612
Total deferred outflows of resources	570	42		612
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	196	397		593
Due to other funds		5		5
Deposits and rebates	1,162			1,162
Unearned revenue		4		4
Compensated absences payable	 310	 12		322
Total current liabilities	 1,668	418		2,086
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	412	17		429
Net pension/OPEB liability	4,198	304		4,502
Total noncurrent liabilities	 4,610	 321		4,931
Total liabilities	6,278	739		7,017
Defermed inflammed				
Deferred inflows of resources Pension/OPEB	269	10		207
Total deferred inflows of resources	 268	 19 19		287
Total deferred lilliows of resources	 268	 19		287
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	1	14,961		14,962
Unrestricted	 25,029	 41		25,070
Total net position	\$ 25,030	\$ 15,002	\$	40,032

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		relopment ervices		Parking Garages	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	11,413	\$	2,385	\$	13,798	
Other	φ	11,413	Ф	2,383	Ф	33	
Total operating revenues		11,428		2,403		13,831	
Operating expenses:							
Employee compensation		5,733		465		6,198	
Operating supplies and services		174		38		212	
Repairs and maintenance		2		101		103	
General and administrative		1,798		1,249		3,047	
Consultants and professional services		241		212		453	
Depreciation		2		764		766	
Total operating expenses		7,950		2,829		10,779	
Operating income (loss)		3,478		(426)		3,052	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings		1,288		25		1,313	
Total nonoperating revenues		1,288		25		1,313	
Income (loss) before transfers		4,766		(401)		4,365	
Transfers in				145		145	
Transfers (out)		(233)		(639)		(872)	
Change in net position		4,533		(895)		3,638	
Net position, July 1, 2023		20,497		15,897		36,394	
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	25,030	\$	15,002	\$ 40,03		

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		elopment ervices		arking arages	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash receipts from customers for goods and services provided	\$	12,024	\$	2,397	\$	14,421	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Ψ	(959)	Ψ	(1,303)	Ψ	(2,262)	
Cash payments to other funds for goods and services		(1,234)		(151)		(1,385)	
Cash payments to employees for services		(5,899)		(466)		(6,365)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,932		477		4,409	
Cash flows from for noncapital financing activities:							
Cash transfers in from other funds				145		145	
Cash transfers out to other funds		(233)		(639)		(872)	
Loans with other funds		(29)				(29)	
Net cash used for noncapital financing activities		(262)		(494)		(756)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Purchase of capital assets		(1)				(1)	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(1)			-	(1)	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest received on investments		1,263		25		1,288	
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,263		25		1,288	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,932		8		4,940	
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2023		25,661		706		26,367	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2024	\$	30,593	\$	714	\$	31,307	

(continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

(continued)

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		elopment ervices	arking arages	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,478	\$ (426)	\$	3,052
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		2	764		766
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources: Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable		(14)	(3)		(17)
Due from other governments					
Prepaid expense		(5)	9		4
Net OPEB asset		10	1		11
Increase in deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension/OPEB		113	7		120
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable		27	137		164
Net pension/OPEB liability		(178)	(6)		(184)
Other liabilities		556	(2)		554
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources:			· /		
Pension/OPEB		(57)	 (4)		(61)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,932	\$ 477	\$	4,409





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self-Insurance Trust Fund — to account for the risk management function of the County. The Fund provides self-insurance coverage to the County for medical malpractice, workers' compensation, unemployment, general liability, environmental liability, and property damage as well as acquiring coverage for other risks.

Fleet Services — to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of fleet services equipment provided to County departments.

Health Benefits Trust Fund — to account for health care and health-related benefits. The Fund is responsible for collecting employer and employee premiums through payroll deductions, and for the payment of claims. The premiums collected include amounts paid for medical, dental, vision, short-term disability and life insurance coverages.

Other Internal Service — to account for the provision of technology infrastructure, telecommunication services, and procurement of software and hardware resources utilized by County departments.

Combining Statements of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	Self- Insurance Trust		S	Fleet		Health Benefits Trust	Other Internal Service			Total Internal Service Funds
Assets										
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	\$	83,394 40	\$	8,856 37	\$	34,459 59	\$	34,897 147 37	\$	161,606 283 37
Due from other governments Accounts receivable				327		2,225		15		2,567
Inventory				922		2,223		239		1,161
Prepaid expense		986		40		90		3,075		4,191
Total current assets		84,420		10,182		36,833		38,410		169,845
Noncurrent assets:		26		105		20		100		250
Net OPEB asset		36		107		28		199		370
Capital assets: Land		459								459
Buildings and improvements		439		22,753						22,753
Equipment		71		74,435				23,413		97,919
Intangibles				186				28,660		28,846
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		(71)		(46,887)				(23,555)		(70,513)
Construction in progress				3,659				<u> </u>		3,659
Total capital assets (net)		459		54,146		\$0		28,518		83,123
Total noncurrent assets		495		54,253		28		28,717		83,493
Total assets		84,915		64,435		36,861		67,127		253,338
Deferred outflows of resources										
Pension/OPEB		148		433		115		804		1,500
Total deferred outflows of resources		148		433		115		804		1,500
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:		1 202		1.040		550		1.016		5 (16
Accounts payable Employee compensation		1,393		1,849		558		1,816 9		5,616 9
Contract retentions				103				9		103
Interest payable				103				886		886
Due to other governments				8				000		8
Compensated absences payable		81		207		45		395		728
Reported but unpaid losses		3,768				950				4,718
Incurred but not reported losses		2,151				5,386				7,537
Subscriptions liability								3,467		3,467
Total current liabilities		7,393		2,167		6,939		6,573		23,072
Noncurrent liabilities:		4		90		67		225		106
Compensated absences payable Lease payable		4		80		67		335 15,688		486 15,688
Reported but unpaid losses		11,149				10		13,000		11,159
Incurred but not reported losses		7,867				54				7,921
Net pension/OPEB liability		1,084		3,183		847		5,926		11,040
Total noncurrent liabilities		20,104		3,263		978		21,949		46,294
Total liabilities		27,497		5,430		7,917		28,522		69,366
Deferred inflows of resources										
Pension/OPEB		69		203		54		378		704
Total deferred inflows of resources		69		203		54		378	_	704
Net position								•0		
Net investment in capital assets		459		54,146		20.005		28,518		83,123
Restricted for healthcare Unrestricted		57.029		5.000		29,005		10.512		29,005
	•	57,038	\$	5,089	•	20.005	\$	10,513	\$	72,640
Total net position	\$	57,497	Ф	59,235	\$	29,005	<u> </u>	39,031	•	184,768

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Self- Insurance Trust		Fleet Services		Health Benefits Trust		Other Internal Service		5	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	15,743	\$	19,009	\$	87,779	\$	33,045	\$	155,576
Other	Ψ	133	Ψ	183	Ψ	7,854	Ψ	375	Ψ	8,545
Total operating revenues		15,876		19,192		95,633		33,420		164,121
Operating expenses:										
Employee compensation		1,640		3,962		1,106		7,594		14,302
Operating supplies and services		295		6,135		1		5,786		12,217
Repairs and maintenance		12		1,474				2,048		3,534
Incurred losses		4,345				73,375				77,720
Insurance premiums		6,939		1,022		6,257		54		14,272
General and administrative		795		2,137		722		1,733		5,387
Consultants and professional services		2,464		128		3,882		4,532		11,006
Depreciation/amortization		1		7,174				9,157		16,332
Total operating expenses		16,491		22,032		85,343		30,904		154,770
Operating income (loss)		(615)		(2,840)		10,290		2,516		9,351
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Investment earnings		4,330		738		1,548		1,367		7,983
Interest expense								(923)		(923)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets				429				(479)		(50)
Total nonoperating revenues		4,330		1,167		1,548		(35)		7,010
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		3,715		(1,673)		11,838		2,481		16,361
Capital contributions				113						113
Transfers in						8,000		4		8,004
Transfers (out)		(119)		(44)		(107)		(56)		(326)
Change in net position		3,596		(1,604)		19,731		2,429		24,152
Net position, July 1, 2023		53,901		60,839		9,274		36,602		160,616
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$	57,497	\$	59,235	\$	29,005	\$	39,031	\$	184,768

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	In	Self- surance Trust	S	Fleet ervices	Health Benefits Trust	Other Internal Service	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash receipts from other funds for goods and services provided	\$	15,743	\$	19,009	\$ 87,779	\$ 33,045	\$ 155,576
Cash receipts from miscellaneous operations		133		(1)	7,265	362	7,759
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(9,582)		(10,466)	(10,427)	(9,085)	(39,560)
Cash payments to other funds for goods and services		(739)		(2,211)	(673)	(1,284)	(4,907)
Cash payments for incurred losses		(5,053)			(73,875)		(78,928)
Cash payments to employees for services		(1,943)		(3,913)	 (1,157)	 (7,463)	 (14,476)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(1,441)		2,418	 8,912	 15,575	 25,464
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Cash transfers in from other funds					8,000	4	8,004
Cash transfers out to other funds		(172)		(44)	(107)	(56)	(379)
Loans with other funds					 	 18	 18
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		(172)		(44)	\$7,893	 (34)	 7,643
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				573			573
Purchase of capital assets		1		(13,179)		(8,035)	(21,213)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		1		(12,606)		(8,035)	 (20,640)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest received on investments		4,332		716	1,493	1,321	7,862
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,332		716	1,493	 1,321	7,862
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,720		(9,516)	18,298	8,827	20,329
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2023		80,674		18,372	 16,161	 26,070	 141,277
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2024	\$	83,394	\$	8,856	\$ 34,459	\$ 34,897	\$ 161,606

(continued)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

(continued)

						Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net	5	Self-		Health	Other	Internal
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	Ins	urance	Fleet	Benefits	Internal	Service
	1	rust	Services	Trust	Service	Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$	(615)	\$ (2,840)	\$ 10,290	\$ 2,516	\$ 9,351
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation/amortization		1	7,174		9,157	16,332
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources:						
Decrease (increase) in assets:						
Accounts receivable			(184)	(558)	(5)	(747)
Due from other governments					(6)	(6)
Inventory and other assets			(13)		(38)	(51)
Prepaid expense		(11)	(4)	(37)	1,912	1,860
Net OPEB asset		10	(1)	3	(3)	9
Increase in deferred outflows of resources:						
Pension/OPEB		61	45	24	83	213
Changes in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:						
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable		195	(1,770)	(201)	1,060	(716)
Interest payable					850	850
Due to other governments			6			6
Reported but unpaid losses		707		(75)		632
Incurred but not reported losses		(1,415)		(425)		(1,840)
Net pension/OPEB liability		(260)	116	(49)	240	47
Other liabilities		(84)	(88)	(48)	(147)	(367)
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources:						
Pension/OPEB		(30)	(23)	(12)	(44)	(109)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,441)	\$ 2,418	\$ 8,912	\$ 15,575	\$ 25,464

Noncash investing, capital, and noncapital financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Fleet Services Fund disposed of capital assets with a net book value of \$460.





COMBINING STATEMENTS AND OTHER SCHEDULES

Fiduciary Funds

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds — to account for assets held in trust by the County's Public Fiduciary for those individuals in which the Public Fiduciary serves as a court-appointed guardian, conservator or estate administrator.

Custodial Funds — to account for other fiduciary activities, including the pooled assets the County Treasurer holds and invests on behalf of other governmental entities not held in trust, non-pooled assets that are invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and the County Treasurer's receipt and distribution of taxes for other governmental entities.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		1.1	_	ublic		Γotal
		vocable		luciary		e-Purpose
	Buri	al Trust	Tru	st Fund	Tru	st Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,535	\$	2,260	\$	5,795
Total assets		3,535		2,260		5,795
Net position						
Restricted for						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		3,535	-	2,260		5,795
Total net position	\$	3,535	\$	2,260	\$	5,795

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		evocable ial Trust	Fic	Public Iuciary ast Fund	Priva	Total te-Purpose st Funds
Additions:	Ф	6.270	ф	024	Ф	7.104
Other	\$	6,270	\$	924	\$	7,194
Total additions		6,270		924		7,194
Deductions:						
Other		7,748		356		8,104
Total deductions		7,748		356		8,104
Increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(1,478)		568		(910)
Net position held in trust, July 1, 2023		5,013		1,692		6,705
Net position held in trust, June 30, 2024	\$	3,535	\$	2,260	\$	5,795

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Custodial Funds June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

				External Investment Pool	estment	Pool						Other			
					Ŭ	Other	Tota	Total External			Individual	Non-County	ounty		
		School		Fire	Gove	Governmental	Inv	Investment	Treasurer's		Investment	External	rnal		
		Districts	П	Districts	Ξ	Entities		Pool	Clearing		Accounts	Bank Accounts	ccounts	Total	Total Other
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	s	382,277	S	65,358	S	9,787	S	457,422	\$ 11,566		\$ 330,741	S	6,331	S	348,638
Property tax receivable									22,288	88					22,288
Interest receivable		1,550		303		40		1,893		3					3
Due from other governments									1,479	42					1,479
Total assets		383,827		65,661		9,827		459,315	35,336	36	330,741		6,331		372,408
Net position															
Restricted for:															
Pool participants		383,827		65,661		9,827		459,315							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments									35,336	36	330,741		6,331		372,408
Total net position	S	383,827	S	65,661	\$	9,827	S	459,315	\$ 35,336	36	330,741	\$	6,331	8	372,408

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024
(in thousands)

		External]	External Investment Pool				Other	
	7 10 10 10	Ė	Other	Total External	E	Individual	Non-County	
	School Districts	FIITE Districts	Governmental Entities	Investment Pool	reasurers Clearing	Investment Accounts	External Bank Accounts	Total Other
Additions:								
Contributions from pool participants	\$ 2,523,806	\$ 142,117	\$ 22,841	\$ 2,688,764				
Contributions from other governments						\$ 324,879		\$ 324,879
Property tax collections for other governments					\$ 1,379,258			1,379,258
Fines and fees collected for other governments					8,047			8,047
Investment earnings	17,455	3,325	482	21,262		8,623		8,623
Inmate collections							\$ 2,088	2,088
Other					2,639		33,217	35,856
Total additions	2,541,261	145,442	23,323	2,710,026	1,389,944	333,502	35,305	1,758,751
Deductions:								
Distributions to pool participants	2,428,814	149,986	24,255	2,603,055				
Distributions to other governments					80	109,931		110,011
Property tax distributions to other governments					1,395,363			1,395,363
Interest expense					474			474
Fines and fees distributed to other governments					8,039			8,039
Payments to inmates							2,109	2,109
Other					1,063		36,749	37,812
Total deductions	2,428,814	149,986	24,255	2,603,055	1,405,019	109,931	38,858	1,553,808
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net nosition	112 447	(4 544)	(032)	106 971	(15.075)	223 571	(3 553)	204 943
ive mercase (acercase) in nadelary net position	177,1	(+,5,+)	(767)	10001	(2,0,01)	1,0,01	(5,5,5)	101,01
Net position, July 1, 2023	271,380	70,205	10,759	352,344	50,411	107,170	9,884	167,465
Net position, June 30, 2024	\$ 383,827	\$ 65,661	\$ 9,827	\$ 459,315	\$ 35,336	\$ 330,741	\$ 6,331	\$ 372,408

INTRODUCTORY SECTION FINANCIAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

- Financial Trends Information
- Revenue Capacity Information
- Debt Capacity Information
- Demographic and Economic Information
- Operating Information



STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends – The financial trends schedules are intended to provide users with information to assist them in understanding and assessing how a government's financial position has changed over time. Financial trends information is considered to be a primary source of the historical perspective that helps users comprehend the direction in which a government's economic condition is heading. It also serves the purpose of giving users a form of information that is among their most highly valued, comparative information over time.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Net Position by Component (accrual basis of accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

	2023 2024	\$ 1,632,054 \$ 1,707,493			25,272 49,187	9,900 29,460	(3)	\$ 1,481,199 \$ 1,679,297		\$ 857,533 \$ 891,664	35,112 37,599	6,868			83,499 107,742	9		\$ 2,489,587 \$ 2,599,157			`			32,140 49,187				_	\$ 2,487,505 \$ 2,741,787	
	2022	\$ 1,633,005	119,378	13,727	28,642	13,276	(363,483)	\$ 1,444,545		\$ 826,451	32,398	10,528	21,728			\$ 301,000		\$ 2,459,456			119,378	13,727	32,398	39,170	21,728	13,276		(292,722)	\$ 2,406,411	
	2021	\$ 1,616,368	117,584	28,364	8,134	16,968	(417,783)	\$ 1,369,635		\$ 789,501	31,100	7,447	20,083		64,998			\$ 2,405,869			11/,384	78,364	31,100	15,581	20,083	16,968		(352,785)	\$ 2,282,764	
	2020	\$ 1,582,181	102,881	16,551	34,384	28,720	(456,402)	\$ 1,308,315		\$ 740,667	36,905	5,963	19,580		70,486			\$ 2,322,848			102,881	16,551	36,905	40,347	19,580	28,720		(385,916)	\$ 2,181,916	
Fiscal Year	2019	\$ 1,517,465	63,501	13,337	34,549	39,545	(435,876)	\$ 1,232,521		\$ 717,994	41,762	6,447	19,158		55,035			\$ 2,235,459		00.00	65,105	13,337	41,762	40,996	19,158	39,545		(380,443)	\$ 2,072,917	
Fis	2018	\$ 1,452,111	68,636	28,365	80,619	44,032	(530,353)	\$ 1,143,410		\$ 686,418	40,271	2,267	19,351		56,307	+10,+00		\$ 2,138,529		000	08,030	28,365	40,271	82,886	19,351	44,032		(474,046)	\$ 1,948,024	
	2017	\$ 1,429,607	66,828	5,416	76,278	40,686	(503,936)	\$ 1,114,879		\$ 654,168	38,247	1,667	19,668		75,231	100,201		\$ 2,083,775		000	979,00	5,416	38,247	77,945	19,668	40,686		(428,705)	\$ 1,903,860	
	2016	\$ 1,376,761	58,269	8,269	62,386	34,342	(494,395)	\$ 1,045,632		\$ 636,369	36,666	3,440	19,223		88,906	t00,t07		\$ 2,013,130		0	28,209	8,269	36,666	65,826	19,223	34,342		(405,489)	\$ 1,830,236	
	2015	\$ 1,385,996	60,285	8,039	64,612	28,610	(507,127)	\$ 1,040,415		\$ 592,351	36,683	7,980	19,419		87,010	C++,C+1 &		\$ 1,978,347		0000	00,285	8,039	36,683	72,592	19,419	28,610		(420,117)	\$ 1,783,858	
		Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	Facilities, justice, library, tax stabilization and community development	Highways and streets	Capital projects	Healthcare Net other nost employment benefits	Unrestricted (deficit)	Total governmental activities net position	Business-type activities	Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	Debt service	Capital projects	Regional wastewater	Net other post employment benefits	Unrestricted Total business true softisities and assistion	rotar ousiness-type activities liet position	Primary government	Net investment in capital assets	Restricted for:	Facilities, justice, library,	tax stabilization and community development	Highways and streets	Debt service	Capital projects	Regional wastewater	Healthcare	Net other post employment benefits	Unrestricted (deficit)	Total primary government net position	

Note:

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, in fiscal year 2019, net position for the year ended June 30, 2018 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule.

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, in fiscal year 2016, net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule.

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, in fiscal year 2015, net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 was restated, however this change is not reflected in this schedule.

Due to the One Arizona Opioid Settlement Memorandum of Understanding (One Arizona Plan) related to national opioid settlements, fiscal year 2022 was restated, however this change was not reflected in this schedule. In fiscal year 2024, a new category was added to the restricted net position for both governmental and business-type activities to reflect the portion related to net pension/OPEB assets.

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 259,734	\$ 267,658	\$ 260,251	\$ 279,678	\$ 254,241	\$ 329,566	\$ 360,851	\$ 343,493	\$ 394,954	\$ 399,737
Public safety	188,189	201,759	214,648	214,460	199,402	197,857	215,376	204,946	224,987	243,311
Highways and streets	85,618	102,461	86,886	110,159	111,826	118,956	136,405	198,621	180,833	109,617
Sanitation	(4,882)	3,089	5,195	2,683	2,798	4,052	3,295	4,453	9,834	3,446
Health	38,219	38,386	39,454	38,186	39,658	43,389	79,676	60,822	62,601	65,711
Welfare	93,524	88,515	90,013	94,567	95,737	102,033	103,038	100,505	114,851	118,828
Culture and recreation	62,981	65,770	68,350	65,827	62,513	70,275	70,153	69,944	84,999	87,339
Education and economic opportunity	35,051	35,833	36,658	43,492	42,810	39,420	49,623	65,797	88,979	71,525
Amortization-unallocated	(6,237)	(6,862)	(9,348)	(7,806)	(6,551)	(6,909)	(6,870)			
Interest on long-term debt	27,696	27,464	27,066	23,049	21,650	20,146	20,861	14,876	17,253	19,343
Total governmental activities	779,893	824,073	819,173	864,295	824,084	918,785	1,032,408	1,063,457	1,179,291	1,118,857
Business-type activities:										
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	184,884	155,566	155,257	148,405	149,576	151,893	153,265	153,613	155,405	164,710
Development Services	6,888	6,691	6,091	5,523	6,187	6,528	6,370	6,443	6,918	7,950
Parking Garages	1,814	2,350	2,840	2,821	2,963	2,649	2,481	2,619	2,847	2,829
Total business-type activities	193,586	164,607	164,188	156,749	158,726	161,070	162,116	162,675	165,170	175,489
Total primary government	\$ 973,479	\$ 988,680	\$ 983,361	\$ 1,021,044	\$ 982,810	\$ 1,079,855	\$ 1,194,524	\$ 1,226,132	\$ 1,344,461	\$ 1,294,346
ş										
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services										
General government	\$ 27,974	\$ 27,149	\$ 28,331	\$ 27,713	\$ 26,789	\$ 28,754	\$ 33,606	\$ 32,414	\$ 28,284	\$ 97,485
Public safety	12,883	12,733	13,657	13,737	13,975	14,665	18,297	14,171	14,287	14,177
Highways and streets	6,136	5,263	969'9	8,356	7,908	9,236	12,432	13,006	10,080	14,834
Health	12,894	13,437	13,831	13,727	14,576	14,614	15,154	16,097	10,527	11,532
Welfare	200	50			252	289	122	51	91	153
Culture and recreation	3,144	2,855	3,876	3,266	3,702	6,907	2,201	3,721	4,416	4,397
Education and economic opportunity	577	545	593	581	577	514	419	565	544	673
Operating grants and contributions	126,862	127,536	130,049	131,222	131,487	175,720	237,401	234,010	274,746	276,996
Capital grants and contributions	42,570	45,579	37,502	26,842	30,361	40,077	35,772	56,606	19,472	44,954
Subtotal governmental activities program revenues	\$ 233,240	\$ 235,147	\$ 234,535	\$ 225,444	\$ 229,627	\$ 290,776	\$ 355,404	\$ 370,641	\$ 362,447	\$ 465,201

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)
(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

(continued)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Frogram revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services										
Regional Wastewater Reclamation	\$ 172,597	\$ 167,856	\$ 170,255	\$ 176,108	\$ 180,118	\$ 176,208	\$ 179,727	\$ 181,732	\$ 179,498	\$ 184,438
Fillia ricalul system & Services Development Services	6,324	6,212	8,076	8,791	8,859	10,396	13,947	14,010	10,170	11,413
Parking Garages	2,271	2,209	2,399	2,524	2,605	2,355	1,985	2,321	2,197	2,385
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	5.854	7.297	5.119	7.354	10.968	8.531	13.743	14.661	14.039	25.771
Total business-type activities program revenues	187,081	183,609	185,849	194,777	202,550	197,490	209,402	212,724	205,904	224,007
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 420,321	\$ 418,756	\$ 420,384	\$ 420,221	\$ 432,177	\$ 488,266	\$ 564,806	\$ 583,365	\$ 568,351	\$ 689,208
Net (expense) revenue							i i			
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(546,653)	(588,926)	(584,638)	38.028	(594,457)	(628,009)	(6//,004)	(692,816)	(816,844)	(653,656)
Total governmental activities net expense	(553,158)	(569,924)	(562,977)	(600,823)	(550,633)	(591,589)	(629,718)	(642,767)	(776,110)	(605,138)
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities: Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 423,538	\$ 444,194	\$ 453,004	\$ 476,365	\$ 463,547	\$ 482,079	\$ 485.886	\$ 500,619	\$ 508.823	\$ 528.867
Hotel/motel taxes	6,155	6,620	6,885	6,569	7,192	5,539	5,816	8,876	15,065	10,412
Other taxes levied for sports facilities and tourism	1,536	1,614	1,590	1,612	1,544	1,270	954	1,162	1,245	1,286
Shared sales tax	105,522	107,966	111,922	118,702	124,999	131,125	152,512	171,839	181,133	187,032
Shared vehicle licenses	24,976	26,302	27,761	28,933	30,282	30,747	35,296	33,485	34,623	35,192
Unrestricted grants and contributions	4,562	4,199	4,550	4,733	4,877	5,890	4,892	7,289	4,796	5,458
Interest and penalties on deimquent taxes Investment earnings	6,164	3.268	3.297	5.549	3,024	5,280	3.812	3,247	24.108	37.041
Miscellaneous	16,889	15,712	17,731	18,381	21,320	22,019	33,832	38,421	29,863	35,419
Transfers	(17,133)	(20,190)	20,146	25,393	11,855	7,921	9,438	1,453	4,990	4,617
Total governmental activities	574,140	595,275	653,390	691,394	893,568	703,803	738,324	767,726	809,720	851,754
Business-type activities: Investment earnings	903	1 291	1512	2 228	4 2 2 4	4 045	1110	(530)	6.758	11 112
Miscellaneous	549	678	1,350	763	1,038	.,5.15	570	671	1,938	1,171
Transfers	17,133	20,190	(20,146)	(25,393)	(11,855)	(7,921)	(9,438)	(1,453)	(4,990)	(4,617)
Total business-type activities	18,585	22,159	(17,284)	(22,402)	(6,593)	(3,215)	(7,758)	(1,312)	3,706	7,666
Total primary government	\$ 592,725	\$ 617,434	\$ 636,106	\$ 668,992	\$ 676,975	\$ 700,588	\$ 730,566	\$ 766,414	\$ 813,426	\$ 859,420
Change in net position: Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	27,487 12,080 \$ 39,567	6,349 41,161 \$ 47,510	68,752 4,377 \$ 73,129	52,543 15,626 \$ 68,169	89,111 37,231 \$ 126,342	75,794 33,205 \$ 108,999	61,320 39,528 \$ 100,848	74,910 48,737 \$ 123,647	(7,124) 44,440 \$ 37,316	198,098 56,184 \$ 254,282

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

2024	\$ 3,758	126,819	348 45,102 6 172,037	\$ 170,027			\$ 2,484	70,081	208	6,629				64,749		35,194		6,400	455	(13,834)		198	3,209	34,576		\$ 271,019
2023	\$ 3,724	117,864	74,272	\$ 190,110			\$ 2,916	58,380		7,602				52,833		50,811	6	2,0/9	626	(17,391)		\$176	42,438 2,883	20,058		\$ 223,431
2022	\$ 2,292	25,000	174,757	\$ 202,209			\$ 2,662	98,730	17,826	11,758	(6,219)			49,051		44,073		1,538	243	(25,057)						\$ 194,605
2021	\$ 5,659	10,000	163 418,030 © 423.853	455,632			\$ 2,928	108,368	17,803	15,992	(279)			859'99		21,957		4,466	29	(27,598)						\$ 210,324
2020	\$ 7,487	,	97,974	\$ 103,390			\$ 2,400	80,990	18,422	14,558				72,010		45,776		5,143	180	(2,346)						\$ 237,133
Fiscal Year 2019	\$ 7,287	;	121 101,990	\$ 109,398			\$ 2,540	77,122	3,993	9,836	(4,370)			78,107		41,234		6,845								\$ 215,307
F 2018	\$ 4,566	Ş	108,825	\$ 113,492			\$ 2,676	90,924	1,972	4,747	(7,690)			136,889		9,492		5,004								\$ 244,014
2017	\$ 4,318	(97,638	\$ 102,030			\$ 2,496	62,263	2,821	9,421	(2,006)			96,228		209		3,127								\$ 169,559
2016	\$ 2,931		77,550	200,000			\$ 2,323	57,141	6,962	3,289	(6,097)			104,274	1,508	195		9,656								\$ 173,251
2015	\$ 4,053		194 47,878	\$ 32,123			\$ 2,515	53,155	6,320	3,769	(4,770)			126,827	3,065	į	(57)	8,424								\$ 199,248
	General Fund Nonspendable	Restricted Committed	Assigned Unassigned	rotal General Fund	All other governmental funds Reserved	Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Funds	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Capital Projects Funds	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Debt Service: Assigned Grants Fund	Nonspendable	Unassigned	Other Special Revenue Fund	Nonspendable	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Total other governmental funds

Note:

The Grants Fund met GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, major fund criteria in fiscal year 2023.

The Other Special Revenue met GASB Statement 34, major fund criteria in fiscal year 2023.

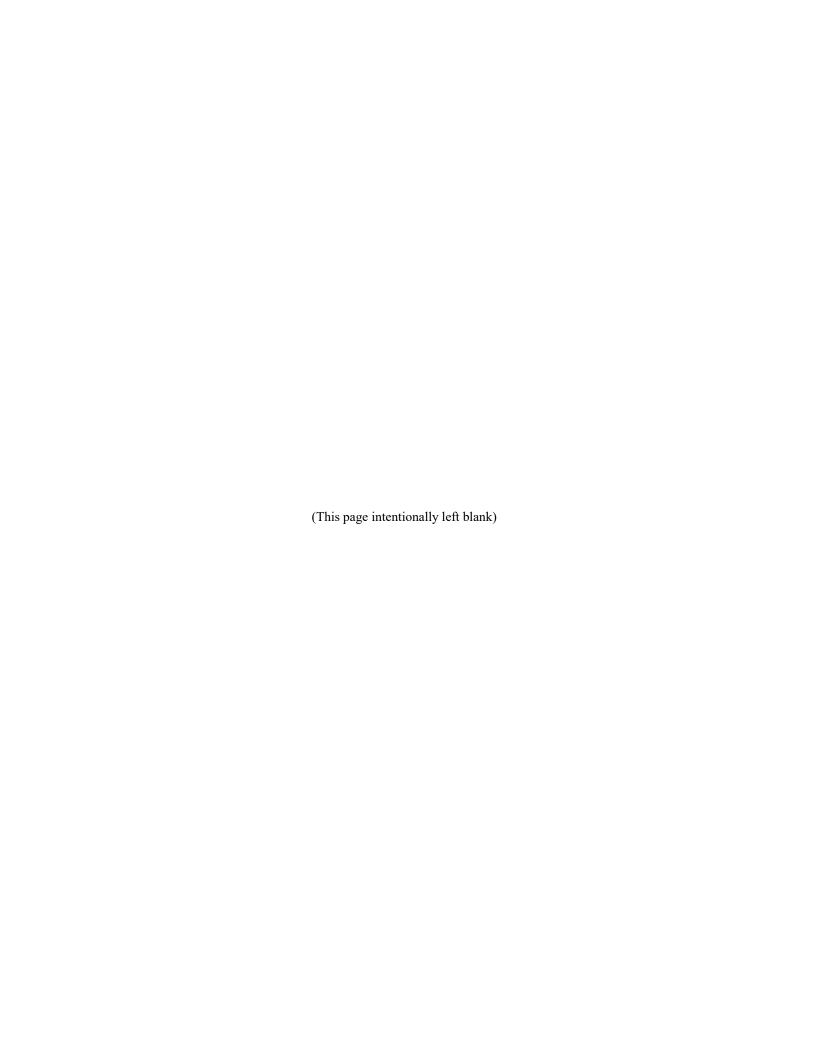
In prior fiscal years, they were reported under Special revenue funds.

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
ı	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Kevenius Taxes	\$ 431,371	\$ 450,054	\$ 460,312	\$ 481,222	\$ 469,605	\$ 486,074	\$ 491,028	\$ 502,370	\$ 512,667	\$ 544,513
Special assessments Licenses and permits	8 456	8 874	9305	9066	10.261	958 6	11 126	9 941	9 711	9 739
Intersovernmental	296.628	314.918	308.555	302.668	326.678	364.610	435.628	481.572	523,097	531.008
Charges for services	60,222	62,258	66,852	63,917	61,171	68,435	75,339	76,232	72,647	81,346
Fines and forfeits	6),509	8,420	8,110	7,526	7,004	6,062	7,022	7,535	9,288	22,049
Investment earnings	1,155	1,812	2,257	4,022	7,564	7,417	3,074	1,622	20,500	29,058
Miscellaneous	15,680	16,835	17,908	19,941	20,980	21,272	25,543	44,764	30,218	32,749
Total revenues	823,021	863,121	873,299	889,202	903,263	963,726	1,048,760	1,124,036	1,178,128	1,250,462
Expenditures										
General government	256,331	255,639	258,350	257,511	269,391	318,476	347,492	337,570	399,181	405,813
Public safety	161,484	169,292	174,105	172,696	173,195	158,046	210,390	435,338	208,766	209,071
Highways and streets	39,664	45,625	41,523	42,038	39,953	63,254	89,690	130,298	122,605	60,433
Sanitation	2,403	2,237	2,343	2,314	2,405	2,511	2,239	2,414	2,422	2,794
Health	37,787	38,390	39,263	39,182	42,909	42,141	77,417	63,194	61,139	63,877
Welfare	93,418	88,436	89,915	94,594	95,907	102,043	103,029	100,550	114,894	118,803
Culture and recreation	68,987	58,710	64,725	62,070	64,003	64,731	65,820	72,247	76,616	78,264
Education and economic opportunity	34,280	35,121	35,872	40,102	42,345	38,583	48,026	66,554	88,182	70,964
Debt service:										
Principal	81,933	86,957	101,579	97,574	129,912	90,018	102,692	90,454	85,395	89,241
Interest	26,439	26,279	23,920	20,244	18,730	17,630	16,526	18,767	18,963	20,542
Miscellaneous	863	488	1,376	729	620	622	2,805	247	868	267
Capital outlay	100,788	70,473	73,922	78,370	118,275	118,016	94,003	108,296	98,716	143,532
Total expenditures	904,377	877,647	906,893	907,424	997,645	1,016,071	1,160,129	1,425,929	1,277,777	1,263,901
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(81,356)	(14,526)	(33,594)	(18,222)	(94,382)	(52,345)	(111,369)	(301,893)	(99,649)	(13,439)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of refunding debt	13,685	9,640	150,385							
Premium on bonds	5,949	2,552	17,661	2,621	6,709	5,588	5,603		2,309	1,349
Payments to escrow agent	(15,250)	(11,010)	(166,816)		!					
Financed purchases	11,500	149	1,700	93	170	6/.9	200	000	211	365.04
Tages amount of folig-term debt	(2,042)	54,273	7,000	000,57	43,940	20,020	007,740	3.451	50,113	40,743
Subscription-based information technology agreements								104,6	24,146	1,758
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	119	68	246	999	1,676	268	5	470	1,021	
Transfers in	121,497	114,358	110,044	121,810	169,544	170,977	191,771	227,287	252,102	247,737
Transfers (out)	(148,744)	(132,865)	(87,640)	(94,524)	(162,458)	(163,167)	(171,810)	(226,675)	(248,037)	(250,798)
Total other financing sources	60,781	17,208	51,260	104,133	61,581	70,365	412,817	54,533	122,382	40,939
Change in reserves - net						4	(1)	(2)	•	(\$1)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (20,575)	\$ 2,682	\$ 17,666	\$ 85,911	\$ (32,801)	\$ 18,024	\$ 301,447	\$ (247,362)	\$ 22,733	\$ 27,499
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	13.51%	13.41%	14.94%	13.74%	16.11%	11.55%	11.10%	8.08%	8.68%	%69.6

Source: Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management



STATISTICAL SECTION

REVENUE CAPACITY:

The revenue capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess the factors affecting a government's ability to generate its own-source revenues. The presentation here is not limited to property tax revenues, but certain other revenues are presented to comply with debt disclosure requirements, e.g., hotel taxes, car rental taxes, and street and highway revenues.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property
Last Ten Tax Years

(in thousands)

Assessed Value	as a Percentage	of Limited Value	%96.6	9.91%	10.04%	10.07%	10.10%	10.08%	10.14%	10.11%	10.03%	%86.6
Estimated	Limited	Value	76,489,654	78,911,345	80,459,900	82,745,384	86,441,657	90,656,154	95,585,663	100,257,796	106,146,379	112,786,493
Total	Direct	Tax Rate	5.9632	5.8852	6.0243	5.6525	5.6014	5.3524	5.2346	5.1036	5.1424	5.1413
Taxable	Assessed	Value					8,729,964					
		Other	52,386	52,536	55,611	59,834	61,418	62,341	68,132	73,701	73,670	75,490
	Vacant	Land	385,043	345,099	321,022	323,278	311,735	304,548	309,971	312,905	312,228	307,083
	Residential	Property	4,952,757	5,172,564	5,374,744	5,634,554	5,948,604	6,311,194	6,667,859	7,008,385	7,448,243	7,962,191
	Commercial	Property	2,230,175	2,246,501	2,323,580	2,316,227	2,408,207	2,462,342	2,650,189	2,737,633	2,812,753	2,909,747
		Tax Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

Notes

Property in Pima County is assessed annually with values being set by either the County Assessor or the Arizona Department of Revenue. The values individual property types. The taxable assessed value is arrived at by multiplying an assessment ratio that has varied from ten percent for residential are the basis for Primary Taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by the State Constitution. Assessment ratios are set by the legislature for property to twenty-five percent for commercial property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (per \$100 of assessed value) PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

		C00	county Direct reacts	atts		
			Flood	County	Fire	
Тах	County	County	Control	Library	District	
Year	Primary	Secondary	District ¹	District	Assistance	Total
015	4.3877	0.7000	0.3135	0.5153	0.0467	5.9632
016	4.2896	0.7000	0.3335	0.5153	0.0468	5.8852
017	4.4596	0.7000	0.3135	0.5053	0.0459	6.0243
2018	4.0696	0.6900	0.3335	0.5153	0.0441	5.6525
019	3.9996	0.6900	0.3335	0.5353	0.0430	5.6014
020	3.9220	0.5200	0.3335	0.5353	0.0416	5.3524
021	3.8764	0.4500	0.3335	0.5353	0.0394	5.2346
022	3.8764	0.3200	0.3235	0.5453	0.0384	5.1036
023	4.0102	0.2200	0.3253	0.5493	0.0376	5.1424
024	4.0990	0.1250	0.3271	0.5537	0.0365	5.1413

	Saguaro Springs	Community	Facilities	District	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000
	Gladden Farms	Phase II	Community	Facilities District	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000
	Quail Creek	Community	Facilities	District	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.3000	3.0300	2.6804	2.3975
	Gladden Farms Vanderbilt Farms	Community	Facilities	District ⁴	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000					
	Gladden Farms	Community	Facilities	District	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.4400	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000	2.8000
	Mobile	Home	Relocation	District ³	0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Sates	Cortaro-	Marana	Irrigation	District ²	72.0000	75.0000	75.0000	78.0000	79.5000	80.2500	84.0000	91.5000	93.0000	93.0000
Overlapping Rates		Silverbell	Irrigation	District ²	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.0000	3.2508	3.2508	3.2508
J	Flowing	Wells	Irrigation	District ²	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	19.3500	21.2900	21.2900	22.3500
	Central AZ	Water	Conservation	District	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400
		Street	Lighting	District	12.3345	12.4384	12.4505	15.3127	17.9248	14.4901	15.2590	15.7198	15.3267	16.2297
		City	of South	Tucson	0.2528	0.2528	0.2487	0.2512	0.2434	0.2527	0.2370	0.2338	0.2232	0.2192
		City	Jo	Tucson	1.5960	1.5982	1.4342	1.4819	1.3810	1.3573	1.3123	1.4292	1.0501	1.0345
		$\overline{}$	College		1.3689	1.3733	1.3890	1.3983	1.3758	1.3359	1.2733	1.2878	1.2802	1.2530
			of Education	Assistance	0.5054	0.5010	0.4875	0.4741	0.4566	0.4426	0.4263	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
		State	Jo	Arizona	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
			Tax	Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

Primary and secondary tax rates (per \$100 of net assessed value) are set by the County Board of Supervisors or the governing boards of other taxing jurisdictions. The Towns of Marana, Oro Valley and Sahuarita do not currently levy a property tax. The Tucson Business Improvement District levy (on a per-business basis) is not shown.

¹The Pima County Flood Control District tax levy applies only to real property.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{Irrigation}$ Districts' tax rates shown are levied on a per acre basis.

³Mobile Home Relocation levy applies only to unsecured mobile homes.

⁴Vanderbilt Farms Community Facilities District was dissolved in fiscal year 2020.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - School Districts Last Ten Tax Years PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA (per \$100 of assessed value)

School District Tucson Unified (#1)	2015	2016	2017	2018 6.5554	2019	2020 6.1243	2021	2022 5.9173	2023	2024 5.7053
Marana Unified (#6)	6.3370	6.3871	6.2334	6.0840	5.8650	5.7594	5.9491	5.4689	5.6906	5.5504
Flowing Wells Unified (#8)	6.6292	6.8971	6.7539	0988.9	6.8539	6.6839	6.4855	6.5638	6.2262	6.4926
Amphitheater Unified (#10)	5.6725	5.4917	5.6311	5.4919	5.4507	5.4522	5.1034	5.1627	5.0082	4.8271
Sunnyside Unified (#12)	3.9987	5.5498	5.7009	5.6636	5.3009	5.1530	4.6605	4.3087	4.2858	6.6228
Tanque Verde Unified (#13)	5.3069	5.2329	5.7574	5.4150	5.3974	5.2384	5.2731	5.0445	4.9680	4.7742
Ajo Unified (#15)	4.5540	4.7673	4.7107	4.5585	4.3771	4.2246	4.1276	4.0710	3.9341	3.7488
Catalina Foothills Unified (#16)	4.9985	5.9893	5.6661	5.4212	4.9943	5.5878	5.1980	5.0599	4.9318	4.7555
Vail Elementary (#20)	7.0189	7.0523	7.2630	7.1643	7.4759	7.1640	7.1497	6.8087	6.8116	6.3777
Sahuarita Unified (#30)	7.2847	7.3670	9.0399	8.4240	7.8712	7.4213	7.3042	7.1594	6.7020	6.3160
San Fernando Elementary (#35)	5.9538	4.4826	4.5003	4.3145	2.3087	1.9243	1.9959	1.9510	2.0313	2.8885
Empire Elementary (#37)	1.7677	2.4363	5.4021	6.4884	3.7643	2.4307	3.6087	3.4754	3.3344	3.2168
Continental Elementary (#39)	2.6512	2.4626	2.4991	2.5037	2.3785	2.3249	2.2488	2.1400	2.4825	1.6155
Redington Elementary (#44)	4.5901	8.9614	8.6853	8.6853	7.3742	7.3742	7.3742	7.3742	8.2011	7.7497
Altar Valley Elementary (#51)	7.6184	5.9857	5.7738	5.9852	5.5805	5.6522	6.7208	5.1139	5.2321	5.1939
Unorganized ¹	2.0977	2.0793	2.0234	1.9679	1.8954	1.8371	1.7694	1.7133	1.6549	1.5930

Notes:

¹County Education District; Only applies to those geographical areas within Pima County not part of formal school districting.

Source:

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)

		2015			2016			2017			2018			2019	
Тахрауст	Estimated Assessed Value1	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value	Estimated Assessed Value 1	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value	Estimated Assessed Valuel	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value	Estimated Assessed Value1	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value	Estimated Assessed Value1	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co.	\$ 200,344	1	2.4%	\$ 188,366	1	2.2%	\$ 215,359	1	2.5%	\$ 217,657	1	2.4%	\$ 217,567	1	2.3%
Southwest Gas Corporation	70,297	3	0.9%	36,696	4	0.4%	75,306	3	%6.0	85,118	2	%6.0	92,375	2	1.0%
Phelps Dodge Corporation - Sierrita Mine	93,847	2	1.1%	81,988	2	1.0%	84,212	2	1.0%	70,987	3	0.8%	71,722	3	0.7%
HSL Properties															
Sierrita Gas Pipeline, LLC							30769	7	0.4%	29,920	7	0.3%	28,751	7	0.3%
ASARCO, LLC - Mission Mine	48,496	4	0.6%	42,290	3	0.5%	43,258	4	0.5%	40,280	4	0.4%	36,335	4	0.4%
Northwest Hospital, LLC	17,058	7	0.2%	16,858	∞	0.2%	31,995	9	0.4%	32,521	9	0.4%	33,047	9	0.3%
Raytheon	14,703	6	0.2%												
Amazon															
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC				17,471	7	0.2%	23,629	∞	0.3%	29,729	∞	0.3%	25,005	∞	0.3%
Qwest Corporation	37,877	2	0.5%	33,114	5	0.4%	35,990	5	0.4%	34,964	5	0.4%	35,335	5	0.4%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	18,494	9	0.2%	18,211	9	0.2%	21,809	10	0.3%	22,472	10	0.2%	23,020	10	0.2%
DND Neffson, Co. (Tucson Mall)	15,695	∞	0.2%	15,668	6	0.2%	22,561	6	0.3%	22,667	6	0.3%	23,150	6	0.2%
DDR Tucson Spectrum II, LLC				12,499	10	0.1%									
Trico Electric Co-Op, Inc.	14,131	10	0.2%												
Total Top Ten	\$ 530,942		6.5%	\$ 463,161		5.4%	\$ 584,888		7.0%	\$ 586,315		6.4%	\$ 586,307		6.4%
Notes: ¹ Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Year	ar		\$ 7,906,190			\$ 8,262,665			8,508,990			\$ 9,030,169		•	\$ 9,645,865
Source: Pima County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue															(continued)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands)

(continued)

		0000			2021			2022			2003			2024	
		0707	Percent of		1707	Percent of		7707	Percent of		6707	Percent of		1707	Percent of
	Estimated	Rank	Total	Estimated	Rank	Total									
Taxpaver	Valuel			Value1		Value	Value1		Value	Value1		Value	Value ¹		Value
Unisource/Tucson Electric Power Co.	\$ 228,198	1	7%	\$ 240,775	1	2.2%	\$ 273,438	-	2.4%	\$ 295,764	1	2.3%	\$ 311,493	1	2.0%
Southwest Gas Corporation	102,442	2	1.0%	119,687	2	1.1%	136,933	2	1.2%	156,447	2	1.2%	158,584	2	1.0%
Phelps Dodge Corporation - Sierrita Mine	866'68	3	0.9%	101,453	3	0.9%	86,436	3	0.8%	115,867	3	0.9%	120,473	3	0.8%
HSL Properties													76,815	4	0.5%
Sierrita Gas Pipeline, LLC	32,825	7	0.3%	40,427	4	0.4%	46,647	4	0.4%	51,554	4	0.4%	50,894	5	0.3%
ASARCO, LLC - Mission Mine	42,110	4	0.4%	38,540	5	0.4%	34,044	5	0.3%	36,216	7	0.3%	45,218	9	0.3%
Northwest Hospital, LLC	33,729	9	0.3%	31,175	7	0.3%	33,149	7	0.3%	36,958	5	0.3%	42,000	7	0.3%
Raytheon	26,237	∞	0.3%	32,155	9	0.3%	34,026	9	0.3%	36,848	9	0.3%	38,352	8	0.2%
Amazon										25,916	6	0.2%	30,956	6	0.2%
SMSJ Tucson Holdings, LLC	26,006	6	0.3%	24,579	6	0.2%	25,946	6	0.2%	27,134	∞	0.2%	26,973	10	0.2%
Qwest Corporation	33,754	5	0.3%	30,935	∞	0.3%	28,283	8	0.2%	25,729	10	0.2%			
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.							24,973	10	0.2%						
DND Neffson, Co. (Tucson Mall)	23,377	10	0.2%	23,978	10	0.2%									
DDR Tueson Spectrum II, LLC															
Trico Electric Co-Op, Inc.															
Total Top Ten	\$ 638,676		6.2%	\$ 683,704		6.3%	\$ 723,875		6.3%	\$ 808,433		6.3%	\$ 901,758		5.8%
Notes: 'Secondary Assessed Valuation for Tax Year	Year		\$ 10,226,395			\$ 10,836,343			\$ 11,355,659			\$ 13,137,117			\$ 15,776,061
C															

Source: Pima County Assessor's Office Arizona Department of Revenue

Real Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA (in thousands)

			Delinquent	Taxes	Receivable ²	1,271	1,188	1,413	1,118	6,443	11,028	10,977	13,078	14,845	8,593
d to	2024 ¹		Percent of	Adjusted	Levy	%69.66	99.73%	%89.66	%92.66	98.57%	97.65%	%89'.26	97.32%	97.01%	98.36%
Collecte	June 30, 2024 ¹				Amount	410,213	432,361	439,481	463,265	444,508	458,509	462,317	475,664	480,909	513,932
			Collections	in Subsequent	Years	12,543	13,645	8,853	9,443	3,354					
une 30,	cal Year		Percent of	Original	Levy	96.64%	%85'96	%19.76	97.73%	97.83%	97.65%	%89'.26	97.32%	97.01%	98.05%
Collected to June 30,	End of Tax Fiscal Year ¹				Amount	397,670	418,716	430,628	453,822	441,154	458,509	462,317	475,664	480,909	513,932
		Real	Property	Tax Levy	(Adjusted)	411,484	433,549	440,894	464,383	450,951	469,537	473,294	488,742	495,754	522,525
				Roll	Corrections										(1,619)
		Original	Real	Property	Tax Levy	411,484	433,549	440,894	464,383	450,951	469,537	473,294	488,742	495,754	524,144
			Secondary Property Tax	Levy for Flood Control	and Library District3,4,5	52,186	59,448	62,645	81,772	67,031	72,146	76,329	80,602	83,960	88,867
		Primary Property Tax	Levy and Secondary	Property Tax Levy for	Debt Service	359,298	374,101	378,249	382,611	383,920	397,391	396,965	408,140	411,794	435,277
				Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management Pima County Treasurer's Office

¹ Amounts collected are on a cash basis rather than the modified accrual basis used in the financial statements.

 $^{^2}$ Represents the difference between the adjusted levy and collected to June 30, 2024. 3 Fiscal Year 2017-18 includes Transportation road property.

 $^{^4}$ Fiscal Year 2018-19 includes Improvement & Other Districts. 5 Fiscal Year 2019-20 includes Community Facilities Districts.

Assessed, Limited and Full Cash (Secondary) Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Limited and	Ratio of Net
	Net Assessed	Full Cash	Assessed to
Fiscal Year	Value	Value ¹	Full Cash Value
2014-15 Primary	7,518,482	74,402,882	10.11%
2014-15 Secondary	7,579,899	75,389,155	10.05%
2015-16 Primary	7,620,361	76,489,654	9.96%
2015-16 Secondary	7,906,190	79,550,159	9.94%
2016-17 Primary	7,816,700	78,911,345	9.91%
2016-17 Secondary	8,262,665	83,520,548	9.89%
2017-18 Primary	8,074,958	80,459,900	10.04%
2017-18 Secondary	8,508,990	84,772,588	10.04%
2018-19 Primary	8,333,893	82,745,384	10.07%
2018-19 Secondary	9,030,169	89,027,208	10.14%
2019-20 Primary	8,729,964	86,441,657	10.10%
2019-20 Secondary	9,645,865	95,293,696	10.12%
2020-21 Primary	9,140,425	90,656,154	10.08%
2020-21 Secondary	10,226,395	101,016,359	10.12%
2021-22 Primary	9,696,151	95,585,663	10.14%
2021-22 Secondary	10,836,343	106,405,925	10.18%
2022-23 Primary	10,132,624	100,257,796	10.11%
2022-23 Secondary	11,355,659	111,988,323	10.14%
2023-24 Primary	10,646,894	106,146,379	10.03%
2023-24 Secondary	13,137,117	130,775,723	10.05%

Notes:

¹Limited value is the basis for primary taxes and annual changes therein are restricted by statute; Full Cash Value or Secondary Value approximates market value.

Source:

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

	FY 2023-24 (Tax	x Year 2023)	FY 2024-25 (Tax	Year 2024)
Jurisdiction	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Rate
State of Arizona	\$ 10,646,894	0.0000	\$ 11,254,511	0.0000
Pima County				
General Fund - Primary	10,646,894	4.0102	11,254,511	4.0990
Debt Service - Secondary	10,646,894	0.2200	11,254,511	0.1250
Free Library - Secondary	10,646,894	0.5493	11,254,511	0.5537
T + 1 C + D	10.646.904	4.0102	11 254 511	4.0000
Total County - Primary Total County - Secondary	10,646,894	4.0102 0.7693	11,254,511	4.0990 0.6787
Grand Total		4.7795		4.7777
Grand Total		4.7793		4.////
Education Assistance	10,646,894	0.0000	11,254,511	0.0000
Flood Control District - Secondary	9,624,839	0.3253	10,248,198	0.3271
Fire District Assistance - Secondary	10,646,894	0.0376	11,254,511	0.0365
Pima Community College District				
Primary	10,646,894	1 2902	11 254 511	1 2520
Total	10,040,094	1.2802	11,254,511	1.2530
Total		1.2002		1.2330
Central Arizona Water Conservation Di	strict			
Secondary	10,646,894	0.1400	11,254,511	0.1400
Cities & Towns				
City of Tucson				
Primary	4,332,449	0.4461	4,542,971	0.4311
Secondary	4,332,449	0.6040	4,542,971	0.6034
Total		1.0501		1.0345
C'A CC A T				
City of South Tucson	26,000	0.2222	29.226	0.2102
Primary	26,988	0.2232	28,226	0.2192
Total		0.2232		0.2192
School Districts				
Unorganized - Primary	17,390	1.6549	19,968	1.5930
·	·			
Tucson Unified (District #1)				
Primary	4,072,680	3.5970	4,274,794	3.4252
Secondary	4,072,680	1.9402	4,274,794	2.2801
Total		5.5372		5.7053
Source:				

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

	FY 2023-24 (Tax			FY 2024-25 (Tax	
	Valuation	Rate		Valuation	Rate
\$	1,178,850	3.4787	\$	1,293,504	3.3477
	1,178,850	2.2119		1,293,504	2.2027
		5.6906		:	5.5504
	233,327	3.3533		240,553	3.2282
	233,327	2.8729		240,553	3.2644
		6.2262		:	6.4926
	1,883,370	3.4587		1,968,042	3.3402
	1,883,370	1.5495		1,968,042	1.4869
		5.0082		•	4.8271
	593,796	3.4961		615,677	3.4122
	•	0.7897		•	3.2106
	,	4.2858		· .	6.6228
	230,541	3.3968		242,714	3.2566
	230,541	1.5712		242,714	1.5176
	,	4.9680		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.7742
	18,541	3.9341		19,478	3.7488
	,	3.9341		· .	3.7488
)					
,	714,755	3.3576		750,403	3.2193
	714,755	1.5742		•	1.5362
)	4.9318		,	4.7555
	746,457	3.7820		812,920	3.4074
					2.9703
				·, ·	6.3777
j	\$	1,178,850 233,327 233,327 1,883,370 1,883,370 1,883,370 593,796 593,796 230,541 230,541 230,541	1,178,850 2.2119 5.6906 233,327 3.3533 233,327 2.8729 6.2262 1,883,370 3.4587 1,883,370 1.5495 5,0082 593,796 3.4961 593,796 0.7897 4.2858 230,541 3.3968 230,541 1.5712 4.9680 18,541 3.9341 3.9341 3.9341 50 714,755 1.5742 4.9318 4.9318	1,178,850 2.2119 5.6906 233,327 3.3533 233,327 2.8729 6.2262 1,883,370 3.4587 1,883,370 1.5495 5.0082 593,796 3.4961 593,796 0.7897 4.2858 230,541 3.3968 230,541 1.5712 4.9680 18,541 3.9341 3.9341 3.9341 50) 714,755 3.3576 714,755 1.5742 4.9318 746,457 3.7820 746,457 3.0296	1,178,850 2.2119 1,293,504 5.6906 1,293,504 233,327 3.3533 240,553 233,327 2.8729 240,553 6.2262 240,553 1,883,370 3.4587 1,968,042 1,883,370 1.5495 1,968,042 593,796 3.4961 615,677 593,796 0.7897 615,677 4.2858 4.2858 230,541 3.3968 242,714 230,541 1.5712 242,714 4.9680 4.9680 18,541 3.9341 19,478 3.9341 19,478 3.9341 750,403 714,755 3.3576 750,403 714,755 1.5742 750,403 4.9318 746,457 3.7820 812,920 746,457 3.0296 812,920

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

(continued)

Comparative Net Valuations and Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value) (in thousands)

(continued)

	FY 2023-24	(Tax Year 2023)	FY 2024-25 (T	ax Year 2024)
Jurisdiction	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Rate
Sahuarita Unified (District #30)				
Primary	\$ 426,830	3.5668	\$ 460,343	3.3763
Secondary	426,830	3.1352	460,343	2.9397
Total		6.7020		6.3160
San Fernando Elementary (District #35))			
Primary	12,438	2.0313	11,292	2.8885
Total		2.0313		2.8885
Empire Elementary (District #37)				
Primary	7,752	3.3344	8,017	3.2168
Total		3.3344		3.2168
Continental Elementary (District #39)				
Primary	447,381	2.1046	475,965	1.2350
Secondary	447,381	0.3779	475,965	0.3805
Total		2.4825		1.6155
Baboquivari Unified School (District #40	0)			
Primary	2,055	0.0000	2,132	0.0000
Total		0.0000		0.0000
Redington Elementary (District #44)				
Primary	1,534	8.2011	1,571	7.7497
Total	,	8.2011	,	7.7497
Altar Valley Elementary (District #51)				-
Primary	59,197	4.3793	57,139	4.3420
Secondary	59,197 59,197		57,139	0.8519
Total	39,197	5.2321	37,139	5.1939
10181		3.2321		3.1939

Source:

Historical Collections - Hotel Excise Tax Car Rental Surcharge and Recreational Vehicle Tax Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

		Car	Recreational
Fiscal	Hotel Excise	Rental	Vehicle
Year	Tax ¹	Surcharges ²	$Tax^{3, 4}$
2014-15	6,105	1,384	137
2015-16	6,534	1,468	146
2016-17	6,958	1,446	161
2017-18	6,345	1,530	71
2018-19	7,196	1,507	
2019-20	5,750	1,361	
2020-21	5,354	925	
2021-22	8,919	1,164	
2022-23	14,702	1,330	
2023-24	10,891	1,198	

Notes:

Source:

¹ Tax increased from 1% to 2% January 1, 1997; the additional 1% can only be used for County sports facilities. In January of 2006, the tax increased from 2% to 6%, of which only 34% can be used for sports facilities.

² Car rental surcharges increased from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per rental contract July 1, 1996. Usage is restricted to County sports facilities.

³ Recreational vehicle taxes apply at the rate of \$0.50 per vehicle per night and became effective July 1, 1997. Usage of this tax is limited to athletic activities.

⁴ Recreational vehicle taxes expired on December 31, 2017

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Streets and Highways Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Highway	User Veh	icle
nt Rever	nue Licens	se Tax
3,212 4	0,762	12,450
6,006 4	2,543	13,463
9,443 4	5,356	14,087
1,552 4	6,553	14,999
5,564 4	9,718	15,846
4,812 4	8,759	16,053
),647 5	2,118	18,529
3,691 5	5,522	18,169
4,822 5	5,834	18,988
7,323 5	7,608	19,715
	Int Rever 3,212 4 6,006 4 9,443 4 1,552 4 5,564 4 4,812 4 0,647 5 3,691 5 4,822 5	Revenue Licens 3,212 40,762 6,006 42,543 9,443 45,356 1,552 46,553 5,564 49,718 4,812 48,759 0,647 52,118 3,691 55,522 4,822 55,834

Source:

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEBT CAPACITY:

The debt capacity information is intended to assist users to understand and assess a government's debt burden and ability to issue debt. Debt capacity information is cited as being very useful for assessing economic condition as frequently as revenue or tax capacity. Five of the schedules presented provide ten-year comparisons.

Certain schedules, for example, leases, lease-purchase installment notes payable, and purchase agreements, are provided to comply with debt disclosure requirements.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type to Personal Income and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

		Total	Primary	Government							878,335	805,364	805,909	764,967
ies		Contracts	and	Notes	\$ 860,1	1,577	1,564	763	887	2,120	2,236	2,883	4,052	1,249
Business-type activities	Regional	Nastewater	Loans	Payable	18,145	16,563	4,630	3,555	2,998					
Busine		Sewer	Revenue	Obligations	510,763 \$	481,027	574,486	565,708	526,031	496,944	468,671	433,310	396,864	366,933
		Sewer	Revenue	Bonds	120,361 \$	104,153	20,535	2,863						
					S									
				Subscriptions									23,262	37,316
				Leases S								2,757	2,517	3,951
			Financed	Purchase	11,912	8,733	3,597	2,078	724	749	562	384	247	107
activities			Capital	Leases	\$	136	88	38						
Governmental activities		Certificates	Jo	Participation	177,771	179,054	141,194	166,617	124,567	161,063	180,417	196,338	247,299	252,838
		ansportation	Revenue	Bonds I	118,770 \$	103,961	89,68	85,508	96,916	80,899	88,258	73,731	64,012	54,128
		General Ti	Obligation Revenue of	Bonds	\$ 391,298 \$	350,135	336,954	288,182	236,572	181,428	138,191	95,961	67,656	48,445 54,128 252,838
!	•		Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

	Debt	per Capita	\$ 1,321	1,225	1,144	1,079	948	878	829	754	746	703
	Population	at July 1 ¹	3.45% 1,022,079	.09% 1,016,743	2.84% 1,025,044	2.58% 1,033,781	2.13% 1,042,475	1.85% 1,050,906	.60% 1,059,218	.45% 1,067,441	.35% 1,079,998	.20% 1,087,948
Percentage	of Personal Population	Income	3.45%	3.09%	2.84%	2.58%	2.13%	1.85%	1.60%	1.45%	1.35%	1.20%
	Personal	Income	39,106,000	40,359,300	41,349,550	43,223,000	46,497,700	49,961,000	55,047,000	55,396,200	59,539,400	63,810,800
Total	Primary	Government	\$ 1,350,118 \$	1,245,339	1,172,737	1,115,312	988,695	923,203	878,335	805,364	805,909	764,967
	Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-74.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

¹Personal income and population statistics are based on calendar year. Prior years' statistics updated based on current data.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Net	General	Bond Debt	per Capita²	377	339	326	276	224	170	128	06	63	45
	Ğ	Bor	per	S									
		Population	at July 1 ¹	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441	1,079,998	1,087,948
Percent Net General Bond	Debt to	Assessed	Value	2.08%	4.36%	4.04%	3.35%	2.59%	1.85%	1.32%	%68.0	%09.0	0.37%
	Secondary	Net Assessed	Value	\$ 7,579,899	7,906,190	8,262,665	8,508,990	9,030,169	9,645,865	10,226,395	10,836,343	11,355,659	13,137,117
	Net	General	Bond Debt	\$ 385,261	344,529	334,161	285,271	233,933	178,883	135,153	95,961	67,656	48,445
Debt Service	Funds	Available for	Principal	\$ 6,037	5,606	2,793	2,911	2,639	2,545	3,038			
	General	Obligation	Bond Debt	S				236,572					
		Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Notes:

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-74.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

¹Population statistics are based on calendar year. Prior years' statistics updated to reflect current data.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to Property Values and Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Debt	per Capita ²	\$ 1,469	1,421	1,360	1,294	1,272	1,190	1,128	972 ³	626	1,104
	Population	at July 1 ¹	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441	1,079,998	1,087,948
Percentage	of Assessed	Value	19.81%	18.28%	16.87%	15.72%	14.68%	12.96%	11.68%	9.57% 3	9.31%	9.14%
Secondary	Net Assessed	Value	8 7,579,899	7,906,190	8,262,665	8,508,990	9,030,169	9,645,865	10,226,395	10,836,343	11,355,659	13,137,117
Total	Overlapping	Debt	\$ 1,501,691	1,445,104	1,393,757	1,337,556	1,325,724	1,250,116	1,194,283	1,037,063 ³	1,057,562	1,201,318
	Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Jotes.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide (at least in part), with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management Office of Economic Opportunity

¹Population statistics are based on calendar year.

²Debt per Capita is shown in actual dollars and not in thousands.

³Updated from the FY 2021-22 ACFR, the previous presentation included all debts for the City of Tucson, not solely those repaid through property taxes.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding At June 30, 2024 (in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt tstanding		Amount verlapping
Debt repaid with property tax:				
School Districts	\$	745,617	\$	745,617
Pima Community College		1,041		1,041
City of Tucson		57,875		57,875
Total overlapping			\$	804,533
Debt repaid with property tax				
Direct: Pima County*	\$	48,445	\$	48,445
Total direct repaid with property tax			\$	48,445
Other Debt:				
Certificates of participation	\$	252,838	\$	252,838
Financed purchase		107		107
Leases		3,951		3,951
Subscriptions		37,316		37,316
Transportation bonds		54,128	_	54,128
Total other debt			\$	348,340
Total direct			\$	396,785
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	1,201,318

Notes:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the County. All overlapping governments are 100% within the County's boundaries. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt borne by the residents and businesses of Pima County. When considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the process should recognize the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses therein. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident of each government and is responsible for the repayment of debt of each overlapping government.

Source:

Pima County Department of Finance & Risk Management City of Tucson Finance Department Pima Community College District Finance Office

^{*}Excludes improvement districts.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Legal Debt Margin
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollar amounts in thousands)

Full Cash Net Assessed Value	2015 \$ 7,579,899	2016 \$ 7,906,190	2017 \$ 8,262,665	2018 \$ 8,508,990	2019	2020 \$ 9,645,865	2021	2022 \$ 10,836,343	2023 \$ 11,355,659	2024 \$ 13,137,117
Legal Debt Margin										
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	1,136,985	1,185,929	1,239,400	1,276,349	1,354,525	1,446,880	1,533,959	1,625,451	1,703,349	1,970,568
Debt applicable to limit:										
General obligation bonds Less: Net assets reserved for	383,935	344,620	321,285	275,990	227,335	174,910	134,103	93,615	66,534	47,907
repayment of general obligation debt	(6,037)	(5,606)	(2,793)	(2,911)	(2,639)	(2,545)	(3,038)	0	(1,729)	(3,317)
Total net debt applicable to the limit	377,898	339,014	318,492	273,079	224,696	172,365	131,065	93,615	64,805	44,590
Legal debt margin	\$ 759,087	\$ 846,915	\$ 920,908	\$ 1,003,270	\$ 1,129,829	\$ 1,274,515	1,402,894	\$ 1,531,836	\$ 1,638,544	\$ 1,925,978
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit.	33.24%	28.59%	25.70%	21.40%	16.59%	11.91%	8.54%	5.76%	3.80%	2.26%

Please see Note 7 to the Financial Statements, page 74 for additional details on calculation of the legal debt margin for the current year.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Regional Wastewater Reclamation Pledged Sewer Revenue Debt Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

		Coverage	Ratio ^{4,5}	2.96	2.86	2.73	2.71	2.65	2.70	2.78	2.49	2.62	2.80
			Total	71,332	68,849	74,572	69,805	69,537	61,564	66,036	68,616	960,59	64,944
				S									
	Debt Service ⁶		Interest	30,306	28,529	26,621	25,371	24,395	22,364	22,181	19,791	17,176	16,729
	Del			S									
			rincipal	41,026	40,320	47,951	44,434	45,142	39,200	43,855	48,825	47,920	48,215
			Ь	S									
		Pledged	evenues ³	210,911	197,048	203,344	189,041	184,377	165,960	183,888	170,682	170,271	182,047
				S									
Plus: Ending cash	nces of Prior	iscal Year	nrestricted)	121,426	110,741	110,451	89,316	78,192	66,724	82,883	73,230	72,908	83,464
Ē	Bala	Ĭ,	m)	s									
		Available	Revenue	89,485	86,307	92,893	99,725	106,185	99,236	101,005	97,452	97,363	98,583
			Net	s									
	Less:	Operating	xpense ²	84,492	83,423	80,165	79,208	78,957	81,357	80,276	84,410	90,070	96,796
		0	Ш	s									
	Sewer	User	evenues	173,977	169,730	173,058	178,933	185,142	180,593	181,281	181,862	187,433	195,379
			Æ	S									
		Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

¹Includes sewer connection fees.

 $^2\mbox{Excludes}$ grants, depreciation, interest expense and amortization.

³Pledged revenues defined by BOS Resolution 2010-50.

⁴Sewer revenue debt rate covenants require minimum coverage of 120%.

⁵Debt service requirements include principal and interest payable during the Bond Fiscal Year. Per the bond resolution, Bond Fiscal Year is defined as 7/2/20XX to 7/1/20XX.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Transportation Revenue Bonds - Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Coverage	Ratio	0.92	0.97	1.09	1.20	1.57	0.31	(1.00)	(4.83)	(4.01)	2.38
		nterest	4,711	4,146	3,598	3,354	3,686	3,016	2,856	2,265	2,012	1,742
	ervice ¹	II	↔									
	Debt Service ¹	rincipal	13,210	14,585	15,105	14,820	14,405	12,755	13,465	9,025	9,280	6,505
		Pı	↔									
	Available	Net Revenue	16,444	18,178	20,437	21,803	28,441	4,854	(16,265)	(54,484)	(45,256)	19,617
	Av	Net	↔									
Less:	Operating	Expense	39,022	39,798	40,780	41,801	39,925	63,234	89,673	130,298	122,448	60,406
	0	Ш	↔									
	nsportation	evenue	55,466	57,976	61,217	63,604	998,366	68,088	73,408	75,814	77,192	80,023
	Tran	R	↔									
	Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

Notes:

Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements, pages 65-74.

Operating expenditures do not include interest, depreciation or amortization.

Source:

¹Debt Service requirements include principal and interest payable in the 12 months following each fiscal year.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Historic Pledged Revenue Collections (dollar amounts in thousands)

	Ε.	FY 16-17	FY 1	17-18	FY 1	FY 18-19	FY	FY 19-20	ĹΤ	FY 20-21	щ	FY 21-22	FY	FY 22-23	Ŀ	FY 23-24
County Excise Revenues	S	17,813	8	17,296	S	16,922	\$	20,220	\$	23,392	\$	20,802	\$	17,847	S	20,052
Gross State Shared Sales Tax Revenues (a)		111,443		115,777		127,899		131,541		151,796		169,855		181,581		184,320
Less: ALTCS contribution (b)		(41,862)		(43,631)		(43,333)		(46,805)		(47,416)		(44,073)		(54,351)		(56,397)
Less: AHCCCS contribution (c)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)		(14,952)
Net State Shared Sales Tax Revenue (d)		54,629		57,194		69,614		69,784		89,428		110,830		112,278		112,971
Vehicle License Tax Revenues (d)		27,761		28,933		30,282		30,747		35,296		33,484		34,624		35,192
PILT revenues		3,680		3,682		3,615		3,795		3,788		3,874		4,120		4,397
Total Pledged Revenues	S	103,883	\$	107,105	\$	120,433	\$	124,546	S	151,904	s	168,990	\$	168,869	\$	172,612

Notes:

Source:

⁽a) Does not include amounts allocated from the Education Tax described under "State Shared Revenues" above.

⁽b) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, the Treasurer of the State withholds an amount of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues sufficient to meet the County's portion of the nonfederal costs of providing the long-term care system in the State ("ALTCS") from moneys otherwise payable to the County in accordance with the State's distribution of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues. The County's contribution is based on a fixed State formula. In the event that the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues withheld from the County by the Treasurer of the State are insufficient to meet the funding requirement of ALTCS, the Treasurer of the State may withhold any other moneys payable to the County from any available State funding source.

⁽e) Pursuant to Section 11-292, Arizona Revised Statutes, the Treasurer of the State withholds an amount of the State Shared Sales Tax Revenues determined by statutory formula for the administrative costs of implementing certain provisions of the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System ("AHCCCS"). If the County does not make required contributions to the AHCCCS fund, which is used to offset certain indigent and related health care costs, the Treasurer of the State may withhold any amounts owed, plus interest retroactive to the first date the funding was due, from the County's State Shared Sales Tax Revenues.

⁽d) The distribution of State Shared Sales Tax Revenues and Vehicle License Tax Revenues is subject to change by the State Legislature, and the distribution of PILT Revenues is subject to change by the federal government.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Lease, Lease-Purchase, Installment Note Payable and Purchase Agreements
Scheduled Payments
(dollar amounts in thousands)

FY 24-25		\$ 107			\$ 107
-24	! 	140			140
FY 23-24		\$ 140			\$ 140
FY 22-23	Ī	137			\$ 137
					÷
21-22	\$ 45	133			3 178
FY	\$				s
20-21	\$ 57	130			187
FY	s	⇔			÷
19-20	\$ 55			267	622
FY	s >				÷
18-19	\$ 38			1,565	3 1,603
FY	s >				÷
17-18	\$ 51			3,289	3,340
FY	\$				se
16-17	73		160	2,722	\$ 2,955
FY]	ss				s
FY 15-16 FY 16-17	96		160	3,625	3,881
FY	s				÷
Function/Department	Clerk of Superior Court - Equipment	Superior Court - Equipment Jail ¹	Sheriff - Equipment Solid Waste - Equipment	County Administration - Culture & Recreation	

1 Funds derived from a sale/leaseback of the County's Adult Corrections Facility provided funding for construction of Kino Veteran's Memorial Sportspark & Tucson Electric Park Stadium.

Exhibit D - 19

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands)

Ratio of Debt Service Fiscal Total Debt Total General To General Year Principal Service Expenditures* Expenditures Interest 2014-15 \$ 81,705.0 \$ 26,424.0 \$ 108,129.0 803,590.0 13.5% 2015-16 83,765 25,515 109,280 807,174 13.5% 94,695 23,354 118,049 832,971 2016-17 14.2% 2017-18 96,005 20,133 116,138 829,054 14.0% 2018-19 128,350 18,674 147,024 879,370 16.7% 2019-20 17,620 106,985 898,055 11.9% 89,365 2020-21 102,505 16,504 119,009 1,066,126 11.2% 2021-22 89,575 18,628 108,203 1,317,633 8.2% 2022-23 81,720 18,425 100,145 1,179,061 8.5% 2023-24 83,430 19,428 102,858 1,120,369 9.2%

Source:

^{*}Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, while excluding Capital Projects Fund.

STATISTICAL SECTION

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION:

The dual objectives of the demographic and economic information are to assist users in understanding certain aspects of the environment in which a government operates and to provide information that facilitates the comparisons of financial statement data over time and across governments.

Information of this type can help readers assess a government's condition by providing information about community expansion, average age increases or decreases and changes in personal income and unemployment. This type of data is important to readers in assessing economic condition.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

			Per Capita	
Calendar		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate
2015	1,022,079	39,106,000	38,261	5.6%
2016	1,016,743	40,359,300	39,695	5.0%
2017	1,025,044	41,349,550	40,339	4.5%
2018	1,033,781	43,223,000	41,811	4.3%
2019	1,042,475	46,497,700	44,603	4.7%
2020	1,050,906	49,961,000	47,541	8.0%
2021	1,059,218	55,047,000	51,969	6.9%
2022	1,067,441	55,396,200	51,896	3.5%
2023	1,079,998	59,539,400	55,129	3.5%
2024	1,087,948	63,810,800	58,652	3.3%

Sources:

Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment & Population Statistics UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Bureau of Labor Statistics

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Percent of Total County	Employment 3.2%	2.3%	1.4%	1.3%	1.5%	1.5%	1.3%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%				15.0%	500,018
2019	Rank	1	2	5	7	3	4	9	10	6	∞					
	Employees	16,217	11,295	6,872	6,499	7,697	7,211	6,654	3,987	4,093	4,414				74,939	
	Percent of Total County	Employment 2.6%	2.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	2.4%	1.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%				15.8%	481,835
2018	Rank	1	3	5	9	7	2	4	10	6	~					
	Employees	12,531	11,471	6,879	6,476	5,921	11,769	8,585	4,051	4,093	4,341				76,117	
	Percent of Total County	Employment 2.3%	2.2%	1.6%		1.3%	1.9%	1.8%			1.6%	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%	16.4%	477,017
2017	Rank	1	2	5		6	3	4			9	7	«	10		
	Employees	10,846	10,300	7,688		6,076	9,100	8,807			7,450	6,500	6,099	5,463	78,329	
	Percent of Total County	Employment 2.4%	2.1%	1.4%	1.3%	1.5%	1.8%	1.8%			1.2%	1.2%		1.2%	16.0%	467,438
2016	Rank	1	2	9	7	5	4	3			10	∞		6		
	Employees	11,251	009,6	6,770	6,272	7,023	8,406	8,580			5,500	5,739		5,530	74,671	
	Percent of Total County	Employment 2.4%	2.1%	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%	1.8%	1.8%			1.2%	1.4%		1.2%	16.3%	467,438
2015	Rank	1	2	5	7	9	4	3			10	∞		6		
	Employees Rank	11,235	009'6	7,134	6,542	7,023	8,335	8,524			5,400	6,470		5,800	76,063	
	Ē	University of Arizona	Raytheon	Tucson Unified School District	Banner Healthcare - UMC	Pima County Government	Davis-Monthan AFB	State of Arizona	Tucson Medical Center	City of Tucson	Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	U.S. Customs & Border Protection	UA Healthcare Network	Freeport-McMoran Inc	Total	Total Work Force

Sources:

The University of Arizona Interactive Fact Book and University Analytics & Institutional Research (UAIR)
Pima Association of Governments (PAG) - 2024
UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(continued)		2020			2021			2022			2023			2024	
	Employees Rank	Rank	Percent of Total County	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County	Employees		Percent of Total County	Employees		Percent of Total County	Employees	Rank	Percent of Total County
Employer			Employment			Employment			Employment			Employment			Employment
University of Arizona	12,517	2	2.5%	12,517	2	2.5%	14,160	1	2.9%	16,407	-	3.3%	19,866	-	4.0%
Raytheon	12,606	-	2.6%	13,305	_	2.7%	13,201	2	2.7%	13,381	2	2.7%	14,039	2	2.8%
Tucson Unified School District	6,872	9	1.4%	6,532	9	1.3%	7,703	4	1.6%	8,125	3	1.6%	8,125	3	1.6%
Banner Healthcare - UMC	7,500	3	1.5%	7,703	3	1.5%	7,831	3	1.6%	7,691	4	1.6%	7,964	4	1.6%
Pima County Government	6,937	2	1.4%	7,412	2	1.5%	7,412	2	1.5%	7,295	5	1.5%	7,295	2	1.5%
Davis-Monthan AFB	7,211	4	1.5%	7,648	4	1.5%	6,532	9	1.4%	6,157	7	1.2%	6,157	9	1.2%
State of Arizona	6,538	7	1.3%	4,817	7	1.0%	5,488	7	1.1%	5,609	∞	1.1%	5,526	7	1.1%
Tucson Medical Center	4,482	6	%6:0	4,453	6	%6.0	4,530	6	%6.0	6,724	9	1.4%	5,278	∞	1.1%
City of Tucson	4,025	10	%8:0	4,356	10	%6.0	4,453	10	%6.0	4,624	6	%6.0	4,916	6	1.0%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	4,564	∞	%6:0	4,773	∞	1.0%	4,676	∞	1.0%	4,337	10	0.9%	4,301	10	%6:0
U.S. Customs & Border Protection															
UA Healthcare Network															
Freeport-McMoran Inc.															
Total	73,252	11	14.8%	73,516		14.8%	75,986		15.7%	80,350		16.2%	83,467		16.7%
Total County Work Force			494,119			497,659			483,045			495,789			500,578

Sources:

The University of Arizona Interactive Fact Book and University Analytics & Institutional Research (UAIR)
Pima Association of Governments (PAG) - 2024

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Population and Employment Last Ten Calendar Years

		Financial	Activities	17,600	19,600	17,600	17,700	18,300	16,900	18,000	18,400	19,700	18,600
		Transportation		l I		59,300	61,100	59,300	62,600	68,000	70,200	69,000	70,700
EMPLOYMENT			Manufacturing	22,600	23,500	23,600	24,600	26,300	27,200	27,500	28,300	29,000	28,900
			Construction	14,600	14,300	14,900	16,700	17,500	18,000	18,400	18,000	19,700	20,900
			Mining	2,300	2,200	1,600	1,700	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,800	2,100	2,600
	Total	Unemployment	Rate	2.6%		4.6%						(,,	
	Civilian	Labor	Force	467,438	476,578	477,017	481,835	496,584	501,343	498,822	486,565	496,484	499,222
			Population	1,022,079	1,016,743	1,025,044	1,033,781	1,042,475	1,050,906	1,059,218	1,067,441	1,079,998	1,087,948
			Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

Votes.

All Employment data presented is not seasonally adjusted. Labor Force, Unemployment and Sector Employment for 2024 represent the average through July.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Office of Economic Opportunity (for population data only)

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Transportation and Real Estate Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Sales Volume		l								7,614,742	5,534,300
Real Estate	Units	Sold	13,692	13,795	15,172	15,416	15,468	15,582	17,856	16,956	12,394	13,625
	Residential	Bldg. Permits	3,250	2,428	2,466	4,495	4,404	4,313	4,958	6,075	5,714	5,255
	Riders	Per Mile	2.06	1.84	1.71	1.55	1.73	1.50	1.38	1.73	1.99	2.16
ıtion	Bus									13,042,145		
Transportation	No. of Air	Passengers	3,181,901	3,228,389	3,413,451	3,551,159	3,783,535	2,283,777	2,257,581	3,317,494	3,653,233	3,869,422
	Aircraft	Movements	141,422	139,555	132,867	131,169	131,416	122,631	140,182	137,373	155,654	129,316 3,869,422
	Fiscal	Year	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024

Note:

Tucson International Airport follows the Federal fiscal calendar.

Beginning with calendar year 2020, Tucson Association of Realtors report the Sales Volume under Median Sales Prices. Prior to fiscal year 2020, the sales volume was based on monthly actual sales data.

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management

Tucson Airport Authority

Pima Association of Governments

Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc.

Economic Indicators by Calendar Year Last Ten Years

(dollar amounts in thousands)

Fiscal		Retail	No. of Dwelling Units	Change in Real Estate	Cor	nmercial Bank
Year	_	Sales	Awarded ²	Sales Volume		Deposits
2015	\$	12,555,553	3,250	7%	\$	13,760,260
2016		8,443,626	2,428	14%		14,654,142
2017		8,558,572	2,466	5%		15,226,977
2018		8,851,127	4,495	9%		15,716,917
2019		9,319,711	4,404	5%		15,573,516
2020		9,826,576	4,313	5%		18,684,759
2021		10,176,236	4,958	30%		20,558,194
2022		11,961,070	6,075	16%		22,954,811
2023		12,539,187	5,714	19%		20,394,339
2024		12,919,955	5,255	-27%		19,192,934

Notes:

Sources:

UA Economic and Business Research Center, Eller College of Management Tucson Association of Realtors, Multiple Listing Service, Inc. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

¹Prior to FY 2016, Retail Sales statistics were calculated in the aggregate, which included total taxable sales from the following categories: Retail, Restaurant & Bar, Food and Gasoline. As of FY 2016, only retail sales (not including food and fuel) are shown.

² Beginning with calendar year 2011, the number of dwelling units awarded includes both single family and multiple family unit structures combined.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Population Statistics June 30, 2024

ESTIMATED POPULATION BY AGE

Age Group	Population
0-4	52,333
5-9	58,821
10-14	62,783
15-19	75,866
20-24	92,396
25-29	75,754
30-34	63,974
35-39	61,844
40-44	64,804
45-49	58,972
50-54	58,919
55-59	58,115
60-64	66,155
65-69	67,600
70-74	61,503
75+	108,109
Total	1,087,948

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

Year	Projected Population
2025	1,095,834
2030	1,129,414
2040	1,195,070
2050	1,249,828

Source:

Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment & Population Statistics

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Average Annual Jail Population Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit D - 26

Fiscal	Average Jail
Year	Population
2015	1,863
2016	1,862
2017	1,863
2018	1,868
2019	1,853
2020	1,781
2021	1,531
2022	1,681
2023	1,776
2024	1,731

Source:

Pima County Sheriff's Department, Corrections Bureau

STATISTICAL SECTION

OPERATING INFORMATION:

The objective of the operating information is to provide contextual information about a government's operations and resources to assist users in using financial information to understand and assess a government's economic condition. Two types of information are considered important:

- 1. Basic information about infrastructure assets, utilities, and public works; in essence, the capital resources at the government's disposal. Examples include miles of streets and sewers and wastewater treatment volume.
- 2. Descriptive service information, which would help to evaluate the size of the government. This would include types of services, the related demand and volume, and the non-financial resources employed to provide the services.

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

; ;	1,00	7,00	1,00	0,00	0,00				6000	7000
Function/Program	2012	7010	7107	2018	<u>7019</u>	0707	7071	7707	2023	7074
Governmental activities:										
General government	2,832	2,753	3,164	3,011	3,213	2,931	3,086	3,213	4,093	5,333
Public safety	1,387	1,418	1,431	1,335	1,443	1,400	1,410	1,464	1,784	2,042
Highways and streets	248	253	262	229	214	175	177	271	217	223
Sanitation	33	32	35	35	44	35	35	35	53	69
Health	282	322	237	223	225	235	346	245	509	444
Welfare	7	6	22	15	17	22	24	22		37
Culture and recreation	434	453	526	447	493	458	486	536	823	968
Education and economic opportunity	111	116	136	130	139	141	134	138	33	193
Total governmental activities	5,334	5,356	5,813	5,425	5,788	5,397	5,698	5,924	7,512	9,237
Business-type activities:	201	704		23	227		200	, L	900	673
negional wastewater neclamation	790	00+	† [50	t 	2/2	120	//	100	200
Development Services	90	75	/0	28	1	‡	31	99	0/	90
Parking Garages	S	4	4	5	3	3	7	4	9	7
Total business-type activities	448	462	545	496	502	419	455	549	564	629
Total	5,782	5,818	6,358	5,921	6,290	5,816	6,153	6,473	8,076	9,896

Exhibit D - 28

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA Operating Indicators by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024		12,821 11,894 9,712 9,847 12,804 11,818	4,551 3,971 3,481 2,888 3,432 2,884 24,316 19,50 17,659 15,068 16,720	23,921 21,140 17,956 20,158
2017 2018		16,134 15,944	7,508 7,468	
$\frac{2016}{}$		21,627	9,026	33,881
2015		21,233	8,743	39,399
	Program:	Sheriff Physical arrests Traffic violations/citations	Criminal	Total violations/citations

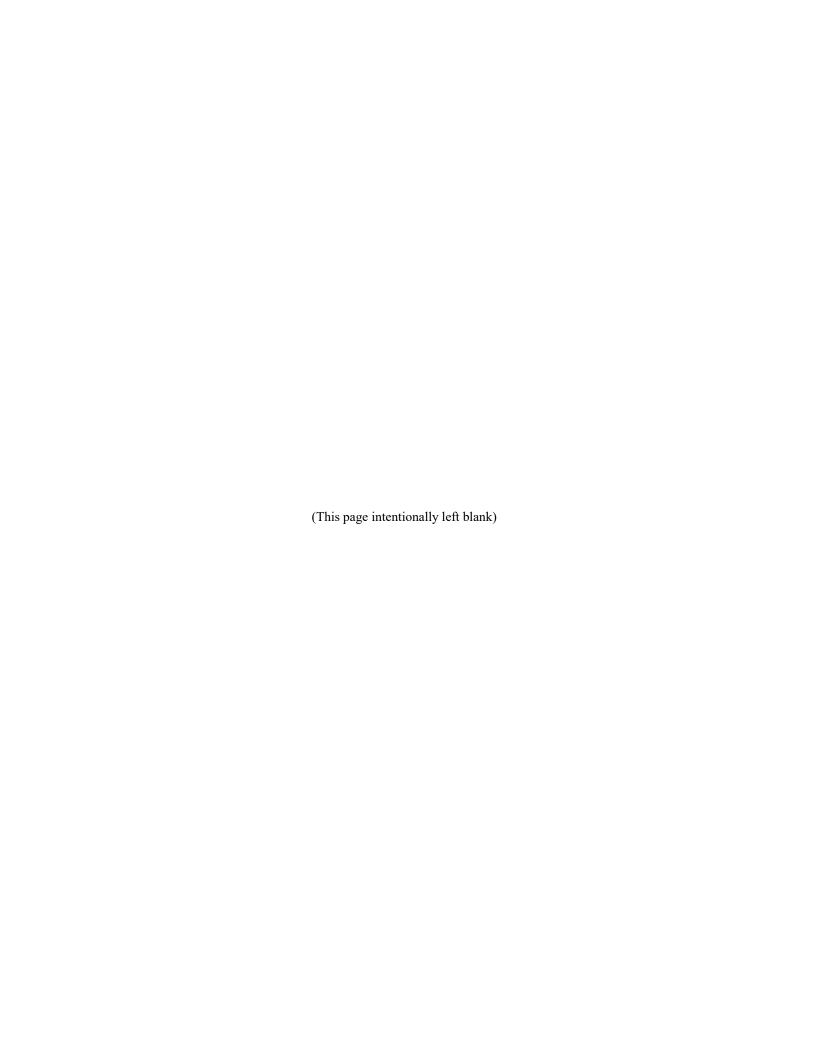
Notes:

¹MGD: Millions of Gallons per Day.

²Prior to fiscal year 2019, the permit tracking system grouped multiple fields on one long-term permit for each league/organization team. New system creates a permit for each field. ³Volumes include physical and digital copies.

Capital Assets & Infrastructure by Program Last Ten Fiscal Years PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

¹Annexation by other jurisdictions resulted in a decrease of Transportation (Streets and Highways). ²Regional Flood Control District maintained acreage only. ³MMMGD: Millions of Gallons per Day.





Board of Supervisors

Adelita S. Grijalva, *Chair*, District 5 Rex Scott, *Vice Chair*, District 1 Dr. Matt Heinz, District 2 Dr. Sylvia M. Lee, District 3 Steve Christy, District 4

Pima County Administrator

Jan Lesher